Sardar Vallabhbhai National Institute of Technology

Teaching Scheme and Syllabus

for

Bachelor of Technology

in

Civil Engineering

3rd Year (5th and 6th Semester) Approved in DAAC dated 26.11.2024



Department of Civil Engineering

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3	0	2	4

Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Evaluate steel as building material, and composition of steel
CO2	Illustrate IS Codes, different loads and combination of loads, design philosophy
CO3	Analyse design philosophy for creating steel structure members (Design of tension, compression, flexure members), connections etc.
CO4	Apply knowledge for design of various structural members.
CO5	Analyse and design of various industrial structures

Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION

Introduction, Iron and steel in India, Chemical composition of steel, Mechanical properties of steel, Residual stresses, Stress concentration, High-performance steel, Advantages of steel as a structural material, Role and responsibilities of a designer, Structural systems, Analysis and design, Codes and specifications.

DESIGN PHILOSOPHY, LOADING & LOAD COMBINATIONS

Design Philosophies, Limit State Method, Failure criteria for steel, Introduction to loading, Characteristic actions, Dead loads, Imposed loads, Temperature effects, Hydrostatic and soil pressure, Erection loads, Accidental loads, Wind loads, Other pattern loading.

• CONNECTIONS

Introduction to connections, Design of Bolted Connections, Design of Welded Connections.

• DESIGN OF TENSION MEMBERS

Introduction to Tension members- Types, Behaviour, Slenderness Ratio, Modes of failure, Design of Tension member.

• DESIGN OF COMPRESSION MEMBERS

Introduction to Compression members- Possible failure modes, Behaviour, Effective length, Types of section, Design of axially loaded compression members.

• DESIGN OF BEAM

Introduction- Types of sections, Lateral Stability of Beams, Effective length of beams, Buckling Behaviour of beam, Bending and shear strength of beams, Web crippling, Design procedure of Rolled Beams

• DESIGN OF COLUMN BASES AND CAPS

Introduction- Types of Column Bases-Slab Base-Gusset Base, Design of Moment-Resistant Base Plate, Foundation Bolts

(Total Lectures: 45 hours, Practical: 30 hours)

(08 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(03 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

Practicals

- 1.Design of Office/Residential steel multi-storeyed building
- 2.Design of Industrial roof with entire necessary infrastructure

Books Recommended

- 1. N Subramanian, Steel Structure Design Practice, Oxford Press, Oxford, 2013.
- 2. SK Duggal, Design of Steel Structure. 3rd Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publication, New Delhi, 2007.
- 3. P Dayaratnam, Design of Steel Structures, S. Chand and Company, Delhi, 2003.
- 4. S.S. Bhavikatti, Design of Steel Structures, I K International Publishing House, Delhi, 2009
- 5. V.L. Shah and S.R. Karve, Limit state Design of Steel Structures, Structures Publications, Pune, 2019

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	1	1	2	3	2	1	1	1	1
CO2	3	2	2	1	1	2	2	3	1	1	1	1
CO3	2	3	3	1	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	1	3	3	1	3	1	3	1	3	1	1	1
CO5	2	2	3	1	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	1	2	2	
CO2	2	2	2	
CO3	3	3	2	
CO4	3	3	2	
CO5	1	3	1	
0-Not re	elated	1-Low	2-Moderate	3-High

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyze displacements and internal forces of statically indeterminate beams by classical,
	iterative and matrix methods
CO2	Analyze Axial force, Shear force and Bending moment in frames subjected to lateral loads
	using approximate methods
CO3	Analyze internal forces and reactions for two hinged and three hinged arches
CO4	Analyze steel structure using Plastic design concept
CO5	Determine internal forces and reactions in indeterminate beams subjected to moving Loads using influence lines.

2. Syllabus

- ANALYSIS OF INDETERMINATE BEAMS Concept of fixed and propped cantilever beams
- ANALYSIS OF INDETETERMINATE STRUCTURES WITH DISPLACEMENT BASED METHODS (12 Hours)

Slope Deflection Method – Moment Distribution method for continuous beam and rigid frame with and without support settlement; with and without sidesway

- ANALYSIS OF THREE AND TWO HINGED ARCHES (08 Hours) Parabolic and Circular Arch with Support at same and different level - Influence line of Arches
- APPROXIMATE METHODS OF ANALYSIS (03 Hours) Cantilever Method and Portal Method
- MATRIX METHOD OF ANALYSIS
 (08 Hours)
 Introduction to force and displacement method of analysis-stiffness method of analysis using direct
 element approach
- PLASTIC ANALYSIS OF STRUCUTRE (05 Hours) Plastic hinge concept. Shape factor-Static and kinematic method for beams and frames with portal and sway mechanism
- ANALYSIS FOR MOVING LOADS FOR INDETERMINATE BEAMS (04 Hours) Construction of influence line for beams, Application of Mueller Breslau Principle

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. <u>Tutorials</u>

The students will be required to solve at least five examples related to theories from each topic as part of their assignment or tutorial. This will help to solve real-life problems and hands on practice for analysis of civil engineering structures.

(Total Tutorials: 15 hours)

4. Practical

- 1. Introduction to computer aided analysis and overview of STAAD-Pro. Connect edition
- 2. Features of STAAD-Pro Connect edition, axis (local and global) and sign conventions, steps for static analysis
- 3. Analysis of cantilever, simply supported and overhang beam
- 4. Analysis of fixed and propped cantilever beams



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(05 Hours)
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- 5. Analysis of continuous beams
- 6. Analysis of continuous beams with varying stiffness along length and
- 7. subjected to support rotation and settlement
- 8. Analysis of portal Frames
- 9. Analysis of portal Frames with varying stiffness along length and
- 10. Subjected to support rotation and settlement
- 11. Analysis of plane (2D) truss (Determinate and Indeterminate)
- 12. Analysis of space (3D) truss
- 13. Analysis of 3 hinged and 2 hinged arches with various boundary conditions
- 14. Analysis of beams subjected to moving loads
- 15. Design of steel beam, truss and column as per Indian codes

5. Books Recommended

- 1. C S Reddy, Basic Structural Analysis, 3rd Edison, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi, 2017.
- 2. R C Hibbler, Structural Analysis, 11th Edison Pearson, New Delhi, 2023.
- 3. A S Meghere and S K Deshmukh, Matrix method of Structural Analysis, Charotar Publishing House, Anand, 2020.
- 4. S S Bhavikatti, Structural Analysis- II, 5th Edison, Vikas Publishing, Noida, 2021.
- 5. Aslam Kassimali, Structural Analysis, 5th Edison Cengage Publications, Delhi, 2015.

5. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	-	2	3	-	2	-	3	1	2	3
CO2	3	3	-	3	3	-	1	-	3	1	2	3
CO3	3	3	-	2	3	-	2	-	2	1	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	-	3	-	2	1	2	2
CO5	3	3	-	1	3	-	1	-	2	1	2	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2
CO2	3	1	2
CO3	3	2	2
CO4	3	2	2
CO5	3	2	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	0	4

Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Describe the concept of transportation systems and the challenges involved
	therein
CO2	Comprehend the basic principles of highway geometric design in the context of
	transportation engineering and planning
CO3	Comprehend the basics of various transportation structure including Docks and
	Harbours.
CO4	Apply design criteria for the geometric design of different roadway elements.
CO5	Apply planning and design of airports and railway track elements design.

Syllabus

• UNIT 1: Introduction to Transport Systems

Introduction to the transportation systems, the role of transportation systems in development of the societies, issues and challenges faced by different transportation systems, Opportunities for transportation specialists in the transportation sector, the historical developments and the current state of the modes.

• UNIT 2: Framework for Design of Transport Facilities (04 HOURS) Broad steps and framework involved in the design of transport facilities. Available guidelines from Ministry of Housing and urban affairs (MoHUA), Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MoRTH) and Indian Roads Congress (IRC), Case Studies

• UNIT 3: Basics of Highway and Geometric Design

Highway cross section elements, sight distance characteristics of highways, numerical problems, design of horizontal alignment- super elevation, transition curves, extra widening, numerical problems, design of vertical alignment-grades and grade compensation, types of vertical curves and design numerical problems, highway drainage.

• UNIT 4: Design concept of Pavements

Types of Pavements, Basic characteristics of materials used in pavements, Variables considered in pavement design, Classification of axle types, standard and legal axle loads, tyre pressure, contact pressure, ESWL, EWLF and EAL concepts, Traffic analysis: ADT, AADT, truck factor, growth factor, lane distribution factor, directional distribution factor and vehicle damage factor. Design concept of flexible and rigid pavements. Layered system concepts; Stresses in Rigid Pavement. Basic introduction of IRC codes and practice.

• UNIT 5: Basics of Railway Track Engineering and Design (06 HOURS) Railway track gauge, alignment and surveys, stresses in tracks, rails, sleepers and ballast, subgrade and formation, track fittings and fastenings, creep of rail and geometric design of track.

(03 HOURS)

(**08 HOURS**)

(08 HOURS)

• UNIT 6: Basics of Airport Engineering and design

Aircraft characteristics related to airport design, Airport classification, runway orientation: wind rose diagram, runway length, runway system spacing, taxiways and aprons.

• UNIT 7: Transportation Structures

Types – Culverts, Bridge, fly-overs, tunnels, components, classification, requirements, site selection, alignment, bridge sub structure, Bridge Super Structure – Super structure elements, bridge flooring, slab bridges and girder bridges, bridge bearings, joints in bridges, piers, abutments, wing walls and approaches.

• UNIT 8: Docks and Harbours

Harbours and Ports: Classification of ports, requirements of a good port, classification of harbour, harbor planning, requirements of harbour, Docks and Spillways - Introduction, advantages of docks, moles, shape of docks and basins, dock entrance, entrance docks, quays, jetties and wharves, tide, wind and wave, dry dock, types of breakwaters.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours, Tutorials: 14 hours)

1. Books Recommended

- 1. J.H. Banks, Introduction to Transportation Engineering, McGraw-Hill, New York.
- 2. C.S. Papacostas and P.D. Prevedouros, Transportation Engineering and Planning, 3rd Ed., Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 3. Fred L. Mannering, Scott S.Washburn and Walter P.Kilareski; Principles of Highway Engineering and Traffic Analysis, Wiley India.
- 4. S. K. Khanna., C. E. G. Justo and A. Veeraragavan; Highway Engineering- Nem Chand Bros, India.
- 5. Satish Chandra, M.M.Agarwal; Railway Engineering, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, India.
- 6. Norman J. Ashford, Saleh Mumayiz, Paul H. Wright; Airport Engineering: Planning, Design and Development of 21st Century Airports, Wiley, New Jersey, USA
- 7. Robert Horonjeff, Francis X. McKelvey, William J. Sproule, Seth B. Young; Planning and Design of Airports, McGraw-Hill Companies, New York, USA.
- 8. S P Bindra, Bridge Engineering, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi, 2012.
- 9. R. Srinivasan Harbour Dock and Tunnel Engineering, Charotar Publishing, 2016.

CODES

- 1. **IRC: 37-2018***Guidelines for the Design of Flexible Pavements*, The Indian Roads Congress, New Delhi, India, 2018.
- **2.** IRC:58-2015*Guidelines for the Design of Plain Jointed Rigid Pavements for Highways*, The Indian Roads Congress, New Delhi, India, 2015.

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	0	0	0	0
CO2	2	0	0	0	1	1	3	1	0	1	1	0
CO3	3	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	1	0
CO4	3	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	1	0
CO5	3	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	1	0

(06 HOURS)

(04 HOURS)

(06 HOURS)

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2	1
CO2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	1
CO4	3	2	1
CO5	1	1	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CORE ELECTIVE/ ELECTIVE 3 5th Semester- 3rd Year UG

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At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the theories and techniques of heavy foundation construction.
CO2	Apply modern techniques for special construction.
CO3	Implement prefabricated construction technologies.
CO4	Design and apply advanced formwork and scaffolding systems.
CO5	Execute tunnelling, steel and bridge construction projects using appropriate methods and tools.

7. <u>Syllabus</u>

• CONSTRUCTION OF HEAVY FOUNDATIONS

Fundamental theories of heavy foundations, deep foundation theories, design concepts of deep foundation, types of heavy foundations, pile foundation, modern piling technology, pile driving machineries, sheet piling, well and caisson, cofferdams and raft foundation, techniques of box jacking, pipe jacking, under water construction of diaphragm walls and basement, construction techniques of heavy foundation, safety during construction of heavy foundation, resource planning for heavy foundation construction.

• SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION

Special concrete like high performance, self-compacting etc., construction procedure of modern construction techniques of box pushing technology, advanced types of retaining walls, diaphragm walls, dewatering techniques and design of dewatering system, surface finishing materials techniques and advanced curing technologies.

• PREFABRICATED CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES

Planning for pre-casting, selection of equipment for fabrication, transport and erection, quality measures, safety measures during erection, different techniques of pre-tensioning and post-tensioning. concepts of rebar detailing software, 3D modelling, reinforced concrete-based technologies, precast concrete technology, monolithic concrete structure with aluminium formwork, structural steel-based technologies, pre-engineered building (PEB) technology, light gauge steel frame structure (LGSF) technology, expanded polystyrene (EPS) technology, other technologies-glass fibre reinforced gypsum (GFRG) technology, wood house technology, polypropylene honeycomb panels technology, polyurethane foam (PUF) panel technology, automated fabrication at site.

• FORMWORK

Requirement of formwork, loads carried by formwork, types of formworks such as timber formwork, steel formwork, patent formwork, modular shuttering, slip forms and other moving forms, steel scaffolding. shoring, reshoring and back shoring in multi-storeyed building construction.

(08 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(05 Hours)

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• TUNNELLING

Tunnelling methods: types and purpose of tunnels; factors affecting choice of excavation technique; methods – soft ground tunnelling, hard rock tunnelling, shallow tunnelling, deep tunnelling; shallow tunnels – cut and cover, cover and cut, pipe jacking, jacked box excavation techniques, methods of muck disposal, supporting, problems encountered in tunnelling and remedial measures, tunnelling by drilling and blasting: drilling – drilling principles, drilling equipment, drilling tools, drill selection; blasting – explosives, initiators; types of cuts- fan, wedge and others; mucking and transportation equipment selection; NATM, TBM.

• STEEL CONSTRUCTION

Planning for field operations, selection of equipment and erection tools, tools and methods of welding, tools and methods of cutting and joining, bridge erection: transportation of girders, quality measures, safety measures during fabrication and erection, bar bending schedules and bar cutting & bending machines.

• BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

Components of bridge, types of bridge, bridge construction including segmental construction, incremental construction and push launching techniques, box pushing method, top to bottom construction.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

8. Books Recommended

- 1. R E Smith, Prefab Architecture: A Guide to Modular Design and Construction, John Wiley and Sons, Hoboken, 2010.
- 2. R Chudley and R Greeno, Advanced Construction Technology, Pearson Education, Harlow, 2006.
- 3. G Beer, Technology Innovation in Underground Construction, CRC Press, London, 2009.
- 4. R L Peurifoy and G D Oberlender, Formwork for Concrete Structures, McGraw-Hill Professional, 4th Edition, 2010.
- 5. J O Bickel, T R Kuesel and E H King, Tunnel Engineering Handbook, Springer, 2011.
- 6. W Chen and L Duan, Bridge Engineering Handbook, CRC Press, 1999.

9. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	1	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	1	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

10. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3
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-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

(08 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(05 Hours)

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Explain solid and hazardous waste management issues and its legal aspects.
CO2	Characterize and quantify solid and hazardous waste.
CO3	Analyse collection, transportation and processing of waste management system.
CO4	Design disposal and treatment facility for solid and Hazardous waste
CO5	Develop waste management facility for bio medical, plastic, E-waste etc.

2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION

Solid waste sources – Nature and characteristics – Quantities and Qualities – Generation rates – Potential of disease – Nuisance and other problems.

• COLLECTION AND STORAGE

Solid waste management – Functional elements of solid waste–on–site storage –Collection and separation – Containers and its location – Collection systems and its example – physical, chemical and microbiological characteristics of waste – Vehicle routing – Route balance – Transfer station – Processing – Recovery and reuse.

• PROCESSING OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE

Conveying and compacting waste – Shredding – Types of shredders – Shredders Design–Material separation – Types – Devices for material separation – Thermal processing of municipal solid waste – incinerator and pyrolysis – Refuse Drived fuel – Biological process like composting , vermi composting and biomethanation

• DISPOSAL

Disposal methods – Sanitary land filling – Planning – Site selection – Design – Landfill Process – Monitoring Closure – Post closure monitoring – Other methods like incineration, pyrolysis, and composting, biological digestion.

• HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

Introduction to hazardous waste – Definition – Characterization and composition – TCLP test – Storage and transportation of hazardous waste – Labeling of hazardous waste – Physical, Chemical and Biological treatment of hazardous waste – Bioremediation of hazardous waste – Treatment of Bio medical – Nuclear waste and Radio – Active waste – Fly ash management and E-waste management

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

(05 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(**10 Hours**) dfill Proce

(10 Hours)

- 1. G Tchobanoglous and F Kreith, Handbook of Solid Waste Management, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2002.
- 2. H S Peavy and G Tchobanoglous, Environmental Engineering, McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. CPHEEO, Manual on Municipal Solid waste management, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organisation, Government of India, New Delhi, 2016.
- 4. R J Watts, Hazardous Wastes Sources, Pathways, Receptors, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 2008.
- 5. J Pichtel, Waste Management Practices, CRC Press, New York, 2005.

4. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	3	3	1	3	2	2	2	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	3	3	1	3	2	2	2	3	3	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	2
CO2	2	3	1
CO3	2	3	3
CO4	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	3

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Τ	Р	С
3	1	0	4

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Classify the various soil exploration and stabilization methods
CO2	Analyze the slope stability and lateral earth pressure
CO3	Evaluate the load carrying capacity and settlement of shallow foundation
CO4	Analyse the soil condition and design retaining wall & foundation system
CO5	Evaluate the load carrying capacity of pile foundation

2. Syllabus

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

Sub soil exploration by Geo Physical methods – Seismic method, Electrical resistivity method - Borelog sheet- Sub soil Investigation report.

LATERAL EARTH PRESSURE

Definition - Active - Passive and Earth pressure at rest conditions, Rankine's theory for cohesionless and cohesive soil - Lateral Earth Pressure Due to Surcharge, Inclined backfill - Coulomb's theories of earth pressure - Graphical Method

RETAINING SYSTEM

Types of retaining systems. Retaining wall: Types of Retaining Walls, Application of Lateral Earth Pressure Theories to Design and Stability of Retaining Walls, Sheet-Pile Walls: Cantilever Sheet-Pile Walls in sand, clay and layered soil, Anchored Sheet-Pile Walls, Free Earth Support Method for Penetration of Sandy and Clayey Soil, Holding Capacity of Anchor Plates in Sand and Clay

STABILITY OF SLOPE

Types of slope failures-Different factors of safety-Infinite slope - Finite slope -Wedge failure-- Analysis of Finite Slopes with Plane Failure Surfaces and with Circular Failure Surfaces - Bishop's Simplified Method of Slices - Taylors stability number- Swedish method-Applications to design of earth dam, choice of shear parameters - Total and effective stress analysis - Slope protection and stabilization.

BEARING CAPACITY OF SOIL

Introduction – Basic definitions – Bearing capacity theories – Types of shear failure – Effect of water table - Bearing capacity from field tests - plate load test, Penetration tests.

FOUNDATION SETTLEMENT

(04 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(07 Hours)

(08 Hours)

Settlement of Foundations – Components of Settlement – Cause of Settlement – Computation of Immediate settlement– Computation of magnitude of consolidation settlement – Time rate settlement – Differential settlement.

• DESIGN OF SHALLOW FOUNDATIONS

Types of Shallow Foundations – Depth of Footing – Foundation loading – Principle of design of footings – Proportioning for equal settlement – combined footings –mat foundation.

• DEEP FOUNDATIONS

Deep foundations – Necessity of pile foundation – Classification of piles – Load carrying capacity of piles – Pile load test – Negative skin friction – Settlement of pile – Group efficiency, Introduction of caisson and well foundation

• INTRODUCTION TO SOIL STABILIZATION

Mechanical Stabilization – cement Stabilization – Lime Stabilization –Bituminous Stabilization – Chemical Stabilization – Stabilization by geosynthetics

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. J E Bowles, Foundation Analysis and Design, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1997.
- 2. K R Arora, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Standard Publishers Distributors, Nai Sarak, Delhi, 2008.
- 3. B M Das, & N Sivakugan, Principles of Foundation Engineering, Cengage learning, Boston, 2018.
- 4. D P Coduto, M R Yeung, & W A Kitch, Foundation Design: Principles and Practices, 3rd Ed, Pearson Education, USA, 2016.
- 5. S R Kaniraj, Design Aids in Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2009.
- 6. R Gopal, & A S Rao, Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2011.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	-	-	3	2	-	3	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO2	-	-	3	2	-	3	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO3	-	-	-	2	-	2	1	1	2	-	3	-
CO4	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	1	-
CO5	-	-	3	2	-	3	2	2	3	2	3	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2
CO2	3	3	3
CO3	2	2	3
CO4	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

(04 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(03 Hours)

CE 337 Advanced Concrete Technology

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	0	4

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

CO1	Explain the compart hydration and its microstructure development
COI	Explain the cement hydration and its incrostructure development.
CO2	Design the special concrete and its mix design procedure
002	Design the special concrete and its mix design procedure.
002	
003	Apply the Rheometers and corrosion analyzer systems for measurement in fresh and
	II State and the state of State and the state of
CO4	hardened concrete properties
CO4	nardened concrete properties
CO5	Analyze the various durability related problems in reinforced concrete and its
005	Thing ye the various datability related problems in reinforced concrete and its
	mitigation
	intiSution.

2. Syllabus

HYDRATION AND MICRO-STRUCTURE OF CEMENT (10 Hours)

Hydration of Cements and Micro-structural development, Mineral additives, Chemical admixtures, Cracking and Volume stability, Deterioration processes, Special concretes, Advanced Characterization Techniques, Sustainability issues in concreting, Modeling properties of concrete.

PARTICLE PACKING AND RHEOLOGY

Advanced Mixture Design, Design Philosophy - Particle Packing & Rheology -Discrete and Continuous approach, Packing density of powders and aggregates -Experimental tests and Models, Ternary Packing Diagram, Mixture Design of Self -Compacting Concrete (SCC); Fresh Concrete Properties, Empirical test for SCC – Rheology, Basics, Parameters, Models, Rheometers, Rheology of Paste and concrete – Pumping, Setting, Curing, Plastic shrinkage, Strength Development, Maturity Method; Hardened Concrete Properties, Factors influencing strength, Interfacial Transition Zone, Stress strain relationship –Localization, End effects, Loading Conditions; Dimensional Stability, Creep and Shrinkage

DURABILITY ASPECTS OF CONCRETE

Durability, Permeability and Porosity, Chemical attack (Sulphate attack, Delayed Ettringite Formation, Chloride attack, Acid Attack, Sea Water attack, Carbonation, Freezing and Thawing, Alkali aggregate reaction, Alkali carbonate reaction Corrosion, Mode of action, failure, Tests&Protection methods.

REBAR CORROSION

Rebar Corrosion, Factors inducing rebar corrosion, electrochemical process, role of chloridein corrosion, role of carbon-di-oxide in corrosion, onset of corrosion, corrosion propagation, and service life prediction of concrete structures.

(Total Lecture Hours: 45, Tutorial 15 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(15 Hours)

3. Tutorials

Tutorials will be given related to mix proportioning by different methods such as IS Code, ACI method, British DOE methods

4 Books Recommended

- 1. P Kumar Metha and P J M Monterio, Concrete- Microstructures, Properties and Materials, Indian Edition, McGraw-Hill Publication, New Delhi, 2016.
- 2. P C Aitcin, High Performance Concrete, E&FN Spon, London, 2019.
- 3. A R Santhakumar, Concrete Technology, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2017.
- 4. A M Neville, and J J Brooks, Concrete Technology, Pearson Education Ltd., Singapore, 2012.
- 5. K Kalliopi. Aligizaki, Pore Structure of Cement-Based Materials: Testing, Interpretationand Requirements, CRC Press, 2005.

5. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
C01	2	1	2	2	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	2	2	-	2	2	1	-	-	-
CO3	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO4	2	3	2	3	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	-
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	-	2	1	1	1	-	-

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	2
CO2	2	1	1
CO3	1	1	2
CO4	2	2	2
CO5	2	1	1

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CE339 PAVEMENT ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

Students will be able to

CO1: Comprehend the behaviour of pavement based on material characteristics.

CO2: Analyse the pavement by considering various input parameters appropriately.

CO3: Select the rational method of pavement design.

CO4: Identify the design criteria based on the major failure patterns of pavement.

CO5: Design the pavement with the guidelines given by IRC, AASHTO, and PCA.

PAVEMENT TYPES AND MATERIALS

Types and component parts of pavements; highway and airport pavements, Basic characteristics of materials used in pavements

STRESSES IN FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS •

Layered system concepts, Stress solution for one, two- and three-layered systems, Fundamental design concepts, Stress analysis in flexible pavements using KENLAYER; problems

STRESSES IN RIGID PAVEMENTS

Westergaard's theory and assumptions, Stresses due to curling, stresses and deflections due to loading, frictional stresses, Stresses in dowel bars and tie bars, Stress analysis in rigid pavements using KENSLABS; problems.

FACTORS AFFECTING PAVEMENT DESIGN •

Variables considered in pavement design, Classification of axle types, standard and legal axle loads, tyre pressure, contact pressure, ESWL, EWLF and EAL concepts, Traffic analysis: ADT, AADT, truck factor, growth factor, lane distribution factor, directional distribution factor and vehicle damage factor

DESIGN OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT •

IRC method of flexible pavement design, Asphalt Institute's methods with HMA and other base combinations, MEPDG method of flexible pavement design, Design of flexible pavement shoulders; problems.

DESIGN OF RIGID PAVEMENTS

IRC method of plain jointed and continuously reinforced rigid pavement design, MEPDG method of rigid pavement design, Design of rigid pavement shoulders. Design of Joints; problems.

DESIGN OF PAVEMENT DRAINAGE

Detrimental effects of water, methods for controlling water in pavements, Drainage materials: aggregates, geotextiles, pipes, Estimation of inflow, determination of drainage capacity, Drainage design for urban roads and rural roads as per IRC; problems

(Total contact hours: 45)

(09 Hours)

(09 Hours)

(04 Hours)

LTPC

3 1 0 4

(03 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

REFERENCES:

- 1. **Huang, Y.H.** *Pavement Analysis and Design*, Second Edition, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India, 2008.
- 2. Mallick, R.B. and T. El-Korchi*Pavement Engineering Principles and Practice*, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group, Florida, USA, 2009.
- 3. **MEPDG-1.***Mechanistic-Empirical Pavement Design Guide A Manual of Practice*, Interim Edition, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, Washington, D.C., USA, 2008.
- 4. **Papagiannakis, A.T.** and **E.A. Masad***Pavement Design and Materials*, John Wiley and Sons, New Jersey, USA, 2008.
- 5. Yoder, E.J. and M.W. Witczak*Principles of Pavement Design*, Second Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, USA, 1975.

CODES

- 3. IRC: 37-2018*Guidelines for the Design of Flexible Pavements*, The Indian Roads Congress, New Delhi, India, 2018.
- 4. IRC:58-2015*Guidelines for the Design of Plain Jointed Rigid Pavements for Highways*, The Indian Roads Congress, New Delhi, India, 2015.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	2	-	3	3	3	3	2	-	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	-	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	3	3	2	-	3
CO4	2	2	-	-	1	3	1	3	2	-	1	2
CO5	2	3	1	3	1	3	-	3	1	2	1	2

Mapping of COs and POs

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3
CO2	3	2	3
CO3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3

CE 341 Urban Transport Planning

L С Т Ρ 3 0 0 3

11.Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Paraphrase urbanization process and its impact on travel demand
CO2	Explain the urban transport planning process and specify transport planning surveys for the given problem
CO3	Perform trip generation and distribution analysis for a given study area
CO4	Apply mode share models and carry out traffic assignment for a given study area
CO5	Apply land use transport model and estimate fleet size and capacity for suitable urban transit system

12.Syllabus

• URBANISATION PROCESS

Urban growth mechanism- Urban morphology - Urbanization & travel demand - Urban development planning policy- NUTP - Urban transport projects - Urban transport problems in India.

• URBAN TRANSPORT PLANNING PROCESS

Urban travel patterns - Study area delineation- Zoning - Planning surveys - Urban activity system-Sustainable urban transport - Systems approach.

• TRAVEL DEMAND ESTIMATE

Trip based and activity based approach - Four stage travel demand modelling - Data needs and outputs - Quick response techniques - Survey designs.

• TRIP GENERATION

Productions & Attractions - Influential Factors Trip rate analysis - Category analysis - Simple & Multiple linear regression models FHWA method.

• TRIP DISTRIBUTION

Interchange matrix Growth factor methods Synthetic Methods Calibration of Gravity model.

• MODAL SPLIT

Influential factors FHWA Procedure Diversion curves & surfaces- Discrete choice models, Concept, Types, BL, MNL & HL models.

(04 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(03 Hours)

(04 Hours)

• TRIP ASSIGNMENT

Trip Assignment Procedure Diversion curves- BPR model - All or Nothing assignment - Multipath assignment - Capacity restraint assignment User equilibrium and system equilibrium approach - Stochastic assignment approach.

• LAND USE TRANSPORT SYSTEM

Urban system components - Urban spatial structure Accessibility - Location theory - Land use models - Land use transport models, Lowry & Garin Lowry models.

• URBAN PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

Urban growth and public transport needs - transit mode classifications - transit characteristics - fleet size and capacity estimation, goods/logistic transportation.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

13.Books Recommended

- 1. B G Hutchinson, Principles of Urban Transportation System Planning, Mc-Graw Hill, 1974
- 2. J D Ortuzar and L G Willumsen, Modeling Transport, John Wiley & Sons,4th Edition, 2011.
- 3. Khisty, C. Jotio, and B. Kent Lall. 2002. Transportation Engineering an Introduction.
- 4. P Chakroborty and N Das, Principles of Transportation Engineering, PHI, New Delhi, 2003.
- 5. P Sarkar, V Maitry and G J Joshi, Transportation Planning Principles, Practices & Policies, PHI, New Delhi, 2014.

14. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	1	3	2	0	2	2	2	3	2	1
CO2	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	2	1	1	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	0	1	2	1	2
CO4	2	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO5	2	2	3	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	0	1

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

15. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3
CO3	2	1	1
CO4	2	1	1
CO5	3	3	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

CE 343 HIGHWAY GEOMETRIC DESIGN

Pre-Requisite Courses: Nil

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> At the end of the course, students will be able to

CO1: comprehend the basic principles of geometric design in the context of transportation engineering and planning.

CO2: apply design criteria for the geometric design of different roadway elements.

CO3: interpret user perception and its association with geometric design of different roadway elements. CO4: evaluate the performance of highway alignment by assessing its geometry consistency

CO5: compile the engineering safety measures to improve the reliability in the geometric design.

• Introduction

Traffic characteristics, topography and physical features; design controls; speed and safety; space standards for urban; rural and hill roads, access controls, location and spacing of access points

• Human and Vehicle Factors

Perceptions and application of human factors in the design and representative vehicle factors used in geometric design, driver expectancy and errors, considerations of high-speed highway facilities

• Cross-section Elements

Single lane, two lane, multi-lane highways, expressways and urban roads; street design concepts; bicycle tracks; pedestrian facilities; street furniture; design of speed breaker, road side clear zones

• Highway Alignment

Horizontal alignment; curve design; super-elevation design; friction co-efficient;transition curve design; attainment of super-elevation; pavement widening; sight distance on horizontal curves; vertical alignment; gradients; grade compensation; design of vertical curves, 3D alignment and analysis; alignment coordination, vertical clearance for underpass and elevated structures, hill roads considerations, case studies

• Intersection and Interchange Design

Design consideration and objectives, visibility requirements, principles of channelization, types of intersections and design, roundabouts, interchange design; on-ramps (flyovers and access-controlled facilities), acceleration and deceleration lanes, two-way turn lanes , case studies

• Geometric design consistency

Evaluate inconsistency of geometric design; likelihood of the crashes; reliability-based design; engineering safety measures, traffic calming measures, case studies

• Design of Facilities

Design of parking facilities (on-street, off-street, and multi-storeyed); design of bus shelters and bus lay-bye, bus terminal, truck terminals and truck lay-bye, container terminal, toll plaza, foot-over bridge and sky-walk, road side amenities, case studies

(05 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(10 Hours)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

(05 Hours)

(Total Hours: 45)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Wright, P.H. &Dixon, K.K., "Highway Engineering," 7th Ed., John Wiley &Sons. (2014)
- 2. Transportation Research Board (TRB), Highways Capacity Manual, National Research Council, Washington D.C. (2010 edition)
- 3. Indo-HCM: Indian Highway Capacity Manual (Indo-HCM). CSIR-Central Road Research Institute (CRRI), New Delhi (2017)
- 4. Khisty, C.J. and Lal, B.K., "Transportation engineering An Introduction," prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. (2006)
- 5. Kadiyali, L.R., "Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning," Khanna Publishers. (2008)
- 6. A policy on geometric design of highways and streets, American Association of State Highway Officials, 2011.
- Geometric design standards for urban roads in plains (IRC: 86-1983), The Indian Roads Congress, 1983.
 Geometric design standards for rural (non-urban) highways (IRC: 73-1980), The Indian Roads Congress, 1980.
- 8. Guidelines for expressways Part I, Ministry of Road Transport & Highways, 2010.
- 9. Roadside design guide, American Association of State Highway Officials, 2002.
- 10. Manual of geometric design standards for Canadian roads, Transportation Associations of Canada, 1986.
- 11. Pline, J.L., Traffic Engineering Handbook, Institute of Transportation Engineers, 2009.
- 12. Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, Federal Highway Administration, 2009.
- S.K. Khanna and C.E.G. Justo, Highway Engineering, Khanna Publishers, Roorkee, 2

	11 0											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	2	1	-	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	-	2	2	-	-
CO3	2	3	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	-	-
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	2	-	-
CO5	2	2	3	3	2	3	1	-	1	1	-	-

Mapping of COs and POs

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	1
CO2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	2

Note: 1: Slightly 2: Moderately 3: Substantially

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the concept of tourism planning and development in urban and regional scale
CO2	Assess the impact of sustainable tourism development on natural environment
CO3	Promote tourism for economic development of a country.
CO4	Practice modern techniques of tourism planning and development.
CO5	Develop Revenue generation techniques through Tourism planning

2. Syllabus

INTRODUCTION TO TOURISM:

Definitions, scope, nature, classification and dimension, tourism as an industry, tourism in developed and developing world. Tourism as system, Demand and supply, Relationship between Tourism and Urban Development. Creation of Urban Space for recreation and tourism, Principles of Recreation, Leisure and Tourism. Nature and scope of a tourism plan-key issues and stages, data requirements, surveys, role of key players / stake holders in tourism policy and planning.

SUSTAINABLE PLANNING FOR TOURISM DEVELOPMENT: (15 Hours) .

Natural resource assessment; Techniques of tourism potential analysis; Concept of Eco-tourism, Environmental threats and planning precautions. Concepts and parametric analysis; Integrated wildlife, Tourism multiplier and forecasting Methods: capacity building and carrying capacity planning for tourism projects, tourism and cultural and social change: Socio, Tourism infrastructure development, Tourism Project conception and preparation for project report.

TOURISM MANAGEMENT AND ECONOMICS:

Management and Economics of tourism industry and development management. Tourism marketing concept, techniques and strategies. GIS application in tourism development, policies and programme at National State and District level. Tourism planning case studies.

POLICIES AND PROGRAMMES:

Tourism policies at various levels. Case studies: Indian Site, 7 Projects for Gujarat Tourism.

(Total Lectures: 45 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. Hall, C. (2008). Tourism Planning: Policies, Process & relationship. Prentice Hall.
- Gunn, C. (2009). Tourism Planning: Basics, Concepts, cases. France & Taylor Publication 2.
- Goeldner, C. and Ritchie J. (2009). Tourism: Principles, Practices, Philosophies. John Wiley & Sons 3.
- 4. Planning Commission (2012). Working Group Report on Tourism (2012-2017). Govt. of India
- 5. Ministry of Tourism. (2011). Strategic Action Plan for Tourism in India. Govt. of India. Ministry of Tourism.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2

Т L Р С 3 0 0 3

(10 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(10 Hours)

CC)4	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
CC)5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
0-No	ot re	elated	1-Lov	v 2-N	/loderate	e 3-H	High						

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	3	2	3	
CO2	3	2	3	
CO3	3	3	3	
CO4	3	2	2	
CO5	3	2	3	
0-Not related 1-Low 2-Modera				

3-High

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the components of Urban Design.
CO2	Understand the concept of Landscape Planning in urban context.
CO3	Implement sustainable and balanced urban planning with beauty, convenience and health with the use of dynamic architectural techniques.
CO4	Design using strategies like concept planning, designing, development; zoning by function to balance urban area.
CO5	Develop Revenue generation techniques.

2. <u>Syllabus</u>

• SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES OF URBAN DESIGN

Its relation with architecture and urban planning, scale of various urban design projects, regional and city level, urban design survey, inventories, techniques/approaches to urban design. Concepts and theories in landscape architecture/city planning urban design in the historical perspective, origin of forms, organization of space, relationship of activity with buildings.

• BEHAVIORAL ISSUES IN URBAN DESIGN

Principals of urban spatial organization, urban scale, urban spaces, urban massing, quality of urban enclosure. Imageability, townscape and elements of urban design (Gordon, Cullen, Kevin Lynch) Urban conservation with historic preservation and integrated approach to conservation, urban renewal, its purpose, economics and planning issues.

• URBAN DESIGN AT MICRO LEVEL

Campus planning, city centres, transportation corridors, residential neighbourhood, water fronts. Urban landscape in relation to topography.

• DEVELOPMENT CONTROL GUIDELINES

Zoning, Historical examples of urban design projects. Evaluation/ feasibility study of urban design projects.

• OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE OF LANDSCAPE PLANNING

Behavioural issues landscape design, principles and aesthetic theory in landscape design, Land from design and elements of geomorphology, hydrology, paedology, drainage in landscape planning. Spatial organization of selected cities, emphasizing landscape assessment.

Siteand resources inventory Methods, analyses and appraisal, landscape suitability analysis, Plant characteristics and planting design, environmental factors in landscape planning.

• OUTDOOR RECREATION AND TOURISM

Planning and design issues.

• LANDSCAPE PLANNING

Urban and regional level open spaces, residential neighbourhoods, urban roads and regional highways, coastal area landscape planning. Landscape Urbanism, sustainable landscape, streetscape Waterfronts, evolution of different landscape philosophies.

• OPEN SPACE SYSTEM

(06 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(02 Hours)

(06 Hours)

Concept for opens space and park system in urban area. Open space development in urban design context. Evolution of Public Park as a major component of urban landscape. Open space development in new towns. Park systems, water fronts. Green infrastructure. Urban ecology, urban water sheds.

• EVALUATION PROCESS IN LANDSCAPE PLANNING

(03 Hours)

Critical appraisal of historical examples of landscape plans. Relevance of Social forestry in urban and regional landscape planning.

(Total Lectures: 45 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. Paul, Spreiregen D., "Urban Design: The Architecture of Town and Cities", New York: McGraw Hill Book Company,2020
- 2. Shimizu H. and Murayama A., "Clinical Environmental Approaches in Landscape Planning", Urban and Landscape Perspectives, 2014
- 3. John.F., "Urban Landscape Design", Teneues Media Gmbh& Co, 2008
- 4. Grazia.C, "Human Smart Cities: Rethinking the Interplay between Design and Planning", Springer, 2018
- 5. Nigel D. "The Dynamic Landscape: Design, Ecology and Management of Naturalistic Urban Planting", Taylor & Francis

6. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

7. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3
CO2	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2
CO5	3	2	3

⁰⁻Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CE349: PLANNING LEGISLATION

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Describe different legislations related to urban planning and policy.
CO2	Demonstrate the legal procedures for preparation and implementation of Regional Plans, Master
	Plans and Town Planning Schemes.
CO3	Illustrate the regulations for planning.
CO4	Explain the role of politics in planning
CO5	Review of constitutional amendments and their relevance to planning and plan implementation

2. <u>Syllabus</u>

PLANNING LEGISLATION AND POLICY FORMULATION AND APPRAISAL: (12 Hours)

Evolution; An over view of legal tools connected with Urban Planning and Development, Town and Country Planning Act, Improvement Trust Act, Urban Planning and Development Authorities Act objectives, contents, procedures for preparation and implementation of Regional Plans, Master Plans and Town Planning Schemes. Various Acts related to urban governance, planning and development organizations, land resources, environment protection, and public participation in statutory planning process; Approaches of formulation of policies, appraisal of policies.

UNDERSTANDING OF LAW:

Concepts, sources, terminologies, significance of law and its relationship to Urban Planning benefits of statutory backing for schemes - eminent domain and police powers; Indian Constitution: concept and contents; 73rd and 74th Constitution Amendment Act, provision regarding property rights.

CITY AND THE STATE:

State as a manager of resources - property rights, norms and standards - Government market and market by Government – Regulatory State, Reforming State, and Rent Seeking State – their spatial implications; Development planning and the Indian state – Centralization, powerlessness and decentralization; spatial politics and competition; Politics of the State and bureaucracy; New State spaces, invited and contested spaces – changing role of the state.

LEGISLATION FOR URBAN MANAGERS:

Significance and Objectives of Legislation for Planners, Constitutional Basis and Provisions, Legal Framework in Town and Country Planning, Preparation and Implementation of Regional Plan/Development plan, T.P. Scheme in Light of The Gujarat Town Planning Act, 1976, Provisions of Land Acquisition Act, Urban Land Ceiling Act and Conservation Act.

REGULATIONS:

Financing of infrastructure including exactions, tax policies, funding municipal services. Zoning and land use control regulatory takings, vested rights, permits and project review.

ROLES OF POLITICS IN PLANNING:

Politics related to land, shelter, urban infrastructure, resources; Regeneration and redevelopment politics; politics of provision, financing and pricing; decision-making and decision-taking, Politics and emergence of civil society - NGO, CBO and their role in planning, development and management, collective bargaining and collective action.

(Total Lectures: 45 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(07 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. URDPFI Guidelines, Ministry of Housing and Urban Dev., Govt. Of India. 2015
- 2. The Gujarat Town Planning and Urban Development Act, 1976
- 3. Comprehensive General Development Control Regulations 2017. Govt. of Gujarat
- 4. Handbook of Environmental Laws, Vol. I and II, Enviro-media Publication, Karad, Maharashtra.
- 5. Maharashtra Act No. IV of 1975: The Bombay Meetropolitan Region Development Authority Act, 1974, Govt. of Maharashtra, Law and Judiciary Deptt., published by the Director General, Govt. Printing, Stationery and Publications, Maharashtra State, Bombay 400004

8. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

9. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3
CO2	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2
CO5	3	2	3

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CE 351 Advanced Geomatics Surveying

L	Т	Р	Credit
3	1	0	04

<u>1. Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Explain the concept of EDM and Total Station Survey
CO2	Analyze computation and measurement of relief displacement, development of mosaic etc. using principle of photogrammetry
CO3	Compute and detail Azimuth, Declination etc. of celestial bodies using principle of astronomy.
CO4	Brief the concept of Geospatial Technologies
CO5	Explain advanced surveying techniques of Terrain Data Collection including ALTM, LIDAR, UAV, DEM

2. Syllabus

EDM and Total Station Survey	(08 Hours)
General Process of EDM, Principle of EDM, Electromagnetic Waves, Phase and Types of Waves, Distance	
Measurement by Transit time and by Phase difference, Electro-optical, Infrared and Microwave, Total Station	
- Function and Process, Applications, Sources of Errors	
Photogrammetric Survey	(12 Hours)
Introduction, Technical terms, Aerial photogrammetry, Types of photographs, Vertical photographs, Uses of	``´´
aerial photographs, Flying height & scale, Relief displacement, Stereoscopy, Measurement of parallax and	
height determination, Mosaic preparation	
Principles of Field Astronomy	(08 Hours)
Introduction, purposes, astronomical terms, Celestial Co-ordinate Systems	
Concepts of Geospatial Technologies	(08 Hours)
Introduction to Geospatial Technologies, Fundamental of Remote Sensing, Overview of GIS, Fundamentals of	
GPS, Applications of Geomatics Engineering tools in various engineering projects, Basics of Geospatial	
Softwares	
Terrain Data Collection	(09 Hours)
ALTM (Airborne laser thematic mapper) Concept	
LiDAR (Light Detection and Ranging) - Basic principles, terrestrial and airborne LiDAR, data collection	
techniques, point cloud generation, analysis of data, 3D mapping.	
UAV (Unmanned Aerial Vehicle) (Drone): Introduction, components, data collection, data types, data analysis	
software, applications in civil engineering	
Profiles, Digital Elevation Models	
(Total Lectu	re Hours: 45)

<u>4. BOOKS RECOMMENDED:</u>

- 1. W. Schofield, "Engineering Surveying", Butterworth-Heinemann Publication, New Delhi (2001)
- 2. Punmia B.C., "Surveying and Levelling, Vol. II & III", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi(1994)
- 3. Arora K.R., "Surveying and Levelling, Vol. III", Standard Publications, Delhi (2000).
- 4. Lille sand T. M. and Kiefer. R.W., "Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation", 4th Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, (2002).

- Agrawal N.K., "Essentials of GPS" Spatial Network Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad (1997).
 Stan Aron off, "Geographic Information Systems: A management perspective", WDL Publications, Canada, (1989)

	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO- 10	PO- 11	PO- 12
CO-1	1	1	2	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO-2	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2
CO-3	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	1
CO-4	2	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	2
CO-5	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	1	2	3	3	2

5. Mapping of COs and POs

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3
CO-1	1	2	3
CO-2	2	2	3
CO-3	1	1	2
CO-4	2	1	2
CO-5	1	3	2

- 1. Demonstration of total station and its uses
- Comparison between aerial photographs and map.
 Demonstration of GPS and its uses
- 4. Demonstration on GIS software
- 5. Demonstration on Remote Sensing software

16.<u>Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Apply knowledge of stochastic hydrology.
CO2	Appraise basic concepts of probability theory
CO3	Elaborate various types of time series analyses
CO4	Explain various types of stochastic models
CO5	Fit probability distribution to hydrologic data

17.<u>Syllabus</u>

• INTRODUCTION

Stochastic hydrology – Applications of stochastic hydrology.

• FUNDAMENTALS OF STATISTICS

Concept of probability – Discrete and continuous variables – Probability distributions including fitting to hydrological data.

• TIME SERIES ANALYSIS

Definitions and classification of time series – Stochastic processes – Components of time series – Trend analysis – Periodicity – Auto-correlation and spectral analysis – Frequency analysis.

• STOCHASTIC MODELS

Univariate models: classification of models – univariate annual models with normal and other distributions – univariate annual models obeying Hurst's law – univariate seasonal models. Multivariate models: multisite annual models – multisite AR models for seasonal flows – MA models – ARIMA models – non-stationary processes.

• CASE STUDIES

Examples related to fitting probability distributions – Trend analysis – Spectral analysis – Stochastic models in hydrologic forecasting.

[Total Lectures: 45 hours]

3. Books Recommended

- 1. N T Kottegoda, Stochastic Water Resources Technology, The Macmillan Press Ltd., 1980.
- 2. V P Singh, Handbook of Applied Hydrology, Second Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2016.
- 3. V Yevjevich, Stochastic Processes in Hydrology, Water Resources Publications, Fort Collins, Colorado, 1972.
- 4. C T Hann, Statistical Methods in Hydrology, Wiley–Blackwell, 2002 (Second Edition).
- 5. R T Clarke, Mathematical Models in Hydrology, FAO, 1973.

(02Hours)

(10 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(13 Hours)

(12 Hours)

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	0	4

4. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	1
CO2	1	1	1
CO3	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1
CO5	3	2	3
1 T	ΔM	, ,	TT' 1

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	1	0	4

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Synthesize the solution including precipitation, evapo-transpiration and infiltration
	processes
CO2	Estimate flood hydrographs for gauged and ungauged catchments
CO3	Apply flood routing models to rivers and reservoirs
CO4	Compute IDF curves and floods of different return periods
CO5	Design of Storm Drainage network

2. Syllabus

PRECIPITATION AND EVAPOTRANSPIRATION

Global hydrological cycle, Atmospheric water, water vapour, Greenhouse effect, Computation and measurement of precipitation, missing data analysis and check on consistency of data, trend analysis, evaporation, evapo-transpiration, spatio-temporal distribution of rainfall.

FLOW THROUGH UNSATURATED ZONE

Unsaturated flow models for potential infiltration rate - Horton's equation, Philips equation and Green-Ampt model, Models for actual infiltration rate, Computation of excess rainfall hyetograph from observed flood hydrograph using ϕ -index, and SCS (NRCS) curve number method.

FLOOD ESTIMATION METHODS- DETERMINISTIC APPROACHES (10 Hours)

Unit hydrograph theory, derivation of instantaneous unit hydrograph and synthetic unit hydrograph. Rational method, Project hydrology Design flood PMF storm transportation, PMP and PMF for project by using conceptual models, Introduction to glacier lake outburst flood (GLOF).

FLOOD ROUTING

(07 Hours) Lumped flow routing, distributed flow routing models including kinematic, diffusion and dynamic wave routing models. Numerical solutions of distributed flow routing models.

HYDROLOGIC STATISTICS

Hydrologic statistics, Flood forecasting and flood frequency analysis. Hydrologic design of storm water drainage system, preparation

[Total Hours: 45 Hours, Tutorial: 15 hours]

3. References

1. Chow, V. T., Maidment, D. R., and Mays, L. W., "Applied Hydrology", McGraw Hill International editions, New Delhi, 2017.

(08 Hours)

(12 Hours)

(08 Hours)

- 2. Subramanya, K., "Engineering Hydrology", Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing company Ltd., New Delhi, 2017.
- 3. Singh, V. P., "Elementary Hydrology", Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1991.
- 4. Ojha, C. S. P., Bhunya, P., and Berndtsson, P., "Engineering Hydrology", Oxford University Press, Noida, 2008.
- 5. Raghunath, H. M., "Hydrology Principles, Analysis and Design", New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	2
CO3	2	1	3	3	3	1	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	1	3	3

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	1
CO2	2	2	1
CO3	2	3	3
CO4	2	3	2
CO5	3	3	3

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

	L	Т	Р	Credit
CE 357	3	1	0	4
Water Supply Distribution Systems				

<u>1. Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify different intake structures and water treatment processes
CO2	Understand parameters involved in design of water distribution system
CO3	Design water distribution system
CO4	Optimize water distribution system.
CO5	Analyse surge in the pressurized water supply network.

2. Syllabus

INTRODUCTION (04 Hours) Introduction to Intake structure, Water Quality, Hydraulics of water treatment processes.

TYPE OF DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

Equivalent pipe, parameters in distribution system analysis, parameters interrelationship, Formulation of equation, Gravity and Rising Main, Location and Design Principles.

ANALYSIS OF WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

Methods of analysis: (i) Hardy-Cross Method (ii) Newton-Raphson method and (iii) Linear Theory Method (iv) Gradient Method.

DESIGN AND OPTIMIZATION OF WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

Design: Trial and error method of design, cost-head loss ratio method. Optimization using linear programming techniques, Surge analysis in water distribution systems, Pump duty stations and detailing valves, Pressure transients in pipe flow.

CASE STUDIES

Case studies on new Water Distribution Systems, Rehabilitation systems, DPR preparation of a water supply system including operation and maintenance through SCADA.

[Total Hours: 45 Hours, Tutorial: 15 hours]

(08 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(13 Hours)

(10 Hours)

3. References:
- 1. Bhave, P. R., "Optimal Design of Water Distribution Networks", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2003.
- 2. Streeter, V. L. and Wylie, E. D., "Fluid Transients in Systems", Pearson., 2010.
- 3. Bhave, P. R., and Gupta, R., "Analysis of Water Distribution Networks", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi and Alpha-Science Publication, UK, 2006.
- 4. CPHEEO (1999), Manual on Water Supply and Treatment, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organisation, Ministry Housing and Urban Affairs (Previously known as Ministry of Urban Development, New Delhi, Third Edition.
- 5. IS 10500:2012, Drinking Water-Specification, Second Revision, 2012.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1
CO2	2	1	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	1	2	2
CO3	2	1	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	1	2	2
CO4	3	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	3	1	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	3	1	3	2

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	3	1
CO2	2	3	1
CO3	2	3	1
CO4	1	3	2
CO5	1	3	2
1 Low	2 M	[oderate	3 Ц

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

GLOBAL ELECTIVE / ELECTIVE 4

CE 359 Industrial Safety and Environment

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand safety management n construction.
CO2	Apply knowledge of accident theories to prevent accidents.
CO3	Analyze technologies for construction safety.
CO4	Assess standards and acts for construction safety.
CO5	Design and audit for safety management system.

2. Syllabus

OVERVIEW OF CONSTRUCTION SAFETY MANAGEMENT • (06 Hours) Terminologies related to safety management, safety management systems, safety climate, safety organization structure, safety culture, safety performance, roles and responsibilities of various persons for managing safety in construction, project management techniques for safety management in construction.

PREVENTION OF ACCIDENTS

Accident and incident cause theories, causes of major injuries, cost of accident, safety during construction, accidents of different stages of construction, accidents during receiving, unloading, shifting and storage, safety guidelines for storage, safety facilities at sites, coordination interface between civil and erection works, hazardous material and atmosphere.

SAFETY TECHNOLOGIES

Personal protective equipment, emergency rescue equipment, safety aids, first aid health care, site hoardings, safety training on site, prevention and protection equipment for working on heights, modern scaffolding technology, advance technologies and computer applications in safety management.

SAFETY TRAINING AND EDUCATION

Introduction to safety training and education, need of safety training and education, importance of training and education, requirements of safety training and education, frequency of safety training, safety audit and inspection education, training of rules and acts of safety management, safety reporting training.

STANDARDS AND ACTS FOR CONSTRUCTION SAFETY ٠

Construction safety related acts and rules (central act, central and state rules), building and other construction workers (BOCW) act and central rules, the explosives act and rules, the motor vehicle act and rules, the public liability insurance act and rules, the water (prevention and control of pollution) act and rules, the air (prevention and control of pollution) act and rules, battery management and handling rules, gas cylinder rules, hazardous wastes (management and handling) rules, contract labour (Regulation and Abolition) act and rules, workman compensation acts.

(09 Hours)

(09 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(09 Hours)

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• SAFETY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

(06 Hours)

Policy regarding safety in organization, safety organization and persons, policy documentations, safety budget, investment in safety, training and education systems and schedules, induction programs, safety plan, investigation and analysis of incident, analysis of safety data.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. K N Jha, D A Patel and A Singh, Construction Safety Management, Pearson, Noida, 2022.
- 2. S Rowlinson, Construction Safety Management Systems, Routledge, London, 2004.
- 3. H Lingard and S M Rowlinson, Occupational Health and Safety in Construction Project Management, Routledge, Oxford, 2004.
- 4. C D Reese and J V Eidson, Handbook of OSHA Construction Safety and Health, CRC Press, New York, 2006.
- 5. A Griffith and T Howarth, Construction Health and Safety Management, Routledge, London, 2014.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	1	1	3	3	3
CO2	1	2	1	1	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	3
CO3	3	1	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	1	1	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	2
CO5	1	1	2	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	3	3	3	
CO2	1	2	2	
CO3	3	3	2	
CO4	3	1	1	
CO5	3	2	1	
-Not rel	ated 1.	-Low 2	2-Modera	te 3-High

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Illustrate the methods of Geotechnical field investigations and interpretations
CO2	Identify the expansive soils and collapsible soils and provide solutions to rest foundations on same soil
CO3	Evaluate the soil dynamic properties and analyze the parameters for design of machine foundations
CO4	Provide solutions for treatment of weak deposits, such as soft clay, loose sand, etc, Types of dynamic load, Earthquake load.
CO5	Interpret the waves in layered media and evaluate the liquefaction susceptibility from laboratory and field-testing results

2. <u>Syllabus</u>

EXPLORATION TECHNIQUES • (07 Hours) Objectives, Methods, Suitability, Sub soil investigation, Bore log, Penetration tests, Geophysical methods, Report preparation

FOUNDATION ON EXPANSIVE SOIL Properties, Problems, Identification, Classification, Remedial measures, Case studies

• FOUNDATION ON COLLAPSIBLE SOIL

Definition, Types of collapsible soil, Physical parameters for identification, Procedure for calculating collapse settlement, Case histories of stabilization of collapsible soil

• FOUNDATIONS FOR MACHINES

Classification, General requirements, Dynamic parameters of Soil, Foundations for reciprocating and impact type machines, Vibration isolation

PRELOADING AND SAND DRAIN

Precompression, General considerations, Sand drains and its application, Prefabricated vertical drains

• EARTHQUAKE GEOTECHNIQUES

Types, Seismic waves, Location of earthquake, Factors influencing ground motion, Liquefaction evaluation of liquefaction susceptibility.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. B M Das, Principles of Foundation Engineering, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2015.
- 2. S L Kramer, Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering, Pearson Education India, new Delhi, 1996.
- 3. S K Gulhati, M Datta, Geotechnical Engineering, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2005.

Ρ L Т С 3 0 3 0

(07 Hours)

(07 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

- 4. R W Day, Geotechnical Engineer's Portable Handbook, Columbus: McGraw Hill, 2000.
- 5. M R Hausmann, Engineering Principles of Ground Modification, McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New York, 1990.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	2	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
CO4	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2
CO2	3	3	3
CO3	1	3	2
CO4	3	3	2
CO5	1	2	1

CE 363 Introduction to Wind Engineering

18.Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Illustrate different characteristics of wind.
CO2	Determine dynamic effects of wind load on structures.
CO3	Describe about wind tunnels and various available wind flow measuring techniques.
CO4	Design a structure for different types of wind induced loadings.
CO5	Estimate wind induced load according to IS – 875 (Part III)

19.Syllabus

• WIND CHARACTERISTICS

Variation of wind velocity - atmospheric circulations - pressure gradient force, coriolis force, frictionless wind balance, geo strophic flow, boundary layer - Extra ordinary winds: Foehn, Bora, Cyclones, Tornadoes, etc.

• STATIC AND DYNAMIC WIND EFFECTS

Wind induced vibrations - flow around bluff bodies - along wind and across wind response – flutter - galloping - vortex shedding - locking - ovalling - analysis of dynamic wind loads - codal provisions - gust factor, dynamic response factor - wind load calculations as per IS 875 (part III) - vibration control and structural monitoring - exposure to perturbation method, averaging techniques.

• WIND TUNNEL TESTING

Open circuit and closed circuit wind tunnels - rigid and aero elastic models - wind tunnel measurements and instruments along with site visit.

• CASE STUDIES

Low rise buildings - parking sheds - workshop building - multi-storey building - water tanks - towers - chimneys - bridges.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

20.<u>Tutorials</u>

The students will be required to solve at least five examples and related theories from each topic as part of their assignment or tutorial. This helps students gain experience in implementing wind analyses to design various real-life problems applied in the field of structural engineering.

(17 Hours)

(11 Hours)

(11 Hours)

(06 Hours)

L	Τ	Р	С
3	1	0	4

(Total Tutorials: 15 hours)

21.Books Recommended

- 6. Balendra, T. Vibration of buildings to wind and earthquake loads. Springer Science & Business Media, 2012.
- 7. Holmes, J. D., Paton, C., & Kerwin, R. Wind loading of structures. CRC press, 2007.
- 8. Sachs, P. Wind forces in engineering. Elsevier, 2013.
- 9. Simiu, E., & Yeo, D. Wind effects on structures: Modern structural design for wind. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2019.
- 10. Taher, R. Building Design for Wind Forces, McGraw-Hill Education, New York, 2019.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	3
CO2	3	2	3
CO3	2	1	3
CO4	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	3

LTPC

CE 365 TRANSPORTATION SAFETY & ENVIRONMENT 3 0 0 3

Pre Requisite Courses: Traffic Engineering & Management

Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyse the present scenario about transport safety and environment with a multidisciplinary
	approach.
CO2	Examine factors affecting road safety engineering and crash investigation, human factors
	relating to crashes/accidents, crash/accident.
CO3	Predict hazard identification related to the transport safety and environment and take
	management measures for improving safety and environment.
CO4	Create awareness about empathetic and improving the present practices related to the
	Transportation Safety Audit and Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for transportation
	projects.
CO5	Evaluate effectiveness of measures for improving traffic safety and environment.

INTRODUCTION •

Transportation Safety scenario in India and World, Accident Characteristics, Distribution among different modes. Need of Planning for Network, Land Use and Road Environment for Safety, Designing for Safety: Road Link Design, Junctions. Introduction to Road Safety Engineering and Crash Investigation, Human Factors Relating to Crashes/Accidents, Crash/Accident

ROAD SAFETY DIAGNOSIS

Investigation & Crash Problem Diagnosing, Crash Problems into Solutions & Crash, Investigation Reporting, Crash/Accident, Costing, Economic Appraisal. Safety at Construction Site: Safety provisions for workers at construction site, Construction Zone markings, signs.

ROAD SAFETY AUDIT

Road Safety Auditing: An Introduction, Concept and need of Road Safety Audit (RSA). Procedures in RSA, design standards, audit tasks, stages of road safety audit, Road Safety Audit Types, key legal aspects, process, audit team and requirements, Checklist, how to use Checklists Road Safety inspection.

TRANSPORT AND ENVIRONMENT ISSUES

Introduction to transport and the environment: Context, mechanisms and sustainability; Air Pollution: Mechanisms, technology solutions, modelling and social costs; Traffic Noise: Units, sources, and impacts Climate Change: Transport contribution, potential impacts, regulatory framework and policies.

(06 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

• MEASUREMENT AND MODELLING

Environmental planning and assessment practices, Measurement of environmental impacts of transport: Emissions, air quality and noise, Modelling of environmental impacts of transport: Emissions, air quality and noise, Land use transport relationships.

• IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Environmental Impact Assessment for Transportation Projects: Basic Concepts, Objectives, Transportation Related Environmental Impacts; Vehicular Impacts; Safety & Capacity Impacts; Roadway Impacts, Construction Impacts, Environmental Impact Assessment, Environmental Impact Statement, Environment Audit, Typical case studies.

(Total Lectures: 45hours)

	11 0											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	-	1	1	1	1	2	3	-	1	-	1	3
CO2	1	1	2	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	2	-	2	3	2
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	2	2

Mapping of COs and POs

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	1
CO2	3	1	3
CO3	2	1	3
CO4	1	1	2
CO5	1	2	2

Note: 1: Slightly 2: Moderately 3: Substantially

Books Recommended

- 1. Ezra Hauer, Observational Before-After Studies in Road Safety, Pergamon Press, 1997 (reprinted 2002).
- Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), The Traffic Safety Toolbox: A Primer on Traffic Safety, ITE, 1999.
- J. Stannard Baker, Traffic Collision Investigation, Northwestern University Center for Public Safety, 2002.
- 4. Leonard Evans, Traffic Safety, Science Serving Society, 2004.
- Lynn B. Fricke, Traffic Accident Reconstruction, Northwestern University Center for Public Safety, 1990.
- 6. Ogden, K.W. Safer Roads: A Guide to Road Safety Engineering. Avebury Technical, 1996.

(08 Hours)

(07 Hours)

- 7. Popkess C.A, Traffic Control and Road Accident Prevention, Chapman and Hall, 1997
- 8. Rune Elvik and Truls Vaa, The Handbook of Road Safety Measures, Elsevier, 2004.
- 9. Towards Safe Roads in Developing country, TRL ODA, 2004.
- 10. Geetam Tiwari and Dinesh Mohan, Transport Planning and Traffic Safety: Making Cities, Roads, and Vehicles Safer, CRC Press, 2016.
- 11. IRC SP:88 (2019) Manual on Road Safety Audit
- 12. Periodic NHAI Circulars.

L	Т	Р	Credit
3	0	0	3

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify Issues related to hydropower development in India.
CO2	Assess hydropower potential of river basins.
CO3	Evaluate efficacy of hydropower plants.
CO4	Design intake structures and water conveyance system.
CO5	Able to carry out power house planning.

2. Syllabus

Introduction

Energy sources for power generation, Power scenarios, Demand and supply of power, need of hydropower, General Hydrology, Environment and Hydro Power Development.

Planning for water power development

Introduction, Objectives of planning, planning for water power development, Estimation of available water, Power duration curve, Storage and pondage, Load studies, Technical terms related to hydropower, System integrated operational studies, Load prediction, Installed capacity, Size and number of units.

Topographical Survey and Geological/Geotechnical Investigation

Geological investigations studies for water power development, Geo technical investigations studies for water power development.

Power potential studies

Economics of Hydropower development, Economic value of hydropower, Cost of water power, Total annual cost of a hydro project (hydro power tariff), Operation and maintenance of hydro plants, hydro power markets.

Water Conveyance System

Intakes: Types, Location and Alignment of intakes, Losses in Intakes, Air- Entrainment at Intakes, Inlet aeration, Trash racks, Penstocks and Pressure Shafts, Surge shafts Hydrauli Valves and Gates

Classification and types of hydropower plants

Classifications, types, Storage power development, components of storage power development, economic aspects, social and rehabilitation aspects, Run-Off-River power Development, types of ROR, components of run-off-river power development, Run-of-power development on canal falls, Underground and pumped storage power plants, advantages, types and location of underground power station, its components, types of layout, limitations of underground power plants. Essential requirements of pumped storage power plant (PSPP), economics of PSPP, Cost of power generation.

Power House Planning

General layout of the power house and arrangement of hydropower units, Number and sizes f units, space allocation and dimensions, Super structure, Indoor, Semi-outdoor and Outdoor powerhouse, Lighting and Ventilation, Variation in design of power house, Safety requirements, Operation and maintenance of hydro plants.

(04 hours)

(06 hours)

(10 hours)

(08 hours)

(07 hours)

(02 hours)

(04 hours)

Small Hydro Power Development

(04 hours)

Introduction, Advantages of small hydropower, Classification of small hydropower, Components of small hydropower development, Choice of units, Economics of small hydropower schemes.

[Total Hours: 45 Hours]

3. <u>References:</u>

1. Dandekar, M. M., and Sharma, K. N., "Water Power Engineering", Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi,2013 (Second edition).

2. Deshmukh, M.M., "Water Power Engineering, Dhanpat Rai Publications", New Delhi, 1998.

3. Nigam, N. C., "Handbook of Hydropower Engineering", Nem Chand and Sons, Roorkee, 1999.

4. Sharma, R. K. and Sharma, T. K., "Water Power Engineering", S.Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2003.

5. Varshney, R.S., "Hydropower Structures", Nem Chand and Bros., Roorkee (U.P.), 2014.

5. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12
CO-1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO-2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO-3	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO-4	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO-5	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

<u>6. Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3
CO-1	1	1	1
CO-2	1	1	2
CO-3	2	2	1
CO-4	2	2	1
CO-5	2	1	1

6th Semester Core Subjects

1. $COULSE OULCOILES (COS)$	1.	Course	Outcomes	(COs)
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At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Explain significance of estimation and specification.
CO2	Interpret BIS code of measurement cost indices.
CO3	Analyse cost estimation of civil structures.
CO4	Prepare rate analysis, specification and abstract of building items.
CO5	Explain the government procedure for SOR and BOQ

2. Syllabus

GENERAL: •

Significance of estimation and specification, role of civil surveyors, types of estimates, working drawing details, BS codes for measurements, Cost Indices.

OUANTITY ANALYSIS OF BUILIDNGS:

Definition, Units of measurements, types of estimates, Different methods to find the quantities of civil works, Estimated cost and its importance, Provisions of IS-1200, for working out quantities and deductions in civil works, Entering the measurements in quantity sheet and calculation of quantities of various items of civil works, Estimation of earthwork and masonry, flooring, walls, openings, RCC components, staircase, timber (door and window) and steel work, load bearing and framed structures, Application using software

QUANTITY ANALYSIS OF SPECIAL STRUCTURES: •

Estimation of roads and CD works, earthen dams, irrigation channels, urban services estimation, electrical fixtures, approximate estimation of infrastructural elements.

BRIEF SPECIFICATIONS: •

Definition, Basic principles and purpose, Objectives and importance of specification, Types of specification, Care to be taken while drafting specifications, Drafting general specifications, and detailed specifications for various civil work items- Specification of materials and works.

RATE ANALYSIS & COST:

Definition of rate analysis, Factors affecting rate analysis, overhead expenses, procedure for rate analysis, schedule of rates, Definition of task, Determination of man power and material requirement for a given quantity of items of civil works, study of present wages of labour and prices of traditional and modular materials in the market. Study of market rents of different construction tools plant and equipment, output of work force, Application using software

ABSTRACTING:

Purpose of abstract, preparation of abstract, measurement and billing, Checking of bills and final bill, BS methods of abstracts, abstract statements, cost analysis, SOR and BOQ

(Total Lectures: 45 hours, Tutorials: 14 hours)

(10 Hours)

(03 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(02 Hours)

С

5

(15 Hours)

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3. Practicals

- 1. Conduct Market survey of building materials
- 2. Estimation of building units
- 3. Estimation of road and C.D. works
- 4. Estimation of earthen dam and irrigation channel
- 5. Estimation of steel roof truss.
- 6. Estimation of plumbing and electrical services.
- 7. Drafting of specifications.
- 8. Rate analysis.

10.Books Recommended

- 1. A Aggarwal and A K Upadhyay, Civil Estimating, Costing and Valuation, Kataria and Sons, New Delhi, 2013.
- 2. B N Dutta, Estimating and Costing, S. Dutta and Co., Lucknow, 2021.
- 3. G S Birdie, Estimating and Costing, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, Delhi, 2014.
- 4. P L Basin, Quantity Surveying, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi, 1990.
- 5. S C Rangwala, Elements of Estimating and Costing, Charotar Publishing Pvt Ltd., Anand, 2023.

11. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

12. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3
CO2	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2
CO5	3	2	3

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Estimate precipitation and abstractions.
CO2	Compute runoff and hydrographs and groundwater flow.
CO3	Analyze irrigation water requirements.
CO4	Explain important hydraulic structures.
CO5	Explain the aspects of water logging and drainage.

23.Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION TO WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING (02 Hours)

Introduction, importance of water resources engineering, need of water resources projects

• PRECIPITATION AND ABSTRACTIONS

Mechanism of precipitation, types and forms of precipitation, measurement techniques, rain gauge network, variability in precipitation, estimation of missing data, test for consistency of rainfall record, rainfall hyetograph, rainfall mass curve, areal average rainfall, intensity duration curves, evaporation, factors affecting evaporation, estimation of evaporation, evapotranspiration, measurement of evapotranspiration, initial loss, infiltration and infiltration indices.

• RUN-OFF AND HYDROGRAPH

Direct runoff and base flow; run off characteristics of streams, computation of runoff, rainfall runoff relationships, components of hydrograph and factors affecting shape of hydrograph, base flow separation, effective rainfall hyerograph, unit hydrograph theory, derivation of unit hydrograph of different duration

• GROUND WATER HYDROLOGY

Occurrence, distribution of ground water, specific yield of aquifers, flow of groundwater, Darcy's law, permeability, safe yield of a basin, compressibility of aquifer, storage coefficient, specific storage, hydraulics of wells under steady and introduction to unsteady condition in confined and unconfined aquifers, yield of wells, pumping and recuperation tests, types of tube wells.

(10 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	2	5

Classes and availability of soil water, available moisture depth, frequency of irrigation, relationship between duty, delta and base period, factors affecting duty, methods of improving duty, irrigation efficiencies, command areas, kharif, rabi and perennial crops, crop rotation, irrigation water requirement, design discharge of canal and storage capacity of reservoir based on irrigation requirement, types and methods of irrigation

• HYDRAULIC STRUCTURES

Introduction to various hydraulic structures including necessity, location, types of dams, investigations for reservoir planning, site selection, storage zones, yield, spillways, energy dissipation structures, canal falls, cross regulators, head regulators, canal escapes, canal outlets, cross drainage works. Important aspects of design of hydraulic structures.

• WATER LOGGING AND DRAINAGE

(03 Hours)

(08 Hours)

Definition, effects, causes and remedial measures of water logging, types of land drains, layout and spacing of tile drains, Leaching and salinity control.

[Total Lecturers: 45 hours, Tutorials: 15 hours]

24.Practical

- 1. Study of recording and non-recording rain gauges.
- 2. Study of pan evaporimeter.
- 3. Study of Infiltrometer.
- 4. Study of rainfall runoff relationship for given duration of storm.
- 5. Preparation of runoff hydrograph using rainfall simulator.
- 6. Study of rate of ground water recharge.
- 7. Study of Hele-Shaw apparatus.
- 8. Computation of water requirement of crops.
- 9. Computation of the reservoir capacity.
- 10. Study of sea water intrusion and associated problems.

25.Books Recommended

- 1. V P Singh, Elementary Hydrology, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, 1992.
- 2. K Subramanya, Engineering Hydrology, Tata Mc-Graw-Hill, New Delhi, 2013.
- 3. S K Garg, Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2011.
- 4. B C Punmia, Irrigation and Water Power Engineering, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi, 2016.
- 5. G L Asawa, Irrigation and Water Resources Engineering, New Age International, New Delhi, 2014.

5. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

 PO1
 PO2
 PO3
 PO4
 PO5
 PO6
 PO7
 PO8
 PO9
 PO10
 PO11
 PO12

CO1	3	2	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	3	1	1
CO2	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	3	2	1	1
CO3	2	1	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	1	1	3	3

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	1
CO2	3	2	1
CO3	3	2	1
CO4	1	2	3
CO5	2	1	3
1 Low	2 Mod	arata 3	High

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Τ	Р	С
3	1	2	5

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Apply the fundamental concept of limit state method for the design of concrete structural
	elements.
CO2	Use IS:456-2000 code of practice for the limit state design of concrete structural elements.
CO3	Design RC beams, slabs, columns.
CO4	Design of RC footings and Staircase.
CO5	Analyse earthquake resistant RC building frame.

2. Syllabus

INTRODUCTION

Materials for reinforced cement concrete (RCC) - Design loads - Concrete structural systems -Basis of structural design – Principles of limit state design – Characteristics strength and design strength - idealized stress - Strain curve for materials - Design codes.

LIMIT STATE DESIGN OF BEAMS UNDER FLEXURE AND SHEAR (12 Hours) •

Limit state of Collapse in Flexure – Design parameters of stress block – Analysis of singly reinforced rectangular sections - Moment of resistance - Design of singly and doubly reinforced rectangular section - Analysis and design of flanged beam sections. Behaviour of RC Beams under shear -Design shear reinforcement.

LIMIT STATE DESIGN OF SLABS •

Types of slabs - Behaviour of one way and two-way slabs - Design of one way simply supported and continuous slabs - Design of two-way slabs.

LIMIT STATE DESIGN OF COLUMNS •

Types of columns – Behaviour of axially loaded RC Columns-Uniaxial and Biaxial loaded column - Practical provision on Reinforcement Detailing.

LIMIT STATE DESIGN OF FOOTING •

Types of footings – General design consideration for RC Footings – Structural design of axially loaded isolated rectangular and circular footings - Analysis of footing subjected to vertical load and moments.

(06 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

LIMIT STATE DESIGN OF RC STAIRCASE

Types of staircases – Effective Span of staircases – Design of Dog-Legged staircase.

INTRODUCTION TO EARTHQUAKE RESISTANCE DESIGN (06 Hours)
 Principles for consideration of design earthquake forces – Ductility requirement and detailing –
 Lateral force analysis of building systems – Analysis of RC building under earthquake forces.
 (Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. <u>Tutorial</u>

•

- 1. Design of Singly / Doubly RC rectangular, T, L beams.
- 2. Design of one way and two-way RC slabs.
- 3. Design of Axially Loaded, UniAxially loaded and BiAxially Loaded RC columns
- 4. Design of RC footings
- 5. Design of RC Staircase.

4. Practical

- 1. Developing spreadsheet for the design of RC elements
- 2. Analysis and Design of RC building structure under lateral loading using software and prepare structural elements detailing drawing.

(Total: 30 hours)

(Total: 15 hours)

5. Books Recommended

- 1. S U Pillai and D Menon, Reinforced Concrete Design, 4th edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publication Ltd, New Delhi. 2022.
- 2. H J Shah, Reinforced Concrete, Vol-1: Part-I and II, 12th edition, Charotar Publishing House, Anand, 2021.
- 3. M L Gambhir, Design of Reinforced Concrete, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2023.
- 4. P C Varghese, Limit State Design of Reinforced Concrete, 2nd edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2022.
- 5. N Krishna Raju, Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures: IS 456-2000, 4th edition, CBS Publication, 2019.

6. <u>Mapping of COs and Pos</u>

PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	1	1
2	2	2	2	3	1	-	-	2	2	1	2
3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	3	2	2	2
3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	3	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	2	2	1	2
	PO1 1 2 3 3 3 3	PO1 PO2 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3	PO1 PO2 PO3 1 1 - 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 1 1 - - 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 1 1 - - 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 1 1 - - 1 - 2 2 2 2 3 1 3 3 3 2 3 - 3 3 3 2 3 - 3 3 3 3 2 3 - 3 3 3 3 3 2 -	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 1 1 - - 1 - - 2 2 2 2 3 1 - 3 3 3 2 3 - - 3 3 3 2 3 - - 3 3 3 3 3 2 -	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 1 1 - - 1 - - - 2 2 2 2 3 1 - - 3 3 3 2 3 - - - 3 3 3 2 3 - - - 3 3 3 2 3 - - - 3 3 3 3 2 3 - - -	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 1 1 - - 1 - - 2 2 2 2 2 3 1 - - 2 3 3 3 2 3 - - 3 3 3 3 3 2 3 - - 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 3 - - 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 - - 2	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 1 1 - - 1 - - 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 1 - - 2 2 3 3 3 2 3 - - - 3 2 3 3 3 2 3 - - - 3 2 3 3 3 2 3 - - - 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 2 - - 2 2	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 1 1 - - 1 - - 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 3 1 - - 2 2 1 3 3 3 2 3 - - - 2 2 1 3 3 3 2 3 - - - 3 2 2 3 3 3 2 3 - - - 3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 1

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

7. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO	1 PSO	2 PSO3
CO1	1	1	1
CO2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	2
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-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

(04 Hours)

Core Elective/Elective 5 6th Semester, 3rd Year UG

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the organizational setup and procedures in construction firms.
CO2	Analyze the tendering process and contract management principles.
CO3	Manage construction claims and apply alternative dispute resolution techniques.
CO4	Apply methods of valuation in real estate and construction projects.
CO5	Understand entrepreneurship development and intellectual property rights

2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION TO PROFESSION

Organisational set up, working of professional firms, office procedures, construction contracts, legal aspects, professional charges, the role of stakeholders, classification of contractors and projects, execution of work, book keeping, measurement book, store procedure, mode of payments, insurance.

• TENDERING AND CONTRACTING

Tender and tendering process, types of tenders and contracts, contract document, condition of contract, Indian contract act, improper work and defect liability period, liquidated damages, price escalation, contract breach, certificates and payments, duties and liabilities, sub contract, Introduction to The Indian Contract Act, 1872.

• CLAIMS AND ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION TECHNIQUES (09 Hours)

Sources of claims, claim management, causes of disputes, delay, negotiation, meditation, the Arbitration and Conciliation Act 1996, the purpose of arbitration, the powers and duties of arbitrator, arbitration and building contract. Types of arbitration, easement characteristics types, Introduction to FIDIC contract.

• VALUATION

Definition, market value, freehold and leasehold, sinking fund, depreciation methods of valuation, a rental method of valuation, land and building based development method of valuation, examples.

• ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

Concept need and scope of entrepreneurship, characteristic of entrepreneurship, forms of business organization.

• IPR AND PATENT ACT

Importance and scope, forms of IPR, patents, copy rights, trademarks, relevant acts.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

(10 Hours)

(12 Hours)

(03 Hours)

(03 Hours)

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(08 Hours)

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	0	4

- 11. B S Patil, Civil Engineering Contracts and Estimates, 4" Edition, Orient BlackSwan Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad, 2015.
- 12. B N Dutta, Estimating and Costing in Civil Engineering (Theory and Practice), 28'h Revised Edition, UBS Publishers' Distributors Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2016.
- 13. R H Namavati, Professional Practice, 1st Edition, Lakhani Book Depot, Mumbai, 2016.
- 14. S K Guha Thakurta and K R Shah, Manual of Construction Project Management, 1st Edition, Multitech Publishing Co., Mumbai, 2003.
- 15. K N Jha, Construction Project Management: Theory and Practice, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2015.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO3	2	2	2	1	1	3	1	3	1	3	3	2
CO4	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	3	1	3	3	2
CO5	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	2	2	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	2
CO5	3	2	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the concepts of air pollution sources and air pollutants.
CO2	Explain standards and legislation pertaining to air and noise pollution.
CO3	Understand the fate of pollutants through meteorology.
CO4	Explain the use of different air quality models for predicting air quality
CO5	Design air pollution control devices for particulate pollutants.

2. Syllabus

- SOURCES, MEASUREMENT AND ANALYSIS (05 Hours) Important air pollutants, their sources, characteristics and effects. Sampling and Analysis, Ambient
- air sampling, stack sampling, Air quality standards. • AIR QUALITY AND STANDARDS
 - Ambient air sampling, stack sampling, Air quality standards.
- AIR POLLUTION METEOROLOGY AND DISPERSION MODELS • (15 hours) Atmospheric motion, lapse rate, atmospheric stability, inversion, atmospheric dispersion, maximummixing depth, diffusion models, plume rise, effective and minimum stack height.
- **AIR POLLUTION CONTROL** • Characteristics of particulates. Filters, gravitational, centrifugal-multiple type cyclones, prediction of collection efficiency, pressure drop, Wet collectors, Electrostatic Precipitator theory-particle charging-particle collection-ESP design procedure. Control of gaseous pollutants. adsorption, absorption. Emission control in coal-fired power plants and other important industries. Condensation and incineration **OTHER TOPICS**
- Noise pollution and control, odour pollution and control, indoor air pollution

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. H D Nevers, Air Pollution Control Engineering, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2000.
- 2. K Wark, C F Warner and W Davis, Air Pollution: Its Origin and Control, Harper and Row, New York, 1998.
- 3. M N Rao, Air Pollution, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2004.
- 4. R D Griffin, Principles of Air Quality Management, CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2006.
- 5. H S Peavy, D R Rowe and G Tchobanoglous, Environmental Engineering, McGraw-Hill, New Delhi,

(05 Hours)

(15 hours)

(05 hours)

2004.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
CO2	1	1	0	1	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	0
CO3	3	2	1	3	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	0	2	0	3	0	2	0	2	3

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	0	3
CO2	1	0	3
CO3	2	1	2
CO4	2	1	3
CO5	3	2	3

L	Τ	Р	С
3	1	0	4

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Illustrate the principle of ground improvement and identification of weak deposit					
CO2	Identify the Geosynthetics and its application in Civil Engineering Project					
CO3	Execute the ground improvement using stabilization and grouting technique					
CO4	Design the ground improvement methods as per site requirements using national/international codal guidelines					
CO5	Design of stone column and sand drain/PVD as per codal guidelines					

2. Svllabus

INTRODUCTION

Role of ground improvement in foundation engineering, Weak deposit, Classification of Ground Improvement Techniques, Principle of Ground Improvement, Factors affecting selection of Ground improvement Techniques.

HYDRAULIC MODIFICATION •

Methods of Dewatering, Design steps of Dewatering systems, Precompression and Vertical drain, Pre loading with sand drains. Radial consolidation combined vertical and radial consolidation.

IN-SITU DESIFICATION OF SOIL

Dynamic compaction, Design of dynamic compaction by FHWA guidelines, Vibrotory compaction in sands, Vibroflotation, Blasting, Vibro compaction piles, Stone Columns, Methods of Installation of stone column, Design of stone column as per IS:15284.

EARTH REINFORCEMENT

Geo-synthetics, Geo-synthetics applications of reinforced earth. Different types of walls like wrap-around walls, full-height panel walls, discrete-facing panel walls, modular block walls. Design methods as per ASD method, construction of steep slopes with reinforcement layers on competent soils.

GROUTING AND STABILIZATION

Grouting principle and design, Suitability of methods of stabilization and Grouting, Suspension and solution grout, Injection methods, electrochemical stabilization, Stabilization with cement, lime and chemicals, stabilization of expansive clays.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

(08 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(12 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(10 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. J Han, Principles and Practice of Ground Improvement, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, 2018.
- 2. M R Hausmann, Engineering Principles of Ground Modification, McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New York, 2013.
- 3. K Kirsch, A Bell, Ground Improvement, CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2012.
- 4. S K Gulhati and M Datta, Geotechnical Engineering, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, New Delhi, 2017.
- 5. S Mittal, An Introduction to Ground Improvement Engineering, Medtech, Delhi, 2013.
- 6. Design guidelines from IS code, FHWA, BS and other codal organizations.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	2
CO3	2	1	2
CO4	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	2
Matur	lated 1	I T arre	2 Mada

L	Τ	Р	С
3	1	0	4

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Illustrate the basic concept of the geotechnical earthquake engineering and identify the basic competence in assessing seismic hazard and in characterising earthquake actions
CO2	Identify and select various seismic terminology, measurements and geotechnical aspects of earthquake engineering
CO3	Determine the dynamic soil properties using basis of the wave propagation theory
CO4	Evaluate various earthquake forces for different geotechnical structures
CO5	Predict the behaviour and design the foundation subjected to earthquake loading

2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION TO GEOTECHNICAL EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING

(02 Hours)

Scope and objective, Nature and types of earthquake loading, Importance of Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering

• SEISMOLOGY AND EARTHQUAKES

Engineering Seismology Basic Seismology, Earthquake, List of major earthquakes, Causes of earthquakes, Sources of earthquake data, Faults, Plate tectonics, Seismograph and Seismogram, Prediction of Earthquakes, Protection against earthquake damage, Origin of Universe, Layers of Earth, Theory of Continental Drift, Hazards due to earthquakes

• STRONG GROUND MOTION (PARAMETERS AND ESTIMATION (09 Hour)

Strong Ground Motion Size of Earthquake, Magnitude and Intensity of Earthquake, Modified Mercalli Intensity Scale, Measuring of Earthquake, Earthquake Magnitude Local (Richter) magnitude, surface wave magnitude, Moment magnitude, Seismic energy, Correlations. Spectral Parameters: Peak Acceleration, Peak Velocity, Peak Displacement, Frequency Content and duration.

• SEISMIC HAZARD ANALYSIS

Identification of seismic sources, Deterministic and Probabilistic Analyses

• WAVE PROPAGATION (1D AND 3D)

Elastic response of continua, one dimensional Waves in layered media, Mohorovicic discontinuity and Gutenberg Discontinuity, Seismic Travel Time Curve, Three Circle Method for locating an Earthquake's Epicentre

• DYNAMIC SOIL PROPERTIES AND GRA

Laboratory and Field Determination, Correlations of different soil parameters, Liquefaction (basics, evaluation and effects), Liquefaction hazard map, Lateral Spreading, Ground response analysis, Local site effects and Design ground motions.

(08 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(08 Hours)

• CASE STUDIES IN EARTHQUAKE GEOTECHNICS (08 Hours)

Seismic Analysis and Design of Various Geotechnical Structures, Pseudo-static method, Pseudo dynamic method, other dynamic methods, Seismic slope stability analysis, Behaviour of reinforced soil under seismic conditions, seismic design of shallow foundations, seismic

design of pile foundations, seismic uplift capacity of ground anchors, Codal provisions/guidelines for seismic design of geotechnical structures.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. B A Bolt, Earthquakes, Centennial Update, W. H. Freeman, New York, 2005.
- 2. S L Kramer, Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1996.
- 3. I Towhata, Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering, Springer, Berlin, 2008.
- 4. M Srbulov, Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering Simplified Analyses with Case Studies and Examples, Springer, Dordrecht, 2008.
- 5. D Day, Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering Handbook, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2012.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	2	1	1	
CO2	2	2	2	
CO3	2	1	2	
CO4	3	3	3	
CO5	3	3	3	
NI-4	1.4.1 1	1 T	2 M. 1 .	 2

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Illustrate the requirement of formwork; classify the formwork systems and their selection; and choose
	the appropriate material.
CO2	Determine the expected loads on formwork systems and calculate the permissible values.
CO3	Design of formwork systems for the construction of various structural members.
CO4	Analysis of load distribution on shores and slabs in multi-story building frames.
CO5	Analysis the causes of formwork failures and find their preventive measures; study the applications of
	various special formwork.

2. Syllabus

INTRODUCTION

Formwork and falsework; Requirement of formwork; Selection of formwork; Classifications of formwork; Materials for formwork

FORMWORK DESIGN CONCEPTS

Loads on formwork systems; Design aspects and assumptions; Permissible stresses and deflections as per IS codes

FORMWORK FOR FOUNDATIONS AND WALLS

Various components of formwork for foundations and walls and their design; Proprietary wall formwork systems

FORMWORK FOR COLUMNS

Various components of formwork for columns and their design; Proprietary column formwork systems; Disposable column formwork

FORMWORK FOR BEAMS AND SLABS

Various components of formwork for beams and slabs and their design; proprietary beam and slab formwork systems

FORMWORK IN MULTI-STORY BUILDING CONSTRUCTION (08 Hours)

Shoring, reshoring, back-shoring and pre-shoring; Striking and cycle time; Simplified analysis and their assumptions and limitations; Load distribution on shores and slabs in multi-story building frames; Calculating the strength of the concrete slab at a given point in time

FORMWORK FAILURES

Causes of formwork failures; Deficiencies in designing; Preventive measures; Safety in formwork operations

SPECIAL FORMWORK

(05 Hours)

(03 Hours)

(06 Hours)

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(05 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(02 Hours)

Flying formwork: table forms, tunnel formwork, column-mounted shoring systems, gang forms; Slip formwork; Formwork for precast concrete; Formwork for bridge structures

(Total Lectures: 45 Hours)

- <u>TUTORIAL:</u> PREDICTION OF LATERAL PRESSURE OF CONCRETE (02 hours) Prediction of lateral pressure of concrete on various components of formwork systems using (i) CIRIA (Construction Industry Research and Information Association); (ii) ACI (American Concrete Institute); (iii) DIN (Deutsche Institut für Normung); and IS (Indian Standard) methods
- <u>TUTORIAL:</u> DESIGN OF VARIOUS COMPONENTS IN FORMWORK SYSTEMS (08 hours) Design of sheeting, wales, studs, stringers, joists/battens, shores, ties for the formwork systems for the footings, columns, walls, beams and slabs.
- <u>TUTORIAL:</u> LOAD DISTRIBUTION IN SLABS AND SHORES (05 hours) Determine load distribution in slabs and shores for one, two, three and four levels of shores; two levels of shores and one level of reshores with the following loading conditions (i) Dead load only; and (ii) Dead load and construction live load.

(Total Tutorials: 15 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. Jha, K.N., Formwork and scaffold Engineering, First Edition, Pearson India Education Services Private Limited, 2023.
- 2. Jha, K.N., Formwork for concrete structures, Second Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
- 3. Peurifoy, R.L. and Oberlender, G.D., Formwork for concrete structures, McGraw Hill, 2011.
- 4. Raghavan, K.P., Natarajan, S. and Tamilarasu, V., Formwork management in construction, Khanna Book Publishing, 2024.
- 5. Brett, P., Formwork and concrete practice, Butterworth-Heinemann Ltd, 1988.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	3
CO2	3	1	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	1	2	1
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	2	1
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	3	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	3	1
CO2	2	3	2
CO3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	2
CO5	3	2	1

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

The students will be required to solve at least five examples and related theories from each topic as part of

3. <u>Tutorials</u>

Towers.

Engineering Aspects - Light and Ventilation. **DESIGN OF INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES**

PLANNING OF INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES

Types of Loads - Structural configurations - Components of a typical industrial building and overview of design procedure - Analysis of industrial buildings and Gable frames - Analysis of columns supporting Crane Girders.

LARGE SPAN STRUCTURES

Cable roofs - Types of cable roofs - Analysis of a cable subjected to concentrated loads and uniformly distributed load - Complexities in the analysis of a cable roof - Overview of deep beams, Virrendel Girder, Castellated Girders - Introduction to earthquake effects

- SILOS AND BUNKERS •
 - Concept of Angle of Repose Pressure distribution Dynamic loads Stability of bunkers Foundations
- **TOWERS and MASTS** •
 - Types of towers and masts Indian Standards Requirements Analysis and Design
- FOUNDATIONS FOR INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES • (04 Hours) Machine foundations - General requirements - Design criteria - General analysis - Design of a block foundation for vertical compressor - Vibration Isolation - Foundations for Chimney and Microwave

2. Syllabus

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CE 344 Design of Industrial Structures

CO1	Classify the various industrial structures considering the statutory requirements.
CO2	Establish the relationship between various design parameters, analyse and design the
	components of industrial buildings and gable frames.
CO3	Analyse and design the long span structures, silos and bunkers.
CO4	Analyse and design the towers and masts.
CO5	Evaluate the design parameters to design the foundation for industrial structures

(08 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(13 Hours)

(07 Hours) Classification of industries and local regulations - Factors affecting planning - General Aspects - Civil

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(09 Hours)

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

(Total Tutorials: 15 hours)

4. Books Recommended

- 16. N Subramanian, Steel Structure Design Practice, Oxford Press, Oxford, 2013.
- 17. M R Shiyekar, Limit State Design in Structural Steel, PHI Learning Private Ltd., Delhi, 2013.
- 18. P Srinivasula, Handbook of Machine Foundation, First Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publications, New Delhi, 2000.
- 19. Ramchandra and V Gehlot, Design of Steel Structures, Seventh Edition, Standard Book House, New Delhi, 2017.
- 20. M Raghupati, Design of Steel Structures, First Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publication, New Delhi, 2003.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1
CO5	3	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	1
CO2	3	1	3
CO3	3	1	3
CO4	3	1	3
CO5	3	1	2

⁻Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand different types of seismic hazards
CO2	Comprehend different types of structural control methods
CO3	Design a stable structural configuration for vibration control
CO4	Design a vibration control technique for different types of dynamic induced loadings
CO5	Describe about different types of energy dissipating devices.

2. <u>Syllabus</u>

• SEISMIC HAZARD

Different types of Seismic Hazard, Mitigation of Seismic Hazard, Continental Drift and Plate Tectonics, Elastic Rebound Theory, Deterministic Seismic Hazard analysis, Probabilistic Seismic Hazard analysis, Effects of local Site Conditions on Ground Motion, Liquefaction.

STRUCTURAL CONFIGURATION FOR VIBRATION CONTROL (15 Hours) • Structural Configuration for wind and seismic vibration control, Concept of plan irregularities, soft storey, Torsion in buildings, Design provisions as per Indian codes, The effect of infill masonry walls on frames. Modelling concepts of infill masonry walls, Behaviour of masonry

SEISMIC CONTROL OF STURCTURES

building during earthquake.

Passive control, hybrid control, semi active control, Principle of base isolation, Theory of vibration isolation, Components of base isolation, Linear and Nonlinear procedures of isolation design, Application of theory to multiple degree of freedom system, Laminated rubber bearing, lead rubber bearing, high damping rubber bearing, friction pendulum system, Modelling of isolation bearings, Design process for multilayered elastomeric bearings and buckling behaviour of elastomeric bearings, Isolation system testing, Metallic yield dampers, friction dampers, viscoelastic dampers, tuned mass dampers, tuned liquid dampers, Shape memory alloy dampers, Application to multistorey buildings.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours, Tutorials: 15 hours)

3. Tutorial

The theoretical questions and numerical will be given as assignment to the students based on theory

4. References

1. Chopra, A.K., "Dynamics of Structures – Theory and Applications to Earthquake Engineering", 4th Edition, Pearson Education. 2011

2. Ashok K.Jain, "Dynamics of Structure with MATLAB Applications", Pearson, 2017.

3. Datta, T. K. "Seismic analysis of structures". John Wiley & Sons, 2010

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

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4. Suhasini Madhekar and Vasant Matsagar "Passive Vibration Control of Structures", Routledge, 2020 . 5. Ou, J. "Structural Vibration Control: Active, Semi-active and Intelligent Control", 2004

5. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	2	2	1
CO2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO4	2	3	3	2	3	1	2	1	3	3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	3	3	3	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	3
CO2	3	1	3
CO3	2	1	3
CO4	3	1	3
CO5	3	1	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CE 348 Public Transport Planning

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Synthesize urban growth with transit system needs.
CO2	Plan and execute appropriate transit data collection scheme.
CO3	Generate transit demand patterns and design the system.
CO4	Analyse the demand and recommend suitable network size and configuration for transit.
CO5	Carry out performance evaluation of transit operations.

2. Syllabus

• TRANSIT SYSTEMS

Growth history- Urban growth & transit evolution - Types of Transit Modes - Buses - LRT, RTS Air cushioned and Maglev System - S-Bahn Dual Mode Busses, Para Transit - Dial - a- Ride- Taxi- Jitney and Ridesharing- PRT Networks -DRTS Technological Characteristics Resistances, acceleration & velocity Profiles- Operational characteristics speed, capacity & payloads- Route capacity- Comfort conditions - Performance relationships - Public and Private Operations – Modes for Intercity Transport.

• ESTIMATION OF TRANSIT DEMAND

Data requirements & Collection techniques, Conventional Methods - Destination Survey - Transit Stop & Ride Surveys and Analysis - Mode Split Models - Captive and Choice Riders - Attitudes of Travelers - Patronage Determination.

• TRANSIT DESIGN

Frequency & headway determination methods- Rail operation design- Bus operation design - Way capacity & Station capacity- Transit level of service.

• TRANSIT ROUTE NETWORK PLANNING

Route Systems - Route Location, Route Structure, Route Coding Techniques, Route Capacity - Planning of Transit Network - Different Types - Service Area Coverage - Evaluation - Selection of Optimal Network - Path Building Criteria - Integration with UTPS.

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(06 Hours)

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• SCHEDULING

(06 Hours)

Patterns of transit Services - Frequency of Services - Special Services - Single Route Bus Scheduling - Fleet Requirement, Marginal Ridership Concept - Use of Optimization Technique - Load Factor - Depot Location - Spacing of Bus Stops.

- MASS TRANSIT CORRIDOR IDENTIFICATION AND PLANNING (06 Hours) Corridor identification - Network Compression Method - Planning of Rapid Transit System - System Selection
 - Aesthetics and Noise Consideration - Cost of Construction - Station Arrangements - Platform Capacity - Fare Structure, Transit Marketing.
- **TRANSIT TERMINALS AND PERFORMANCE EVALUATION** (05 Hours) Performance Evaluation- Efficiency, Capacity, Productivity and Utilization- Performance Evaluation Techniques and Application- System Network Performance- Transit Terminal Planning and Design.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. A Ceder, Public Transit Planning and Operation: Theory, Modelling and Practice, B-H Elsevier Ltd., Massachussets, 2007.
- 2. C J Khisty, L B Kent, Transportation Engineering An Introduction, Prentice-Hall, New Jersey, 2005.
- 3. C S Papacostas and P D Prevedouros, Transportation Engineering & Planning, PHI, New Delhi,2002.
- 4. V R Vuchic, Urban Public Transportation: Systems & Technology, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, 2007.
- 5. P Sarkar, V Maitry, G J Joshi, Transportation Planning Principles, Practices & Policies, PHI, New Delhi, 2014.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	1	3	2	0	2	2	2	3	2	1
CO2	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	2	1	1	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	0	1	2	1	2
CO4	2	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO5	2	2	3	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	0	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3
CO3	2	1	1
CO4	2	1	1
CO5	3	3	2
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0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CE 352 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT OF PAVEMENTS

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Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Prepare Model Concession Agreement for various types of PPP models of project implementation for operation and maintenance of highways.
CO2	Assign the priorities of maintenance by identifying significant factors influencing the project.
CO3	Evaluate the functional and structural condition of existing pavement.
CO4	Identify the pavement distresses and suggest suitable maintenance strategies.
CO5	Design the overlays for the existing pavement using various approaches using BBD and FWD.

Syllabus

INTRODUCTION

and maintenance (O&M) of the Project Highway - Model Concession Agreement (MCA) for various types of PPP projects -Management and Organization - Project Cycle -Levels of Management - Administration and Logistics - Site Management Road Maintenance - Approach - Organization -Management Activities.

OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

Inventory - Assessment of Maintenance Requirements - Drainage - Running Surface - Structures - Setting Priorities - Planning Maintenance Works - Implementation Work Activities and Task Rates - Tools for Maintenance Works - Reporting and Monitoring.

PAVEMENT EVALUATION

concept of pavement evaluation - Evaluation of pavement performance - Structural capacity -Distress – Safety.

PAVEMENT DISTRESS •

and functional - serviceability - fatigue cracking - pavement deformation and low temperature shrinkage cracking - factors affecting performance - relation between performance and distress -Methods of performance surveys - Methods of measuring defects - Pavement - Life studies.

• DISTRESS MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

Functional and structural evaluation - Functions parameters such as roughness - Distress, rutting - Skid resistance etc. - structural parameters such as structural capacity - Benkelman beam - bump integrator

(05 Hours) Operation

(08 Hours) General

(08 Hours) Road

(08 Hours) Structural

(08 Hours)

- demonstration of equipment's for dynamic testing of pavements (LWD) - pavement skid resistance measuring equipment's - fatigue testing equipment.

• DESIGN OF OVERLAYS

Overlays - Design Methodologies - Flexible overlays - Rigid overlays - design of overlay by Benkelman beam and falling weight Deflectometer - Asphalt Institute Method - Portland Cement Association Method, -AASHTO Method.

(Total Lectures: 45 Hours)

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	-	1	3	2	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- 1. R Hass, W R Hudson and J Zaniewski, Modern Pavement Management, Krieger Publishing Company, Melbourne, 1994.
- 2. Y H Huang, Design of Functional Pavements, Pearson Prentice Hall, Singapore, 2004.
- 3. E J Yoder, and M W Witczak, Principles of Pavement Design, John Wiley and sons, New Jersey, 1975.
- 4. L R Kadiyali, Principles & Practice of Highway Engineering, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2003.
- 5. Relevant IRC code & Infrastructure development form Planning commission of India Publication, MoRTH Publications.

(08 Hours) Types of

CO1: Comprehend, represent and analyze the variation of traffic flow characteristics at microscopic and macroscopic levels using trajectory data

CO2: Recognize various car-following theories for identifying key factors affecting driving behavior and traffic performance

CO3: Evaluate traffic stability and efficiency for varying roadway and traffic conditions by means of design and control parameters

CO4: Solve real world transportation problems using queuing theory

CO5: Apply programming and simulation skillset to interpret and analyze data pertaining to traffic and transportation engineering problems

• TRAFFIC STREAM CHARACTERISTICS

Measurement of microscopic and macroscopic traffic flow characteristics using loop detectors; Timespace plots; density measurement techniques, gap acceptance behavior. Use of counting, interval and translated distributions for describing Vehicle Arrivals, Headways, driver reaction times, Speeds, Gaps and Lags under varying roadway and traffic conditions. Vehicle-following, lane-changing, lateral and longitudinal vehicular movements under homogeneous and heterogeneous traffic conditions, identifying vehicle-following pairs using vehicular trajectory data numerical simulation of car-following behaviour.

• TRAFFIC STREAM MODELS

Fundamental Equation of Traffic Flow, continuity equation and its assumptions, Speed-Flow-Concentration Relationships(Fundamental and Macroscopic Fundamental Diagrams), Pedestrian stream models, Normalized Relationship, Fluid Flow Analogy Approach, Gas-kinematic models, Shock-Wave Theory, Car-Following Theory, Advanced Car-Following Models, Psycho-physical models, Traffic Flow Stability, Social-force models, Hysteresis based behavioral studies, two-fluid model, driver behaviour modelling under heterogeneous traffic conditions, Introduction to two-dimensional modelling approach.

• SHOCKWAVE ANALYSIS:

Shock wave equations; Types of shockwaves and propagation; Shock waves at toll gates, Signalized intersections, Shockwaves due to incidents; Shockwaves due to bottlenecks, Shockwave analysis on flow-density diagram and using simulation.

• QUEUING ANALYSIS

Fundamentals of Queuing Theory, Demand Service Characteristics, Deterministic Queuing Models, Stochastic Queuing Models, Multiple Service Channels, Models of Delay at Intersections and Pedestrian Crossings, Queuing examples and numerical analysis; Determination of number of servers, Average time and vehicles in Queuing system.

• TRAFFIC SIMULATION:

Monte Carlo method; Generation of Pseudorandom Numbers; Discrete Random deviates; Simulation methods; Fundamentals of simulation, Introduction to factorial experimental designs, Fractional factorial design, Components of traffic simulations models, vehicle arrival and movement models, mixed traffic flow simulation, Simulation model development strategies; Study of large scale simulation models;

(06 Hours)

(12 Hours)

(07 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(10 Hours)

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Scanning Technique; Time based and Even-based methods; Examples of Macroscopic, Mesoscopic, and Microscopic based simulation models, Calibration and Validation of Simulation Models; methodology for calibrating and validating a microscopic traffic simulation model; Case studies of application of simulation for various transportation engineering problems.

(Total contact hours: 45)

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	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2		1		1	1		2			1
CO2	3	2	1	2	1	1	1		1	1		
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	1	1		1	1	-	
CO4	2	2	3	3	2	2	2		1	1		
CO5	1	1	2	2	3	2	2		1	2		2

Mapping of COs and POs

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	1

Note: 1: Slightly 2: Moderately 3: Substantially

REFERNCES

- 1. Boris S. Kerner, Introduction to Modern Traffic Flow Theory and Control, Springer; 1st Edition. Edition, 2009
- 2. Drew, DR., Traffic flow theory and control McGraw Hill Book Company, 1976.
- 3. Fred L. Mannering, Scott S. Washburn, Kilareski Walter P., Principles of Highway Engineering and Traffic Analysis, Wiley India Pvt Ltd., 4th edition, 2011.
- 4. Gerlough DL and Huber MJ. Traffic Flow Theorya Monograph: TRB special report 165, 1992.
- 5. Highway Capacity Manual, Transportation Research Board, Washington, D.C., 2010.
- 6. May, A.D. Traffic Flow Fundamentals, Prentice Hall, 1st Edition, 1990.
- 7. Mc Shane WR and RP Roess: Traffic Engineering Prentice Hall, 1998.
- 8. Roger P. Roess, E. S. Prassas and W. R. McShane, Traffic Engineering, Prentice Hall, 4th edition, 2010.
- 9. Barceló, J. "Models, Traffic Models, Simulation, and Traffic Simulation". Barceló, J. ed. Fundamentals of traffic simulation. New York: Springer, 2010.
- 10. Banks, J; Carson, JS; Nelson, B.L. Discrete-event system simulation. 5th ed. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice-Hall, 2010.
- 11. Clifford S., E. S. Park, Laurence R. R., Transportation Statistics and Microsimulation, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis group, 2011.
- 12. Neylor, T.H. et al., Computer Simulation Techniques, John Wiley, 1966
- 13. Winnie Daamen, Christine Buisson, Serge P. Hoogendoorn, Traffic Simulation and Data: Validation Methods and Applications, CRC Press, 2014

14. Edward Chung, Andre-Gilles Dumont, Transport Simulation: Beyond Traditional Approaches, CRC Press, 2009.

<u>1.</u> <u>Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the concept of rural planning and development
CO2	Interrelate the concept of agriculture development
CO3	Review national policies and technologies used in rural development.
CO4	Recognize institutions and organization setup of rural areas.
CO5	Perceive the concept of Rurban and related terminology.

<u>2.</u> <u>Syllabus</u>

• INTRODUCTION:

Introduction: Meaning and Scope and overview of rural development: Historical perspective – Rural Development Programmes in India. Problem / perception and identification; Rural Area Planning – Programmes / Policies / Schemes for rural development, their coverage and outcomes;

• RURAL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT:

Programme of Rural planning and developments, Backward Area Development Programme, North Eastern Development Programme. Impacts and Implications of Rural policies on rural and urban development. Planning of village centre. Planning and management of village clusters. Low cost

• **PROFILE OF RURAL SETTLEMENTS:**

Definitions need growth, distribution and classification of rural settlements, size from function and morphology of rural settlements.

• RURAL SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS:

Types, activity, environment and economic interface in rural habitat, technology in rural settlement; Mobility between rural and Urban Areas.

• TECHNOLOGY FOR RURAL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT:

Understating different missions, ICT in rural development, Rural Information system, Weather forecasting, disaster minimization, market information, etc. E-Panchayats, energy efficient technologies and alternative technologies

• RURAL INSTITUTIONS AND ORGANISATIONS:

Rural bank, Co-operatives, marketing and public administration Zila Parishad, Block Semity and Gram-Panchayat, powers and function of recently proposed Panchayat Raj Bill., Panchayati Raj Institution (PRI) Various Programs, Hierarchy of Panchayati Raj Institution, White revolution and Economy change in Rural development. Export promotion and SEZ Zones are identified in rural areas

(Total Lectures: 45 Hours)

<u>3.</u> <u>Books Recommended</u>

- 1. Ramchandran H., Village Clusters and rural Development, Concept Publ. Co., New Delhi.
- 2. Planning Commission "Manual of Integrated District Planning 2006" Planning Commission, New Delhi

(06 Hours)

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(10 Hours)

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(0	6	Hours)	

- 3. Government of India, "Various Five Year Plans (1st to 12th)" Planning Commission, New Delhi
- 4. Govt. of Kerala "Kollam Perspective Plan 2009" Department of Town & Country planning, Thiruvanantpuram
- 5. Cokke, B. and Kothari, U (Eds.) (2001), People's Knowledge, Participation and Patronage, London: ZED Books.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5.Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3				
CO1	3	2	3				
CO2	3	2	3				
CO3	3	3	3				
CO4	3	2	2				
CO5	3	2	3				
0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate							

3-High

CE358: URBAN LAND MANAGEMENT

<u>1.</u> <u>Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the significance of Urban Land Management.
CO2	Understand Land as Resources and its related terminology.
CO3	Postulate dynamics of Urban Land market.
CO4	Identify legal aspects of development and their impacts on real estate development
CO5	Apply land management techniques to manage urban growth

2. Syllabus

• LAND MARKET DYNAMICS:

Concept, Scope, Principles, Land Use and Land Value, Parameters of Land dynamics market mechanism and land use pattern, Land Revenue Code, Land use restriction; compensation and acquisition, Urbanisation and land price speculations

• LAND ECONOMICS:

Economics and Principles of land use, Development of land and real properties, Land Development charges and betterment levy PPP in urban land development & case studies

• LAND POLICIES AND PRACTICES AND TECHNIQUES:

Policy: Concept, Need, Objective, Significance, Factor influencing location decision, Analysis of location of specific land use like residential-industrial commercial and institutional in intra regional as well as inter regional level Case studies of various land use policies and practices at national, state, district and settlement level, Land acquisition and land pooling techniques, Process of virgin agricultural land converted into fiscal Resources

• LEGAL ASPECTS:

Provisions of Land Acquisition Act, Urban Land Ceiling Act and Conservation Act, Town planning Acts, Origin, Objectives and applications. Building Bye-laws-Formations, Provisions and implications. Impacts on real estate developments.

(Total Lectures: 45 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. Lall S. V. (2009), Urban Land Markets: Improving Land Management for Successful Urbanization, Springer.
- 2. Randolph J. (2012), Environmental Land use planning and Management, 2nd ed, Island Press.
- 3. Berke P. R. (2009), Urban Land use Planning, 5th ed, Chicago: University of Illinois Press.
- 4. Deakin M.(2016), 'Meethodologies, Models and Instruments for Rural and Urban Land Management', Routledge
- 5. Christopher C, (2011), 'Growth Management and Public Land Acquisition: Balancing Conservation and Development', Routledge

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

(08 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(11 Hours)

D 1

(16 Hours)

4. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	3	2	3	
CO2	3	2	3	
CO3	3	3	3	
CO4	3	2	2	
CO5	3	2	3	
0-Not rel	ated 1	-Low	2-Moderat	e

3-High

CE362 HOUSING

<u>1.</u> Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the housing forms and their relationship with urban areas.
CO2	Review the policies, norms, bylaws, and housing schemes in the Indian context.
CO3	Discuss housing scenarios, housing finance, the housing market, and the role of stakeholders
CO4	Compare housing typologies in the context of different climatic conditions
CO5	Design and plan residential areas considering socio-economic factors.

2. Svllabus

• PLANNING OF RESIDENTIAL AREAS:

Household and housing, housing requirement for different sections of society, building byelaws, development controls, housing projects layouts, Neighbourhood planning, design standards and their significance in housing process, socio-economic and aesthetic, environmental factors affecting layouts, various concepts of layout planning, row and multi storied housing, layout optimization techniques, appropriate DU design.

• HOUSING FOR URBAN POOR:

Process of slum formation, causes and consequences, approaches to tackle the Challenge of slums. Housing Evaluation for urban Poor, Aerial and cluster standards, materials, social amenities and services, locational parameters, Policies. Housing schemes, relocation, rehabilitation, in-situ upgradation, etc.

• HOUSING POLICIES & FINANCE:

Housing policies, Co-operative housing, Role of Central, State, Urban Local Bodies private and public sectors. Roles of financing institutes, Housing Boards, HUDCO, NHB, HFIs, various international donor/financing agencies, micro finance institutions, rural housing finance.

• HOUSING MARKETS:

Concepts and definitions of housing market, area, the purpose and nature of housing market studies; factors affecting housing prices, housing market behaviour, estimation of housing need, housing demand ,The formal and informal housing markets and their impact on urban poor, public, Co-operative and private sector.

• CASE STUDIES:

Case studies of housing projects at National and International Level, Housing for different climatic conditions, institute housing, Mass Housing, Affordable Housing, Transit and Temporary Shelters, Integrated Housing Schemes energy efficient design, Methodology for formulation of housing projects.

(Total Lectures: 45 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

1. Dwivedi R. M., (2007), "Urban development and housing in India 1947-2007" New Century Publications, New Delhi.

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(12 Hours)

(09 Hours)

(**08 Hours**)

(06 Hours)

(**10 Hours**)

- 2. James A. LaGro Jr. (2008), "Site Analysis A Contextual Approach to Sustainable Land Planning and Site Design", John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey
- 3. Khanna P. N., (2019), "Indian Practical Civil Engineers Handbook", Engineers Publishers
- 4. Goswami D., (2012), "Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation", SAAD Publications, Delhi
- 5. Kishor C. (2008), "Informal Sector: Concept, Dynamics, Linkages & Migration", Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
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0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	3	2	3	
CO2	3	2	3	
CO3	3	3	3	
CO4	3	2	2	
CO5	3	2	3	
0-Not rel	lated	l-Low	2-Modera	ate 3-High

	L	Т	Р	Credit
CE 364 Fundamental of GIS and Remote Sensing	3	0	2	04

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Explain the fundamentals of Remote Sensing
CO2	Identify digital image processing.
CO3	Explain fundamentals and processes of GIS.
CO4	Create different types of database.
CO5	Solve complex civil engineering problems using GIS and RS

2. Syllabus

Introduction	(04 Hours)
Basics of GIS and Remote Sensing, Usefulness in Civil Engineering	
Fundamental of Remote Sensing	(08 Hours)
Basics of Remote Sensing, Components of Remote Sensing, Principles of Remote Sensing,	
Energy Sources, Active and Passive Remote Sensing System, Electro Magnetic Radiation	
(EMR) and the Electromagnetic Spectrum, Interaction of EMR with the Earth's Surface and	
the Atmosphere, Various types of images and their uses, Usefulness in Civil Engineering	
Image Interpretation and Classification	(08 Hours)
Types of Satellite Imagery, Interpretation Procedure, Strategies, Keys, Equipment's, Image	
Resolutions, Classification and Analysis of Image, LULC Mapping, Concept of Image	
Processing, Rectification and Restoration, Enhancement of Image	
Fundamental of Geographic Information System (GIS)	(08 Hours)
Overview of GIS, Geographical concepts and terms, Working pattern of GIS, Applications	
and benefits of GIS, Usefulness in Civil Engineering	
GIS Data Sets and Data Models	(08 Hours)
Input data to GIS, Digitization and scanning from maps, Input from satellite images and from	
GPS, Registration of Image, Thematic layers and Projection System of Layers	
Spatial Data Models and Structures, Raster and Vector Data, Conversion, Storage and	
Compression Techniques, Database creation, Spatial and non-spatial Data, Database	
retrieval and management, Query from database	
Geospatial Analysis	(04 Hours)
Methods, Measurements, Analysis, GIS analysis functions, Implementation of GIS,	
Geovisualization	
Software and Applications	(05 Hours)
Study of Softwares related to RS and GIS, Salient features, Capabilities and Limitations,	
execution of Software and use of different tools in various applications in Civil Engineering	
like Flood Control, pollution parameter, conservation of natural sources, Traffic flow	
management and coastal zone management	
(Total Lectur	e Hours: 45)

3. <u>PRACTICALS / DRAWING*:</u>

- 6. Study of different types of Stereoscopes and Stereo pairs7. Study of various types of Satellite Images and its Interpretation

- 8. Study of ERDAS imagine Software's salient features and utility of different tools
- 9. Conversion of Image in to one format to another format
- 10. Preparation of Mosaics using ERDAS Imagine Software
- 11. Preparation of LULC mapping from the given image
- 12. Study of ArcGIS Software's salient features and use of different tools
- 13. Delineation of the given area using ArcGIS (Digitization)
- 14. Registration of satellite images using ArcGIS
- 15. Preparation of Digital Elevation Model from Contour
- 16. Preparation of Digital Elevation Model from Spot Heights (R.L.)
- 17. Preparation of 3D view of the area from DEM

4. **BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**

- 1. T M Lillesand and R W Kiefer, Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, John Willey, New York, 2015.
- 2. P A Burrrough and R A McDonnel, Principles of Geographic Information Systems, Oxford university press, 1998.
- 3. A M Chandra and S K Ghosh, Remote Sensing and Geographical information System, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2006.
- 4. B Bhatta, Remote Sensing and GIS, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. Stan Aronoff, Geographical Information Systems, WDL Publications, Ottawa, Canada, 1989.

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	1	0	0	1	3	1	3	2	1	1
CO2	2	2	1	0	0	1	2	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	3	2	3	3
	1-Lov	v í	2-Mode	erate	3-Hi	gh						

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	0	1
CO2	2	1	1
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	1	2	2
CO5	1	2	2

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CE 366 IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS ENGINEERING

L T P Credit 3 0 0 3

<u>1. Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Select appropriate irrigation technique.
CO2	Describe Soil-Water-Crop Relationship
CO3	Develop suitable models for various irrigation methods.
CO4	Design drainage system for irrigated lands.
CO5	Apply soil conservation measures and reclamation of salt affected land.

2. Syllabus

INTRODUCTION

Water resource in India and its present utilization, Development through five year plans, Roles of various commissions on irrigation and agriculture, National water policy, Types of irrigation, Irrigation methods and quality of irrigation water.

SOIL-WATER-CROP RELATIONSHIP

Determination of soil moisture, Estimation of consumptive use and frequency of irrigation, Irrigation efficiencies for economical use of water, Design of various irrigation methods, Assessment of water charges, Conjunctive use of surface and ground water, Multi-crop irrigation scheduling.

MODELLING OF IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Governing equations and their solutions, Computation of inundation front, Cumulative infiltration estimation, Modelling for sprinklers and other methods of irrigation, Water Audit in irrigation systems.

SALT-AFFECTED LAND AND ITS RECLAMATION

Salt accumulation in soil water, Classification of salts affecting the soils and their characteristics, Reclamation of saline and alkaline soils, Leaching and salinity control.

DRAINAGE OF IRRIGATED SOILS

Need and purpose of drainage, Water logging of agricultural land and its reclamation, Steady state and transient designs of surface and sub-surface drainage systems, Drainage by wells.

SOIL EROSION AND CONSERVATION

Water and wind erosion, Design of various types of soil conservation measures.

[Total Hours: 45 Hours]

3. References:

- 1. Asawa, G. L., "Irrigation and Water Resources Engineering", New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. Yaron, D., "Salinity in Irrigation and Water Resources", Morcel Dekker Inc. New York, 1981.
- 3. Michael A. M., "Irrigation Theory and Practice", S Chand publication, New Delhi, 2008 (Second Edition).

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(07 Hours)

- 4. Richard, H., and Cuenca, "Irrigation System Design: An Engineering Approach", Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1989.
- 5. Majumdar, D. K., "Irrigation Water Management Principles and Practice", PHI Publication New Delhi, 2013(Second Edition).
- 6. Central Water Commission,, "Guideline for Computing the Water Use Efficiency [WUE] of the Irrigation Projects, Performance Overview & Improvement Organisation, CWC.

	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12
CO-1	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	2	3
CO-2	3	1	1	2	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	2
CO-3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO-4	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	2	3	3	3
CO-5	1	1	2	3	3	2	1	1	3	2	3	2

5. Mapping of COs and POs

1-Low 2-Moderate

oderate 3-High

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3
CO-1	2	3	1
CO-2	2	3	1
CO-3	3	1	2
CO-4	1	2	3
CO-5	3	1	3

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CE 372

Ground Water Engineering

L	Т	Р	Credit
3	0	0	3

1. Course Objectives

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Explain the occurrence of ground water								
CO2	Understand the principles of well hydraulics and computation of aquifer yield								
CO3	Identification and conceptualization of Artificial recharge of ground water and Groundwater modeling techniques								
CO4	Analyse the problem of salt water intrusion								
CO5	Assess transport of pollutants in ground water								

2. Syllabus

INTRODUCTION

Occurrence of ground water, geological formations as aquifers, types of aquifers, ground water movement, Darcy's law, permeability and its measurement, tracing of ground water movement, fundamental equations for steady and unsteady ground water flow, flow nets, Ground Water Scenario of India.

WELL HYDRAULICS

Steady and unsteady flow in confined, semi-confined and unconfined aquifers, radial flow, superposition, multiple well system. Different methods of well construction; construction of well casings and screens, natural and artificial gravel packed wells. Safe yields, estimation, pumping and recuperation tests, Infiltration galleries.

ARTIFICIAL RECHARGE OF GROUND WATER

Ground-water replenishment, Artificial recharge of ground water, different methods, merits, demerits, selection criteria for various methods, cone of depression.

GROUNDWATER MODELING TECHNIQUES

Porous media models, analog models, electric analog models, digital computer models

SALT WATER INTRUSION

Concept, interface and its location, control of intrusion.

POLLUTANT TRANSPORT IN GROUND WATER

Pollutant transport, Plume Transport, source identification, tracer methods.

3. References:

- 1. Todd, D. K., and Mays, L. W., "Groundwater Hydrology", John Wiley publishers, 2011 (Third edition).
- 2. Bear J., "Hydraulics of Groundwater", Dover Publications, 2013.
- 3. Raghunath, H. M., "Groundwater and Well Hydraulics", New Age International Publishers, Delhi, 2007 (Third Edition)
- 4. Rastogi, A. K., "Numerical Groundwater Hydrology". Ulhas Phatak for Penra International (I) Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai, 2007.
- 5. Driscoll, F. G., "Groundwater and Wells", Johnson Filtration Systems Inc., Minnesota: 1986 (Second edition).

(08 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(15 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(04 Hours)

[Total Hours: 45 Hours]

(08 Hours)

5. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12
CO-1	1	1	2	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO-2	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2
CO-3	2	1	2	2	3	1	3	2	3	3	3	1
CO-4	2	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	2
CO-5	3	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	2

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3
CO-1	1	3	2
CO-2	2	3	3
CO-3	2	1	3
CO-4	1	3	3
CO-5	2	2	1

L	Т	Р	С
0	0	8	4

CE 374 Project I

Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify & formulate field problem related to the selected area of civil engineering and define the scope & objectives.
CO2	Synthesise relevant literature for solving the identified problem.
CO3	Develop the study methodology.
CO4	Carry out design of experiments related to field / laboratory / computational investigations.
CO5	Prepare comprehensive report on the preliminary activities related to the project and make its presentation.

Description

It will be taken up by the student at the end of the sixth semester and the duration would be of six months. This is aimed at engaging and empowering the students in hands-on learning. Enhancing their learning experience through mentoring relationships with faculty and provides them an effective career preparation direction and promotes interest in graduate education. The project report is expected to exhibit clarity of thought and expression, critical appreciation of the existing literature and analytical and /or experimental or design skill.

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
CO4	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO5	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	3	3	2	3	3

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3
CO2	2	2	1
CO3	3	3	2
CO4	0	0	2
CO5	1	3	3
	1, 1 1	I T	$\Delta M 1$

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

GLOBAL ELECTIVE/ELECTIVE 6 6th Semester, 3rd year

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyze characteristics of solid wastes with respect to waste-to-energy technologies.
CO2	Compare between different waste-to-energy technologies with respect to its applicability.
CO3	Design simple systems based on anaerobic digestion process.
CO4	Design simple thermal waste to energy systems.
CO5	Explain the limitations and applications of different waste to energy options.

2. Syllabus

• CHARACTERIZATION OF SOLID WASTES

Wastes and their classification, Important quality parameters, Wastes suitable for energy production, Municipal solid wastes and their availability in India, Characterisation of solid wastes, proximate and ultimate analysis, leaching properties, Energy content and heating value

• INCINERATION AND GASIFICATION

Incineration scope and application, Mechanism, air requirements, Performance factors, Feedstock characteristics, Incinerator working, Environmental impacts and issues, Basics of gasification, gasification products, syngas, gasifier types, Gasifiers for biomass and wastes, Comparison between incineration and gasification, Syngas utilization

• PYROLYSIS, GAS PURIFICATION

Mechanism, types, operating conditions, end products, properties of biooil, Densification of solids, efficiency improvement of power plant and energy production from waste plastics. Properties of gas produced through different routes, Gas clean up, removal of particulates

• ANAEROBIC PROCESSES

Anaerobic processes fundamentals, microbiology, pathways, pre-treatment, types and operation of anaerobic digester, Design of anaerobic digesters, Introduction to microbial fuel cells. Energy production from wastes through fermentation

• ALGAL BIOMASS FROM WASTEWATER AND ENERGY PRODUCTION (05 hours)

Characteristics of algal biomass, Cultivation and growth of algae, Reactor systems and harvesting, Biooil production from algal biomass Conversion processes, factors affecting yield, homogeneous and heterogeneous catalyst.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

Page **117** of

(10 hours)

(10 hours)

(10 hours)

(10 hours)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

- 1. M J Rogoff and F. Screve, Waste-to-Energy: Technologies and Project Implementation, Elsevier, Amsterdam, 2019.
- 2. G C Young, Municipal Solid Waste to Energy Conversion Processes, John Wiley and Sons, New Jersey, 2010.
- 3. J H Harker and J R Backhusrt, Fuel and Energy, Academic Press Inc., Cambridge, 1981.
- 4. H S Peavy, D R Row and G Tchobanoglous, Environmental Engineering, McGraw-Hill International Edition, New Delhi, 2012.
- 5. G Tchobanoglous and F Kreith, Handbook of Solid Waste Management, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2002.

4. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	1
CO3	3	2	3	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1
CO5	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	2
CO2	3	1	2
CO3	3	2	3
CO4	3	2	3
CO5	3	1	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Τ	Р	С	
3	0	0	3	

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Comprehend the basics of site investigation methods and field tests and its extent for variety of structures including preliminary investigations.
CO2	Identify and suitable investigation method for soil exploration
CO3	Illustrate different specialized exploration methods based on condition and requirement
CO4	Appraise different codal provisions for field tests
CO5	Judge suitable instrumentation required for predicting the behavior of structure in soils and rocks

2. Syllabus

PRINCIPLES OF EXPLORATION

Site investigation, objectives, Information required for soil investigation, Extent of Investigation for different types of structures (buildings, towers, industries, road, embankment, reservoir, Dams, retaining wall, etc.), Preliminary investigations.

BASICS OF EXPLORATION

Modern methods of boring and sampling; Preservation and transportation of samples; Sampling records. Investigations in marine condition. Different disturbance in soil sampling. Sample collection, data logging and handling, Offshore investigation.

EXPLORATION METHODS

Electric resistivity test, , gravimetric survey, , Seismic surveys like seismic refraction test, reflection test, multi-channel analysis of surface wave test, etc., Trial pits, disturbed and undisturbed sampling, detailed bore hole investigations: types of borings and types of samplers..

FIELD TESTS

Plate load test, pile load test, SPT test, CPT test, flat dilatometer test, DCPT test, Vane shear test, pressure meter test, field CBR test, core cutter, sand replacement test, nuclear probe method, block shear test.

INTERPRETATIONSANDCODALPROVISIONS

Soil profiling, interpretation of exploration data and report preparation, various standards for soil investigations.

INSTRUMENTATIONS

Types of instruments used for Measurement of water table, pore pressure, LVDT, dial gauges, pressure gauges, non-contact-based settlement measurements Dissertation preliminaries should clearly identify the goals & objectives and scope of the dissertation work taken up by the candidate. The focus is on proposed numerical modelling/ experimental work/ field work. The study methodology and literature review on the dissertation topic is to be completed and a

(07 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

typed report is to be finalized in consultation with dissertation supervisor and submitted and presented for the assessment at the end of the semester.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. Clayton, C. R. I., Matthews, M. C. and Simons, N. E. (1995) Site Investigation (Second Edition). Oxford, Blackwell Sciences.
- 2. Hunt, R. E. (2005) Geotechnical Engineering Investigation Handbook (Second Edition), CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group.
- 3. Schnaid, F. (2009) In Situ Testing in Geomechanics: The Main Tests. Taylor & Francis.
- 4. Simons, N., Menzies, B. and Matthews, M. (2002) A Short Course in Geotechnical Site Investigation. Thomas Telford.
- 5. Dunnicliff, J. (1993) Geotechnical Instrumentation for Monitoring Field Performance. Wiley-Interscience Publication.

1. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	1
CO4	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	1

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

2. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	3
CO3	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	2
CO5	2	1	2
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-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CE 382 Disaster Management

Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

СО	Learning and understanding the basic knowledge of Disaster Management concept and
1	different approaches to reduce the impact of disaster
СО	Understand the types of disaster their origin causes and their management and the
2	disaster profile of India (NDMA and GSDMA)
СО	Explain the core elements and phase of disaster risk management and design mitigation
3	preparedness to reduce disaster risk across sector and community
CO	Evaluate disaster management plans that determine the nature of disaster response and
4	risk reduction action for various disasters.
CO	Explain various legislations and best practices for disaster management risk reduction
5	an and national and international level

Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION TO DISASTER

Understanding and forecast of Hazard, Risk and Vulnerability in Disasters, Concept and evaluation of Risks, Climate change Risk (Natural & man-made factors), Risk and Vulnerability in Disasters

• DEFINITION AND TYPES OF DISASTERS

Classification of Disasters, (Natural and Man-made), Natural Disasters: Climatic Disasters (wind & water related): Tropical Cyclone, Floods & Drought. Earth related Disasters (Geological Disaster): Earthquake, Tsunami, Landslides & Volcano Eruption.

Man-made Disasters: Industrial (on-site) Disasters: Toxic Gas leak, Explosion, Nuclear & chemical Disaster (BLEVE) Technological Disasters (Accidental Disasters): Rail, Road, Air & Sea. Ecological Disasters: Pollution, Soil Degradation, Loss of Biodiversity & Global warming. Epidemics: Cholera, Typhoid. Biological Disasters : COVID-19

• STUDY OF IMPORTANT DISASTERS

Earthquakes and its types, magnitude and intensity, seismic zones of India, major fault systems of India plate, flood types and its management, drought types and its management, landslide and its management case studies of disasters in India (e.g) Earthquakes, Landside). Social Economics and Environmental impact of disasters.

• MITIGATION AND MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES OF DISASTER (07 Hours)

Multi Hazard Mapping– Losses from Global Disasters and Expenses in Reconstruction and Retrofitting of structures; Basic principles of disasters management, Disaster Management cycle, Disaster management policy,

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(08 Hours)

(05 Hours)

National and State Bodies for Disaster Management, Early Warning Systems, building design and construction in highly seismic zones, retrofitting of buildings.

DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND TRAINING

Disaster Management Bill, 2024, Training and drills for disaster preparedness, Awareness generation program, Role of Remote Sensing and Geographical Information System in Disaster management, Institutional Framework for Disaster Management, Role of Media, NGO, and Government, Emergency Planning, Basic Safety Measures (Pre and During): Earthquake & Floods.

DISASTER MANAGEMENT IN INDIA

Structure of disaster in India, NDM and Surat Disaster management Management Specific challenges and strategies for disaster management in India. Success stories and best practices from Indian states.

INTERNATIONAL BEST PRACTICES

Learning from global best practices in disaster management. Role of international organisations like the United Nations, World Bank, and Asian Development Bank.

VARIOUS CASE STUDIES

Recent disasters in India: Floods, Cyclones like Fani and Amphan, Earthquake in Nepal. Analysis of disaster management strategies in these cases. Examples of cyclone disaster management, Fire Disaster Management, Industrial disaster management, medical disaster management and earthquake disaster management

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

Books Recommended

- 1. R Subramaniam, Disaster Management, Vikas Publishing House, 2018
- 2. M.M. Sulphey, Disaster Management, PHI Learning, 2016
- 3. R Gaur, Disaster Management, 1st Edition Saujanay Books, Delhi, 2008.
- 4. G K Gosh, Disaster Management, Saujanay Books, Delhi, 2015.
- 5. S Modh, Citizen's Guide to Disaster Management: How to Save Your Own Life and Help, Macmillan India Ltd., Bangalore, 2006.
- 6. D P Coppola, Introduction to International Disaster Management, 3rd Edition, Butterworth Heinemann, Oxford, 2015.
- 7. Disaster Management in India, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi, 2011.

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO	PO	PO4	PO	PO	PO7	PO	PO	PO10	PO11	PO12
		2	3		5	6		8	9			
CO	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
1												
CO	1	1	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
2												
CO	1	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2
3												
CO	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2
4												

(07 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(01 Hours)

CO	1	1	2	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	3	2
5												
O Mat												

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	2	1	1	
CO2	2	1	1	
CO3	2	1	1	
CO4	2	1	1	
CO5	2	1	1	
0-Not re	elated	1-Low	2-Modera	te 3-High

CE 384 Advanced Mechanics of Solids

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

2. <u>Syllabus</u>

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Compare and analyze the fundamental properties of various materials.
CO2	Analyze the problems related to structural members subjected to different loadings using fundamental concepts of stress and strain.
CO3	Implement the concepts of failure theories to design various structural members.
CO4	Determining the stresses in curved bars for various sections.
CO5	Apply the strain gauges techniques to solve the real life engineering problem.

1. Constitutive relations:

Restrictions on constitutive relations, General relationship between Cauchy stress and Cauchy Green strain for isotropic materials, General Hooke's law and its reduction for isotropic and orthotropic materials.

2. Complex stresses and strains:

Stresses on an inclined plane in a plane-stress system, Principal stress, maximum shear stress, Mohr's circle for plane Stress, two-dimensional Strain Systems,

3. Elastic theories of failure:

Introduction, maximum principal stress theory, maximum principal strain theory, maximum shear stress theory, maximum strain energy theory, maximum shear strain energy theory, important points from theories of failures used in design.

- 4. Strain Energy and impact loading: (04 Hours) Expression for strain energy stored in a body when the load is applied gradually, suddenly and expression for strain energy stored in a body when the load is applied with impact, expression for strain energy stored in a body due to shear stress.
- 5. Energy principle in solid continuum:

Introduction to the Castigliano's first and second theorems and its applications, complimentary energy theorem, superposition theorem, reciprocal theorem, energy theorem, virtual work.

- 6. State of stress caused by combined loading: (05 Hours) Combined axial and bending (flexural) loads, combined torsion and axial loads, combined bending and torsion of circular shafts, combined bending, torsion, combined hoop and axial stresses on a pressure vessel, combined hoop and torsional shear stresses on a pressure vessel, procedure for analysis.
- 7. Thin and thick cylinders and rotating discs: (06 Hours) Thin cylindrical vessel subjected to Internal pressure, expression for circumferential Stress (or hoop stress), wire winding of thin cylinders, stresses in a thick cylindrical shell, rotating disc of uniform thickness, solid disc, solid disc with central hole, disc of Uniform Strength.

8. Bending of curved bars:

Assumptions made in the derivation of Stresses in a curved bar, expression for Stresses in a curved bar, determination of Factor "h2" for various sections, Resultant Stress in a curved bar Subjected to direct stresses and bending stresses, resultant stress in a hook, stresses in circular ring, Stresses in a chain link,

(05 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(05 Hours)



Winkler-Bach Formula, Elasticity solution for pure bending of curved beams, curved cantilever under end loading, Stresses in hook, stresses in curved bar with various sections.

9. Instrumentation in the field problem:

(06 Hours)

Applications of strain gauges in various engineering field, use of mechanical gauges, electrical strain gauges, rosette arrangements, Wheatstone bridge circuit, introduction to photo elasticity.

(Total Lecture Hours: 45 hours)

3. <u>Tutorials:</u>

The students will be required to solve at least five examples and related theories from each topic as part of their assignment or tutorial. It helps to gain experience to solve various real-life problems applied in the field of engineering.

(Total Tutorials: 15 hours)

4. Books Recommended

- 1. L S Srinath (2017), Advanced Mechanics of Solids, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 2. Adarsh Swaroop (2014) Mechanics of Materials, 2nd edition, New Age International Publishers.
- 3. Bichra B. Muvdi and Souhail Elhouar (2016), Mechanics of materials with application in excel, CRC press.
- 4. Prashant Kumar (2022), Mechanics of Materials: A Friendly Approach, World Scientific Publishing.
- 5. James W. Dally, William F. Riley (1991), Experimental Stress Analysis, 3rd international edition, McGraw-Hill Companies.

5. <u>Mapping of COs and POS</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
C01	3	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	2	2	-	1
CO2	2	2	2	-	-	1	-	1	2	2	-	1
CO3	2	2	2	-	-	1	-	2	2	2	-	2
CO4	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	1	2	2	-	2
CO5	3	3	2	-	-	1	-	2	2	2	-	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	3
CO2	3	1	3
CO3	3	2	3
CO4	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CE 386 INTELLIGENT TRANSPORT SYSTEM

CO1: Identify various components of Intelligent transportation systems (ITS) and supporting technologies

CO2: Comprehend the role of ITS and its applications for improving the performance of the transportation system

CO3: Analyse automated traffic data collected using sensors for varying roadway and traffic conditions

CO4: Apply ITS related strategies for varying roadway and traffic conditions using design and control parameters

CO5: Evaluate ITS related strategies for improving the sustainability, efficiency and safety of transportation system considering different case studies

• INTRODUCTION TO ITS

Definition Objectives, Historical Background, Benefits of ITS – Introduction to Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL), Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI), Geographic Information Systems (GIS), Traffic control and monitoring aspects, components of ITS.

• ADVANCED TRAVELER INFORMATION SYSTEMS (ATIS)

Trip Planner and its impact, Traffic density measurement, Variable message signs, Parking guidance, Weather information and variable speed limits, Impacts of ATIS.

ADVANCE VEHICLE MONITORING SYSTEMS

Security CCTV systems, Wireless Sensor Network and RFID, Blue-tooth and Wi-Fi sensors, inductive loop detectors and image processing techniques, Impacts of AVMS

COMMERCIAL VEHICLE OPERATIONS (CVO)

Emergency vehicle notification systems, Automatic road enforcement, Variable speed limits, Collision avoidance systems, Dynamic Traffic Light Sequence, Cooperative systems on the road, Automatic number plate recognition by Image processing, Impacts of CVO.

• ITS APPLICATIONS

Advanced Traffic Management Systems (ATMS) Advanced Vehicle Control Systems (AVCS), Advanced Public Transportation Systems (APTS), Advanced Rural Transportation Systems (ARTS), Automated Highway Systems, and Framework for evaluating ITS related strategies.

• ITS PROGRAMS IN THE WORLD

Overview of ITS implementations in developed countries, ITS in developing countries, Potential applications of offline and online real time measurement of traffic flow characteristics.

• INTELLIGENT SUPPORTING TECHNOLOGIES

Wireless communications, Standards and Cellular Technology, ITS Data acquisition and processing, Hardware and Software--Micro-Controllers, PLC, Embedded systems, Ubiquitous Computing, Sensing Technologies,

(05 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(18 Hours)

LTPC 3 0 0 3

Detectors/Detection Techniques— Triangulation Technique, Inductive loop detection, Video vehicle detection, Microwave detection, etc. Global Positioning System (GPS).

(Total contact hours:45)

IVI	Mapping of COs and POs											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	-	1	-	1	2	2	2	-	1	1	-	1
CO2	2	1	-	2	2	2	2	-	1	-	-	-
CO3	2	2	-	2	3	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO4	3	2	2	1	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	-
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	-	1	1	-	-

Mapping of COs and POs

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3							
CO1	3	2	3							
CO2	3	2	1							
CO3	3	2	1							
CO4	3	2	2							
CO5	3	2	1							

Note: 1: Slightly 2: Moderately 3: Substantially

REFERENCES:

- 1. AUSTROADS, The Implication of Intelligent Transport Systems for Road Safety, Austroads Incorporated, 1999.
- 2. Bob Williams, Intelligent Transport Systems Standards, Artech House Publishers, 2008.
- 3. Sumit Ghosh and Tony Lee, Intelligent Transportation Systems, CRC Press, ISBN: 0849300673.
- 4. Chris Drane and C. R. Drane, Positioning Systems in Intelligent Transportation Systems, Artech House Publishers, ISBN: 0890065365.
- 5. Judy Mc Queen and Bob Mc Queen, Intelligent Transportation System and Architecture, Artech House Publishers, ISBN: 089006525X
- 6. Asad J. Khattak, Intelligent Transportation Systems: Planning, Operations, and Evaluation, CRC Press
- 7. Chowdhary M A and A Sadek. Fundamentals of Intelligent Transportation systems planning. Artech House Inc., US, 2003.
- 8. M.A. Chowdhury and A. Sadek, Fundamentals of Intelligent Transportation Systems Planning, Artech House, 2010.
- 9. R P Roess, S E Prassas, and W R McShane. Traffic Engineering. Pearson Education International, 2005.
- 10. Yokota Toshiyuki and Weiland Richard. Its standards for developing countries. (3), 2004.
- 11. Stough, R. Intelligent Transport Systems: Cases and Policies, Edward Elgar, 2001, Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Transportation Systems, National Academy Press, 2010.
- 12. ITS Hand Book 2000: Recommendations for World Road Association (PIARC) by Kan Paul Chen, John Miles.
- 13. Sussman, J. M., Perspective on ITS, Artech House Publishers, 2005.

National ITS Architecture Documentation, US Department of Transportation, 2007 (CDROM).

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Explain concept and global practices.
CO2	Study performance benchmarks, practice codes and national mission.
CO3	Design Smart Cities and draft relevant project management schemes.
CO4	Explain phases of Implementation and monitoring.
CO5	Explain phases of Finance and Governance.

2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION

Concept and practice of Smart Cities across the world, Purpose and importance of Smart Cities, Role of different stake-holders.

• FRAMEWORK

Human framework, Institutional framework, Energy framework, Data Management framework and technology framework, Present practice of road map for planning and benchmarking their performance for Indian context, accelerate impact, scaling up and across

• PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT

Planning and management for area-based development, PAN city solutions and retrofitting of existing area, greenfield development, integrated planning approach

• SMART SOLUTIONS

ICT in Smart City, Smart monitoring, Technology, Challenges, solutions and work around, replication and upscaling, Smart Infrastructure for building, mobility, energy, water and solid waste

• FINANCE AND GOVERNANCE

E-finance, E-governance, balancing top-down and bottom-up approach

(16 Hours)

(11 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(Total Lectures 45 hours , Tutorials : 15 hours)

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	0	4

(04 Hours)

(10 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. J Borsboom-van Beurden, Smart City Guidance Package for Integrated Planning and Management, NTNU, 2017.
- 2. Ministry of Urban Development Government of India, Smart Cities: Mission Statement & Guidelines, 2015.
- 3. T M V Kumar, E-Democracy for Smart Cities, Springer Nature, Singapore, 2019.
- 4. T M V Kumar, Smart Metropolitan Regional Development: Economic and Spatial Design Strategies, Springer Nature, Singapore, 2019.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	03	02	01	01	02	01	03	01	01	01	02	03
CO2	02	03	02	02	01	02	02	02	01	02	01	02
CO3	02	01	03	03	01	01	03	02	03	01	02	01
CO4	01	02	02	02	01	03	01	01	02	02	01	01
CO5	01	01	01	01	02	01	02	01	01	01	02	01

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	03	03	02	
CO2	03	02	02	
CO3	02	03	02	
CO4	02	02	02	
CO5	01	03	02	
O NT 4	1 4 1 1	T	A N / 1	

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High
L	Т	Р	С		
3	1	0	4		

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand basics of weather, climate, climate variability, climate change and its impact
CO2	Describe various layers of atmosphere, heat balance of earth atmosphere system, variation
	of temperature and soil temperature, thermal time and thermal extremes and carbon cycle
CO3	Elaborate the extreme climate events and modelling of climate change
CO4	Apply statistical methods in hydro-climatology
CO5	Understand basics of weather, climate, climate variability, climate change and its impact

2. Syllabus

INTRODUCTION •

Hydrological cycle - Greenhouse effect - Weather - Climate - Climate variability - ENSO - IOD and climate change - Impacts of climate change - Sources of data for climate studies

FUNDAMENTALS OF CLIMATE CHANGE STUDY

Overview of earth's atmosphere - Layers of atmosphere - Temperature - radiation and variation -Heat-balance of earth atmosphere system - Temporal variation of air temperature - Temperature change in soil – Thermal time and temperature extremes – Carbon cycle – Urban heat island.

EXTREME CLIMATE EVENTS

Floods - Cloud burst - Droughts and Drought indicators - Heat waves - Sea level Rise -Compound Extremes.

CLIMATE CHANGE

Introduction - Causes of climate change - Modelling of climate change - General circulation models - RCM - IPCC scenarios.

STATISTICAL METHODS IN HYDRO-CLIMATOLOGY (08 Hours)

Trend analysis - Empirical orthogonal functions - Principal component analysis - Canonical correlation - Statistical downscaling.

(06 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(10 Hours)

• IMPACT AND MITIGATION MEASURES

(12 Hours)

Regional Information on climate Change – observed impacts from climate change – vulnerability and exposure of ecosystems and people – risk in near term (2021-2040) – mid to long term risks (2041-2100) – complex – compound and cascading risks and impacts of temporary overshoot – Mitigation and development pathways in near to mid-term – long term mitigation pathways – mitigation potential across sectors and systems – societal aspects of mitigation and mitigation in the context of sustainable development.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. G B Bonan, Ecological Climatology: Concepts and Applications, Cambridge University Press, 2008.
- 2. H V Storch and F W Zweirs, Statistical Analysis in Climatic Research, Cambridge, 1999.
- 3. P P Mujumdar and D N Kumar, Floods in Changing Climate, Cambridge university press, 2012 (First Edition).
- 4. K McGuffie and Henderson-Sellers, A Climate Modeling Primer, Wiley, 2005 (Third Edition).
- 5. IPCC, Sixth Assessment Reports, Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, Geneva, 2022.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
CO3	2	1	2	1	2	2	3	1	1	2	1	1
CO4	3	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2
CO5	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	1	1
2	1	2
2	1	2
2	1	2
1	1	1
	PSO1 1 2 2 2 1	PSO1 PSO2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Т	Р	С		
3	1	0	4		

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyze Water Distribution Network
CO2	Design Storm Water Network
CO3	Design Sewerage and Effluent Collection Network
CO4	Apply the integrated flood management practices
CO5	Apply the smart water technologies and resolve the conflicts.

2. Syllabus

• URBAN WATER ISSUES

(03 Hours) Water requirement, water availability, water budget, water balance, Zero liquid discharge concept and implementation

• WATER DISTRIBUTION NETWORK Life cycle cost of distribution network, design and analysis of water distribution network.	(08 Hours)
• SEWERAGE AND EFFLUENT COLLECTION NETWORK Design of sewerage network, Design of effluent collection network	(09 Hours)
• STORM WATER NETWORK AND INTEGRATED FLOOD MANAGEMENT Selection of IDF, Design of Storm water network with innovation, Flood plain delineation, integrated flood management practice	(09 Hours)
• SMART WATER MANAGEMENT TECHNOLOGIES Human-machine interface, wireless sensors, remote monitoring solution, SCADA	(08 Hours)
• CONFLICTS IN WATER RELATED INFRASTRUCTURE AND ITS SOLUTIONS Priority of water related infrastructure, conflicts, resolution of conflicts based on hydraulics of flow	(07 Hours)
3. Books Recommended[Total Hours: 45 Hours, Tutorial: 15 ho	urs]
 Ronald L. Rossmilller, Storm water design for sustainable development, Mc.Graw-Hill Education USA ISBN: 978-0-07-181652-6. P R Bhave and R Gupta, Analysis of Water Distribution Networks, Narosa Publishing House P 	on, vt.
Ltd., New Delhi ISBN_123.978-81-7319-778-9	

ISBN::

978-0-470-46064-1.

4. Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO), Manual on Sewerage and

Sewage Treatment Part A: Engineering, MoUD, New Delhi, 2002.

5. Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO), Manual on Water Supply and Treatment, MoUD, New Delhi, 2008.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1
CO2	2	1	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	1	2	2
CO3	2	1	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	1	2	2
CO4	3	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	3	1	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	3	1	3	3

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	3	1
CO2	2	3	1
CO3	2	3	1
CO4	1	3	2
CO5	1	3	2

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

Sardar Vallabhbhai National Institute of Technology

Teaching Scheme and Syllabus

for

Bachelor of Technology

in

Civil Engineering

7th Semester UG Approved in DAAC dated 26.11.2024



Department of Civil Engineering

L	Τ	Р	С		
3	1	0	4		

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Apply project management principles to manage heavy construction projects.
CO2	Develop and implement construction project planning, scheduling and control processes.
CO3	Assess project feasibility and conduct financial appraisals for heavy construction projects.
CO4	Evaluate and select appropriate construction equipment and estimate equipment-related costs.
CO5	Utilize advanced project management tools and techniques to optimize project outcomes.

2. Syllabus

• CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Concept of project and its features, characteristics of construction projects, project life cycle, lean construction, construction project management practice, functions and principles of management, organization of construction project, project categories, project planning & organization systems, heavy construction projects, project success strategies, construction industry in India.

• **PROJECT MANAGEMENT**

Work scope planning, project work breakdown structures, bar and milestone charts, network analysis fundamentals, network elements, network development, network development and analysis, PERT, CPM, precedence network analysis, line of balance, network updating, resource allocation and scheduling, levelling & smoothing, time–cost analysis, quality assurance and control, material and human resource management, construction safety management, disputes and resolution techniques, monitoring and control.

• PROJECT FINANCE AND APPRAISAL

Need & types of project appraisals, concepts of financial appraisal, finance source for heavy construction projects, methods of financing the heavy construction projects, major financing bodies, economic appraisal of project, Indian practice of investment appraisal, time value of money, analysis of risk, discounted and non-discounted cash flow methods, feasibility study.

• CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

Classification of construction equipment, types & characteristics of heavy construction equipment, equipment capacities & costs, machine power, dozers, scrapers, excavators, trucks & hauling equipment, draglines & clamshells, pile driving equipment, selection of equipment, acquisition of equipment, time value of money for heavy construction equipment, depreciation.

(15 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(06 Hours)

• ADVANCED PROJECT MANAGEMENT

(06 Hours)

Earned value analysis, Project management information systems, IT applications in project management, project document management, cloud computing, cloud economics, project management software, web-based construction project management, building information modelling (BIM) for construction project management.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. K N Jha, Construction Project Management: Theory and Practice, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2015.
- 2. K K Chitkara, Construction Project Management: Planning, Scheduling & Controlling, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 2014.
- 3. P Chandra, Projects: Planning, Analysis, Selection, Financing, Implementation, and Review, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2009.
- 4. R L Peurifoy, Construction Planning, Equipment, and Methods, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. F Harris and R McCaffer, Modern Construction Management, Seventh Edition, Blackwell Publishers, Oxford, 2013.
- 6. James Douglas and Bill Ransom, Understanding Building Failures, 4th Edition, Routledge, 2013.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	3

4. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3
CO5	2	3	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Τ	P	С
3	1	0	4

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Assess legal and commercial framework of construction contracts.
CO2	Analyze claims for losses as per the Indian laws.
CO3	Demonstrate roles of the various Indian Acts in construction.
CO4	Apply different techniques of dispute resolution in projects.
CO5	Analyze international contracts.

2. Syllabus

LEGAL AND COMMERCIAL FRAMEWORK (03 Hours)

Introduction, the power of governments, agency regulation, statute law, application of law, contractor, subcontractor, consultant, supplier, government, funder, etc.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AND MANAGEMENT •

Contract specification, types of contract documents used for construction, selection of a contractor, standard of work, use of construction management contracts, allocation of risk in construction management, contents of construction management contracts.

CONTRACTORS CLAIMS FOR LOSS AND EXPENSES (06 Hours)

Contract claims and damages, grounds for claims, claims procedures, quantification of procedure, insurance, bonds and guarantees.

THE INDIAN CONTRACT ACT, 1872

Definition of a contract and its essentials, formation of a valid contract - offer and acceptance, consideration, capacity to contract, free consent, legality of object, discharge of a contract by performance, impossibility and frustration, breach, damages for breach of a contract, quasi contracts, special contracts contract of indemnity and guarantee, contract of bailment and pledge, contract of agency.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

Nature and definition of a company, registration and incorporation, memorandum of association, articles of association, employee welfare, strategic human resource development; employment legislation, labor legislations: industrial dispute act, factories act, payment of wages act,

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

workmen's compensation act. Important provisions of employees' state insurance act, payment of gratuity act, employees provident fund act.

- **THE BUILDING AND OTHER CONSTRUCTION ACT, 1996** (04 Hours) Registration of establishment, registration of building workers, building and other construction workers welfare boards, conditions of service of building workers, safety and health measures, special provisions, penalties and provisions.
- **REAL ESTATE (REGULATION AND DEVELOPMENT) ACT, 2016** (04 Hours) Introduction, registration of real estate project, functions and duties of promoter, rights and duties of allottee, real estate regulatory authority, real estate appellate tribunals, offences and penalties, agreement for sale between promoter and allottee.

• DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Background of dispute, the nature of construction dispute, the role of contractor, method of dispute resolution, arbitration, litigation, adjudication, alternative dispute resolution procedure.

• INTERNATIONAL CONTRACTS

Introduction to FIDIC, the necessity of FIDIC contract, contract administration and claims, risk, insurance and securities, remedies and dispute resolution.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. J Coggins, T Davie, T Ears and P Evans, Understanding Construction Law, LexisNexis Butterworths, Chatswood, 2016.S Rowlinson, Construction Safety Management Systems, Routledge, London, 2004.
- 2. E Baker, B Mellors, S Chalmers and A Lavers, FIDIC Contracts Law and Practices, Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group, London, 2009.
- 3. J Bailey, Construction Law, Taylor and Francis Group, Oxford, 2011.
- 4. G Kelley, Construction Law: An Introduction for Engineers, Architects, and Contractors, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, 2012.
- 5. V Bhatt and P Vyas, Laws for Engineers (Contract, Arbitration, Evidence, Limitations), Second Edition, ProCare, New Delhi, 2015.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	1	2	1	3	2	3	1	2	3	1
CO2	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO3	1	3	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO5	1	3	1	2	1	3	1	3	1	1	2	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

(04 Hours)

(04 Hours)

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	1
CO2	3	3	3
CO3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	1

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

<u>B Tech (Civil) 7th Semester</u>

CE433-EnvironmentalLegislationand Impact Assessment

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1. <u>Course Outcomes(COs)</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Interpret and explain the objectives and scope of EIA.
CO2	Categorize the importance of environmental attributes.
CO3	Describe the legal provisions and statutory requirement of environmental clearance.
CO4	Calculate the identification and prediction of environmental impacts of new/expansion projects.
CO5	Formulate an EIA for any given project.

2. <u>Syllabus</u>

• IMPACT ASSESSMENT: TYPES AND SIGNIFICANCE(03Hours)

Types of impacts, significant impacts, various impact assessments viz. health impact assessment, social impact assessment, disaster impact assessment, strategic environmental assessment.

• EIA: INTRODUCTION &PLANNING(06Hours)

Evolution of EIA; EIA at project; regional and policy levels; EIA legislative and environmental clearance procedures in India; EIA Rules-1994 and subsequent amendments, Rapid and Comprehensive EIA.

• EIA:METHODOLOGIES AND STRATEGIES(10 Hours)

Screening, baseline data collection, environmental inventory of physical, biological and socio-economic environment attributes, terms of reference, scoping, identification of impacts, rapid and comprehensive EIA, monitoring, analysis and report preparation in EIA, impact prediction tools / techniques such as adhocmethod, checklist method, development of environment management plan, post project monitoring.

• PUBLICPARTICIPATION(06Hours)

Project Affected Persons, significance of public participation in EIA, methods of public consultation – Public Notice and Public Hearing, Resettlement and rehabilitation issues, Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013.

• EIACASESTUDIES(10Hours)

Case studies / histories for different types of projects like metro rail project, nuclear power project, large hydro-electric power project, pharmaceutical industry, township and area development projects.

• NATIONALACTS&RULESFORENVIRONMENTALPROTECTION(10Hours)

IndianenvironmentallegislationandactssuchasWaterAct-1974,AirAct-

1981,WildlifeProtectionAct- 1972, Forest Conservation Act-1980, Public Liability Insurance Act 1991, Environment Protection Act (EPA) – 1986; Various Rules under EPA-1986 such as Biomedical Waste Rules-1998 2016, Coastal Regulation Zone-1999, Municipal Solid Waste rules, Hazardous Waste Rules-2016, Noise Regulation & Control Rules-2000, National Green Tribunal, NGT Act-2010, Case studies of landmark judgementsgiven by NGT and various Courts.

(TotalLectures:45Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. Larry W.Canter, "Environmental Impact Assessment", TataMc Graw Hill Co, Singapore, 1996.
- 2. Munn R.E., "Environmental Impact Assessment", JohnWiley&Sons, Toronto, 1979
- 3. Suresh K.Dhameja, "Environmental Engineering and Management", S.K.Kataria&Sons, Delhi. 2004.
- 4. Relevant MoEF & CC Notificationsand CPCB Acts& Rules:

Weblinks-1)https://cpcb.nic.in/index.php2)https://moef.gov.in/en/rules-and-regulations/environment-protection/3)https://cpcb.nic.in/general-standards/

4. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	2	1	0	2	1	1	1	0	1	0
CO2	2	3	2	1	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	1
CO3	1	3	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	3	2
CO4	3	1	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	3
CO2	2	1	2
CO3	1	1	1
CO4	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

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3	1	0	4

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Illustrate the principles of reinforced soil and its applications
CO2	Identify the types of Geosynthetics and their functions
CO3	Analyse the different engineering properties of Geosynthetic and recognize their applications for various civil engineering constructions
CO4	Design the mechanically stabilised earth wall as per the codal guidelines
CO5	Design the reinforced slope and footing

2. <u>Syllabus</u>

• INTRODUCTION

Hours)

Historical background of reinforced soil, Principles of reinforced soil through Mohr circleanalysis

• DIFFERENT TYPES OF GEOSYNTHETICS (05

Hours) Types of geosynthetics like geotextiles, geogrids, geonets, geocells, geocomposites, their manufacturing methods

• TESTING METHODS FOR GEOSYNTHETICS

(**05Hours**) Techniques for testing of different index properties, strength properties, Apparent Opening Size, In-plane and cross-plane permeability tests, assessment of construction induced damage, extrapolation of long-term strength properties from short term tests.

• REINFORCED SOIL RETAINING WALLS

Hours) Different types of walls like wrap-around walls, full-height panel walls, discrete-facing panel walls, modular block walls. Design methods as per BS-8006 and FHWA methods Construction methods for reinforced soil retaining walls.

REINFORCED SOIL SLOPES

Hours) Basal reinforcement for construction on soft clay soils, construction of steep slopes with reinforcement layers on competent soils, Different slope stability analysis methods like planar wedge method, bi-linear wedge method, circular slip methods. Erosion control on slopesusing geosynthetics.

APPLICATIONS IN FOUNDATIONS Hours)

Binquet and Lee's approach for analysis of foundations with reinforcement layers.

• PAVEMENT APPLICATION

Hours)Geosynthetics for separation and reinforcement in flexible pavements, design by Giroud- Noiray approach, reflection cracking and control using geosynthetics. Use of

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geosynthetics for construction of heavy container yards and railway lines.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. R M Koerner, Designing with Geosynthetics. Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2012.
- 2. S Babu, An Introduction to Soil Reinforcement & Geosynthetics, Universities Press, India,2005.
- 3. J N Mandal, Geosynthetics Engineering: In Theory and Practice, Research Publishing, Singapore, 2018.
- 4. SK Shukla, An Introduction to Geosynthetic Engineering, CRC Press, Leiden, 2017.
- 5. S K Shukla, Yin JH. Fundamentals of Geosynthetic Engineering, CRC Press, Leiden, 2006.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
CO2	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	1
CO2	1	1	1
CO3	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Comprehend the basic principles of prestressing
CO2	Apply knowledge of various prestressing systems in the field
CO3	Analyse the transfer of prestress in pre-tensioned and post-tensioned members
CO4	Design various pre stressed concrete sections
CO5	Design special prestressed concrete structural elements

2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION

Introduction to prestressed concrete- Concept of pre-stressing - Advantages of pre-stressing - Materials for prestressed concrete.

• PRESTRESSING SYSTEMS

Different pre stressing system - Analysis of pre stress and bending stresses -Various losses of pre-stress - Deflection of pre stressed concrete member.

• TRANSFER OF PRESTRESS IN PRE-TENSIONED AND POST-TENSIONED MEMBERS (12 Hours)

Flexural strength of pre stressed concrete members - Transfer of pre stress in pre-tensioned members - Anchorage zone stresses in post-tensioned members- Limit state design criteria for Pre stressed concrete members.

DESIGN OF VARIOUS SECTIONS (06 Hours) Design of pre stressed concrete sections - Design of pretension and post tensioned Flexural member - statically indeterminate Pre stressed Structures

• DESIGN OF PIPE AND TANKS AND OTHER STRUCUTRES (12 Hours) Prestressed concrete tanks - Pre stressed concrete slabs and grid-floors - Pre-stressed concrete bridges.

(09 Hours)

(06 Hours)

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3. <u>Tutorial</u>

Tutorial are in the form of theoretical assignments and numerical problems based on the syllabus, however, of practical significance.

4. Books Recommended

- 1. K. Raju, Pre-stressed Concrete, 6th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi, 2018.
- 2. P.Dayaratnam, Pre-stressed Concrete Structures, 7th Edition, Oxford & IBH Publication, New Delhi, 2017.
- Dr. Praveen Nagarajan, Prestressed Concrete Design, 1st Edition, Pearson Education India, 2013.
- 4. L. Y. Lin, Design of Pre-stressed Concrete Structural, 3rd Edition, Asia Public House, New Delhi, 2010.
- 5. F. Leonhardt, Pre-stressed Concrete-Design & Construction, Welhelm Ernst and Sohn Munich, 2007.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	2	2	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1

5. Mapping of COs and Pos

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2
CO2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	2

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Τ	Р	С
3	1	0	4

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Achieve Knowledge of Problem-solving skills using MATLAB, EXCEL / VBA					
CO2	Explain structural design process and advantages of computer aided design.					
CO3	Apply stiffness method for analysis of Truss, Beams, and Frames with special constructional aspects.					
CO4	Apply numerical methods for solving structural engineering problems.					
CO5	Understand modelling procedures for computer assisted structural analysis and designof RC high rise building structures usingstructural analysis software.					

2. Syllabus

• COMPUTER BASED STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DESIGN: AN OVERVIEW (01 Hours)

Concept of Structural design process – Role of Computers in Structural Design process – Advantages of Computer Aided Design (CAD).

- COMPUTER PROGRAMMING FOR STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS (10 Hours) Introduction to MATLAB for engineers – Development of Computer Program for the Analysis of Beams – Design of slab, beam, column etc.
- STIFFNESS METHOD FOR LINEAR ELASIC ANALYSIS (12 Hours) Analysis of Trusses and Beams with emphasis on support settlement, skewness of support, internal hinge, temperature variation etc. using stiffness approach - Analysis of frames using stiffness approach.

• INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTATIONAL TOOLS FOR STRUCUTRAL ENGINEERS (10 Hours)

Spreadsheet tool for engineers – Programming with Excel / VBA – Developing Spreadsheets for the design of structural elements - Developing spreadsheet tool for finding solution of linear simultaneous equations – Roots of Non-linear equations.

 COMPUTER ASSISTED STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DESIGN (12 Hours) Modeling of Structural elements like truss – beam – frame and grid using structural design software – Introduction to integrated analysis and design process using structural design software packages. – Integrated analysis and design of building structures for gravity and late.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. <u>Tutorial</u>

- 1. Solving structural system like truss, beam, frame, and grid using stiffness method.
- 2. Developing MATLAB/C++ code and spreadsheet tool for solving nonlinear and simultaneous equations using numerical methods
- 3. Analysis and Design of RC building structure under lateral loading using software (MidasGen/ETABS/SAP/StaadPro etc)

(Total: 15 hours)

4. Books Recommended

- 4. G Ranzi and R Gilbert, Structural Analysis, Principles, Methods and Modelling, CRC Press, New York, 2015.
- 5. RC Hibbeler, Structural Analysis, 10th SI edition, Pearson education, 2020.
- 6. R S Esfandiari, Numerical Methods for engineering and scientists using MATLAB, 2nd edition, CRC Press, 2017.
- 7. D E Clough and S C Chapra, Spreadsheet Problem Solving and Programming for engineers and scientist, 1st edition, CRC Press, 2023.
- 8. V L Shah, Computer Aided Design in Reinforced Concrete Structures Publications, 2014.

5. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	2	-	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	2	2	1	2
CO3	1	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	3	2	2	2
CO4	1	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	2	1	1	1
CO5	-	-	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	2	2	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	2	3	2	
CO2	2	2	2	
CO3	2	2	2	
CO4	1	1	1	
CO5	3	3	2	
-Not re	elated	1-Low	2-Moderate	3-High

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	0	4

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Estimate road user cost and time value of money.
CO2	Perform economic analysis of a transportation project.
CO3	Evaluate alternate transportation project proposals.
CO4	Carry out life-cycle cost analysis of transportation projects.
CO5	Analyze the risk involved in financing a highway project.

Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION TOTRANSPORTATION ECONOMICS (10Hours) Basic components of transport economics, review of engineering economics, elements of engineeringeconomics, and microeconomics, principles of economic analysis, Depreciation and Inflation, Consumer and Social Surplus.

• TRANSPORT COSTS AND BENEFITS

Classification of Transportation Costs, Transportation User Costs, Impacts of Demand Elasticity and Induced Demand on User Costs, Cost Estimating Methods, Pavement Cost Analysis, Life Cycle Cost Analysis, Direct and Indirect Benefits, Vehicle Operation Cost (VOC): Components of VOC, Procedure for Assessing VOC, Factors Affecting VOC: Distance and Time Related Congestion Factors, VOC Estimation in Work Zones, VOC Estimation: IRC Practice, HDM-4 Road User Effects. Total Transportation Cost, Value of travel time savings, Value of Increased Comfort and Convenience – Accident Cost, Reduction in Maintenance Cost, Issues in Transportation Cost Estimation

• ECONOMICEVALUATION TECHNIQUES

Generationandscreeningofprojectalternatives-Differentmethodsofeconomicanalysis:-Discounting and Non discounting criteria methods – NPV - IRR, Benefit/Cost analysis. Application economic theory in traffic assignment problem-Breakeven analysis,RoadUserCost Study (RUCS) models forcosts and benefits.

• TRANSPORTATIONPROJECT APPRAISAL AND EVALUATION (10Hours)

Feasibilityandevaluation,cost,impactsandperformancelevels,evaluationofalternatives,analysis techniques,costbenefitanalysis,socialandfinancialbenefits,prioritizationofprojects,risk analysis, multi- criteria decision assessment, Life Cycle Cost Analysis(LCCA)of different pavement types,Role of Highway Development and Maintenance(HDM)infeasibility studies.

(10Hours)

(15Hours)

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	2	1
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	1	1	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	-	1	1	1	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	3	1	2
CO5	3	2	2

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

BOOKS RECMMENDED:

- 1. Ian G. Heggie (1972). Transport Engineering Economics. McGraw Hill, UK.
- 2. Winfrey R. (2013), Highway Economic Analysis, International Textbook Company (e-Book).
- 3. Banerjee A. and D. Mazumdar (1999). Fundamentals of Economic Principle and Problems. ABS Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 4. David H. and Brewer A. (2000). Transport: An Economics and Management Perspective. Oxford University Press, UK.
- 5. Sinha K.C. and Labi S. (2007). Transportation Decision Making: Principles of Project Evaluation and Programming. John Wiley & Sons, USA
- 6. James L. Riggs, David D. Bedworth and Sabah U. Randhawa (2009). Engineering Economics, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 7. Sarkar P K., and Maitri V. (2017). Economics in Highway and Transportation Planning, Standard Publisher, New Delhi, 2010.

REFERENCE CODES:

1. Indian Roads Congress (IRC) SP: 30 (2019). Manual on Economic Evaluation of Highway Projects in India

1. <u>Course Outcomes(COs)</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the basics of urban economics and finance
CO2	Analyzing the public finance and project development cost
CO3	Predicting the economic growth and developing quality of life
CO4	Comprehending urban sociology and cultural aspects
CO5	Developing Socio-cultural aspects of community

2. Svllabus

• URBAN ECONOMICS BASICS AND CONCEPTS:

Introduction to the principles of economics. Importance of economics in Urban Development. Concepts of demand, supply, elasticity and consumer markets, revenue, Economies of scale, economic and social costs, production and factor market; price determination, cost-benefit analysis, public sector pricing; Determinants of national income, consumption, investment, inflation, unemployment, capital budgeting, risk and uncertainty, long-term investment planning. National plans appraisal and economic developmentin relation to urban development.

• **PUBLIC FINANCE:**

Introduction to the principles of public finance. Project development cost. land values, Economic base ofcities, Industrial and other economic activity's location, Policies and Urban Development.

• ECONOMIC GROWTH, DEVELOPMENT AND QUALITY OF LIFE: (07 Hours)

Human development index, poverty and income distribution, employment and livelihood; balanced versus unbalanced growth, public sector dominance; changing economic policies, implications on land. Relevantcase studies.

• URBAN SOCIOLOGY BASICS AND CONCEPTS:

Socio-cultural profile of society and urban transformation; Tradition and modernity in the context of urban and rural settlements; Issues related to caste, age, sex, gender and marginalized groups; Displacement, resettlement and rehabilitation. Social problems of slums and Urban poor, urban and ruralsocial transformation and their impact on social life, safety, security; Crimes in urban areas and their spatial planning implications, social structure and spatial planning.

• ROLE OF SOCIO-CULTURAL ASPECTS:

Growth patterns of city and neighborhood communities; Social planning and policy, community participation; Marginalization and inclusive planning, National Policy. Relevant case studies.

(TotalLectures:45Hours, Tutorial 15 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

1. O'sullivan, A. (2019). Urban Economics. New York: McGraw Hill Education.

2. Jones, C. (2021). Urban Economy: Real Estate Economy and Public Policy. London: Tailor &

(10 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(12 Hours)

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FrancisGroup.

- 3. Sondge, T. (2012). Urban Sociology in India. India: Chandralok Prakashan
- 4. Abrahamson, M. (2013). Urban Sociology: A Global Introduction. UK: Cambridge University Press.
- 5. MossL.(2001), 'City and Country: An Interdisciplinary Collection', Wiley Blackwell

4. MappingofCOsandPOs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
		1 1	1		2	<u> </u>	2	2	2	Z	1	1

3-High

0-Notrelated 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>MappingofCOsandPSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3
CO2	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2
CO5	3	2	3
0-Notrel	ated	1-Low	2-Moderate

CE 445 ADVANCED HYDRAULIC STRUCTURES L T P Credit 3 1 0 4

<u>1. Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Plan the selection of dam site, reservoir capacity and reservoir operation.
CO2	Identify the methods of hydraulic structure design.
CO3	Design of hydraulic structures.
CO4	Analysis of weir and barrages, canal regulating structures.
CO5	Design and selection of cross drainage works and energy dissipaters.

2. Syllabus

Planning of Water Resources Project

Planning and investigations of reservoir and dam sites, Choice of dams, preparation and protection of foundation and abutments, dam safety and hazard mitigation.

Gravity Dam

Forces acting on solid gravity dam, modes of failures, stability analysis, elementary and practical profile of gravity dam, internal stresses and stress concentrations in gravity dam, joints, seals, keys in gravity dams.

Embankment Dam

Classification of embankment dam, Homogeneous and zoned embankment dams, factors influencing design of embankment dams, criteria for safe design of embankment dam, steps in design of embankment dam, seepage analysis and its control through dam and its foundation, design considerations for rock fill dam, instrumentation.

Spillways and Energy Dissipaters

Capacity of spillways, components and profile of different types of spillways, Non-conventional type of spillways, selection and design of energy dissipaters, spillway aerator.

Diversion Headwork

Components of diversion head works and their functions, design of weirs and barrages on permeable foundations

Design of Canal and Canal Structure

Canal regulation structures and design of cross drainage works, canal falls, operation and maintenance of canals.

Review of codes of practice

[Total Hours: 45 Hours]

(10 Hours)

(07 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(05 Hours)

3. <u>References:</u>

1. USBR, Design of gravity dams, A Water Resources Technical Publication, Denver, Colorado, 1976.

2. Asawa, G. L., "Irrigation and water resources engineering", New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2014.

3. Creager, W. P., Justin, J. D., and Hinds, J., "Engineering for dams", Nemchand and Brothers, Roorkee, 1995.

4. Khatsuria, R. M., "Hydraulics of spillways and energy dissipaters", CRC Press, 2005 (First Edition).

5. Novak, P., Moffat, A.I.B., Nalluri, C., Narayanan, R., "Hydraulic Structures", CRC Press, 2006 (Fourth Edition).

5. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12
CO-1	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
CO-2	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO-3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3
CO-4	3	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
CO-5	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3
CO-1	3	2	1
CO-2	3	2	1
CO-3	3	2	1
CO-4	3	2	1
CO-5	3	2	1

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1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Apply concepts of BIM in traditional construction practice.
CO2	Prepare basic modelling of buildings.
CO3	Design advanced modelling of building components and elements.
CO4	Illustrate nD modelling in BIM.
CO5	Conduct advanced analysis on BIM models.

2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION OF BIM

Introduction to BIM process and integrated project delivery, nD modelling, BIM software systems and guidelines to choosing different BIM software systems.

• BASIC MODELLING

Introduction of modelling environment and tools, modelling approaches to producing plans, 3D models, views and sections of buildings, creating an initial sample of 3D BIM model using a BIM authoring software, modelling of building including basic and vital elements, production of plans, views and 3D models, annotations and preparations of sheets for printing and publishing.

• ADVANCED MODELLING

Personal protective equipment, emergency rescue equipment, safety aids, first aid health care, site hoardings, safety training on site, prevention and protection equipment for working on heights, modern scaffolding technology, advance technologies and computer applications in safety management.

• nD MODELLING

Introduction to safety training and education, need of safety training and education, importance of training and education, requirements of safety training and education, frequency of safety training, safety audit and inspection education, training of rules and acts of safety management, safety reporting training.

• INTEROPERABILITY IN BIM

Co Basics about interoperability, export formats and applications, exchange of information through IFC, COBie, BIM 360 Glue, mobile BIM.

(09 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

• ADVANCED BIM

(06 Hours)

Co Basics about interoperability, export formats and applications, exchange of information through IFC, COBie, BIM 360 Glue, mobile BIM, Introduction: Sketch up, Blender for 3D, Rokoko Studio, Maximo- online, HTC vive pro served, bHaptics, Shimmer3 GSR+ unit, OpenAI, Consenys, etc,.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Practical

- 1. Modelling: Exploring the user interface, working with Revit elements; creating a basic floor plan, working with grids and structural columns; adding and modifying walls, loading additional building components; importing and exporting using external files and linking files; creating advanced components, creating and modifying parametric families, viewing the building model, controlling object visibility, creating and modifying section and elevation views; developing the building model, creating and modifying floors, ceilings, roofs and curtain wall; detailing and drafting, duplicating views, creating elevations, creating section structural works, floor framing, working with roofs, working with structural steel frames; working with sloped beams, working with floor decks, working with foundation slabs and slabs, footings and grade beams, managing revisions, user interface and file organization.
- 2. Model Development: Exploring the user interface, working with NavisWorks elements and file organization; overriding transparency, colour, and object/model location; importing 3D files, how to import and append 3D model file; understanding NavisWorks file formats, object enablers; navigation, zooming, panning, walking around sectioning, moving objects, hiding layers and objects, establishing selection sets; viewpoints, establishing and organizing custom, viewpoints, publishing the model file and viewpoints, internal/in-house clash detection, 4D simulation.

4. Books Recommended

- 1. R Sacks, C Eastman, G Lee and P Teicholz, BIM Handbook: A Guide to Building Information Modeling for Owners, Managers, Designers, Engineers and Contractors, Third Edition, John Wiley and Sons, Hoboken, 2018.
- 2. B Hardin and D McCool, BIM and Construction Management: Proven Tools, Methods, and Workflows, John Wiley and Sons, Hoboken, 2015.
- 3. W Kymmell, Building Information Modeling: Planning and Managing construction Projects with 4D CAD and Simulations: Planning and Managing Construction Projects with 4D CAD and Simulations, McGraw Hill Professional, New York, 2008.
- 4. B Kumar, A Practical Guide to Adopting BIM in Construction Projects, Whittles Publishing, Glasgow, 2015.
- 5. K Kensek and D Noble, Building Information Modeling: BIM in Current and Future Practice, John Wiley and Sons, Hoboken, 2014.

5. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	3	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	1	3	1	3	1	2	1	2	1	3	3
CO3	2	2	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	1	3	3
CO4	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	1	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	1	2	3	3	1	3	1	3	1	3	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	1
CO2	2	3	2
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Explain industrial wastewater with its impact on environment
CO2	Analyse the quality and quantity of waste generated from by different industrial
	manufacturing processes
CO3	Analyse industrial pollution prevention by applying advance treatment
CO4	Analyse wastewater management by advance treatment system
CO5	Explain handling of different industrial wastewater with 3R concept

2. Syllabus

• INTRODUCTION

Sources of wastes – Industrial and domestic – Nature and characteristics of wastewater – Industrial wastewater and environmental impacts – Regulatory requirements for treatment of industrial wastewater– Quality and quantity of industrial wastes –Evaluation of pollution prevention – physical, chemical and biological process. Prevention Vs Control of Industrial Pollution – Benefits and Barriers.

• INDUSTRIAL POLLUTION PREVENTION

Waste minimization – Source reduction Techniques – waste volume reduction- Waste strength reduction – Neutralization – Removal of suspended and colloidal solids – Removal of inorganic and dissolved solids – reduction of wastewater at point source.

• ADVANCE WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT

Waste Audit – Mass Balance - Toxicity of industrial effluents and Bioassay tests - Individual and common effluent treatment plants – Zero effluent discharge systems – Wastewater quality requirements for its reuse. Quantification and characteristics of Sludge – Thickening, conditioning, digestion, dewatering and sludge disposal.

• CASESTUDIES

Industrial manufacturing process description- source of wastewater-Wastewater, characteristicseffect of wastewater on receiving water and sewers -waste treatment flow sheet for Textiles, Tanneries, Pulp and paper, Pharmaceuticals, Sugar.

(10 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(15 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. P G Smith and J S Scott, Dictionary of Water and Waste Management Heinemann, Linacre House, Oxford 2005.
- 2. S N Barton, Industrial Waste: Management, Assessment and Environmental Issues; Nova Science Publishers, New York, 2016.
- 3. A D Patwardhan, Industrial Waste Water Treatment. PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2008.
- 4. N L Nemerow, Industrial Waste Treatment, Elsevier Butterworth- Heinemann, USA, 2007.
- 5. M N Rao and A K Datta, Waste Water Treatment, Oxford & IBH Publishing, New Delhi, 2017.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	0	2	1
CO2	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	2
CO4	3	1	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1
CO5	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2
CO2	1	2	2
CO3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	2
CO5	2	2	2
0.17			

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	0	4

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Illustrate the basic concepts of finite element (FE) analysis
CO2	Identify and select the suitable element and mesh configuration to obtain converged solution
CO3	Develop the element characteristic equation and generation of global equation
CO4	Create 1D, 2D and 3D FE models of practical problems
CO5	Applying the FE analysis on actual problem to determine induced displacements, forces, stresses, and strains

2. <u>Syllabus</u>

INTRODUCTION

(07 Hours) Matrix algebra, Fundamentals of continuum mechanics, Stresses displacements and strains insoils, solids and structures. Constitutive relations.

ONE- AND TWO-DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS •

Plane stress and strain, Interpolation functions, Shape functions (Lagrangian / Natural), Isoparametric elements - 1D and 2D, Numerical integration. Infinite elements, Joint elements, Assembly and Solution techniques, Convergence requirements, Patch test, Examples.

AXISYMMETRIC PROBLEMS • Formulation and Examples

THREE-DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS, CONSTITUTIVE MODELLING • (08 Hours)

Formulation and Examples, Elastic, Elastic-plastic and Advanced constitutive models.

FINITE ELEMENTS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING •

- Applications: Analysis of Shells, Trusses, Beams and Frames, Thin and thick plates, ٠ Dynamic considerations, In situ earth pressure, Construction and excavation sequences, Slope stability analysis (c- ϕ reduction), Seepage, Consolidation, Settlement analysis, Groundwater flow.
- SOFTWARE BASED LEARNING •

(08 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

Pre-processing and Post processing, Tutorials/Assignments, solving few examples using • FE based software (StaadPro, SAP 2000, ABAQUS, PLAXIS, Geo Studio, etc.).

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. Zienkiewicz OC, Taylor RL and Zhu JZ, The Finite Element Method Its Basis and Fundamentals, Elsevier, Amsterdam, 2014.
- 2. Hutton DV, Fundamentals of Finite Element Analysis, McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Reddy JN, An Introduction to the Finite Element Method, McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
- 4. Chandrupatla TR and Belegundu AD, Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering, PearsonEducation, New Jersey, 2011.
- 5. Logan DL, A First Course in the Finite Element Method, Cengage-Learning, New Delhi,2007.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	1	2	2	-	-	1	2	2	2	1
CO2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	1
CO2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3
1 / 1	1 T	2 14	1 4

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate

3-High

L	Т	P	С
3	-	-	3

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Demonstrate state-of-the-art practice including fundamental knowledge of relevant
	code specifications in bridge engineering.
CO2	Analyse and design the bridge components such as superstructures, substructures,
	bearings and deck joints.
CO3	Design short and medium span bridges using existing code of practice by taking into
	account the structural strength, serviceability and durability aspects.
CO4	Evaluate the special features of Prestressed concrete bridges, Balanced cantilever and
	Cable stayed bridges.
CO5	Analyse the bridge structures by various methods.

2.Syllabus:

Topics

Hours

- INTRODUCTION TO BRIDGES Introduction to bridges definition and basic forms bridge hydraulic and scour- component of bridge- classification of bridges- introduce the importance of construction methods in design and vice versa- short history of bridge development- site selection and soil exploration for site importance of hydraulic factors in bridge design- general arrangement of drawing computation of discharge- linear waterway-economic span- Introduction to Indian Road Congress (IRC)- load distribution theory- bridge slab- effective width- introduction to methods as per national standard IRC- and international Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO)- different types of bridges- impact factor- IRC Loads-wind load- centrifugal forces- economic span length- foundation for bridges-abutments. Introduction to relevant softwares.
- DESIGN OF T BEAM AND DECK SLAB OF BRIDGES Standard and general features for road bridges (width of carriageway- clearance- load to be considered using IRC dead load- impact load- wind load- longitudinal forcescentrifugal forces- horizontal forces due to water current and Buoyancy effect- earth pressure- design of T beam bridges (up to three girders only) proportioning of components- constructability evaluations- QA/QC- plans-

specifications and estimates- analysis of slab using IRC Class AA tracked vehicle- structural design of slab- analysis of cross girder for dead load & IRC Class AA tracked vehicle- structural design of cross girder- analysis of main girder using Courbon's method- calculation of dead load BM and SF-calculation of live load B M & S F using IRC Class AA Tracked vehicle-structural design of main girder- Courbon's Method- Guyon- Massonet Method- Hendry Jaegar Method- Eccentric and Multiple concentric loads.

- SUBSTRUCTURES AND SUPERSTRUCTURES Design of Piers and abutments- introduction to bridge bearings- hinges and expansion joints. (no design)- methods for bridge superstructure design- methods for bridge substructure design- bridge deck and appurtenant structures; bridge bearings and expansion joints- functions- types and selection of bearings- bearing materials- design of elastomeric bearings for different conditions- expansion joints- types of expansion joints
- PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGES Introduction to pre-stressed 07 concrete bridges (design concept only)- determination of minimum section modulus- prestressing force and eccentricity (deviation not necessary)- substructures: analysis and design of abetment and pier detailing- drive equilibrium equations in Cartesian and cylindrical polar coordinates.
- BALANCED CANTILEVER BRIDGES Components of balance 06 cantilever bridge. the outer beam, cantilevers and central beam. Suspended beam. Design of prestressed concrete sections Design of pretension and post tensioned Flexural member statically indeterminatePrestressedStructures
- CABLE STAYED BRIDGES Cable bridge features, Components: Pylon's 07 configurations, Deck girders, Anchorages, Cable stays- design principles-advantages- arrangement of stay cables, Types of towers, Linear analysis of cables and towers

[Total Theory Hours: 45]

3. References:

- 1. Krishna Raju N (2017) Design of Bridges. Oxford IBH Publication House- New Delhi.
- Jagadeesh T R, Jayaram M A (2016) Design of Bridge Structures. PHI Learning Pvt Ltd-New Delhi.
- 3. Krishna Raju N (2006) Prestressed concrete. Tata Mc Graw Hil- new Delhi.

- Dayaratnam P (2005) Prestressed concrete Structures. Oxford & IBH Publication- New Delhi
- 5. Ponnuswarmy S (2018) Bridge Engineering. Tata McGraw Hill- New Delhi.
- Raina V K (2018) Concrete Bridge Practice-Analysis- Design and Economics. Tata McGraw-Hill- New Delhi.
- 7. Subramanian N (2008) Design of Steel Structures. Oxford Publications- New Delhi.
- 8. Raina V K. Concrete Bridges Practice Analysis- Design and Economics. Shroff Publications
- 9. Vazirani V N, Ratwani M M, Aswani M G. Design of Concrete Bridges. Khanna Publishers
- IRC: 112- 2011- IRC: 24-2001- IRC: SP: 13-2004- IRC: SF: 54-2000 Code of Practice for Concrete Road Bridges.
- 11. SAP2000- and CSI Bridge- Computers and Structures
- 12. Barker R, Puckett J. Design of Highway Bridges. Wiley Intercedence
- 13. AASHTO LRFD- Bridge Design Specifications- AASHTO
- 14. AASHTO LRFDUS-7 (2014). AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications 7 th Edition
- 15. FHWA NHI-06-088 (2006). Soils and Foundations Reference Manual- Volumes I and II downloadable free of charge at www.ncsconsultants.com/downloads
- 16. FHWA-HIF-12-003 (2012). Evaluating Scour at Bridges 5th Edition- Hydraulic Engineering Circular (HEC) 18. HEC 18
- 17. FHWA-HIF-12-004 (2012). Stream Stability at Highway Structures 4th Edition-Hydraulic Engineering Circular (HEC) 20. HEC 20
- FHW- NHI-09-111 and -112 (2009). Bridge Scour and Stream Instability Countermeasures-Experience- Selection- and Design–Volumes 1 and 2 – 3rd Edition- Hydraulic Engineering Circular (HEC) 23. HEC 23
- 19. Guidelines for Establishing Scour and Freeboard for Bridges in Pima County- (2012) PCRFCD/PCDOT. Pima County Scour and Freeboard

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2

4. CO-PO-PSO Mapping:

Note:- 0: Not related, 1: Slightly, 2: Moderately, 3: Substantially
<u>1. Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Identify deterioration process and construction defect in structures					
CO2	Illustrate the various distress and damages to concrete structures and understand the importance of maintenance of structures					
CO3	Provide solution for different methods of repairs in concrete.					
CO4	Identify repair materials for proper solutions of construction defects.					
CO5	Apply suitable techniques for repair and rehabilitation of structures and to choose proper repair materials					

2. Syllabus

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF STRUCTURES

Need for maintenance and repairs, Inspection of structures for repairs and maintenance, methods for repairs, Material and methodology for repairs, cost of repair and maintenance, repair techniques for various structural elements, classification of maintenance works, surface deterioration, efflorescence causes, surface coating and painting, water proofing, varnishing, inspection and planning, budgeting and management

CAUSES FOR DISTRESS IN STRUCTURE

Philosophy and definition, causes of failure, failure in ancient time and recent times - deficiency in design drag, material production, maintenance etc.- failure related problems; manmade and natural failure or damage; diagnosis of failure; change in appearance on an exposure, chemical deterioration, mechanical deterioration - cracking in buildings

• PRINCIPLES OF MAINTENANCE

Terminology of maintenance and repairs- objective - life expectancy of buildings – property inspection and report – maintenance budget estimate – health and safety requirement in maintenance – agencies causing deterioration - preventive and corrective maintenance - routine maintenance of buildings– maintenance problem and root causes. maintenance cost – specifications for maintenance work

• MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS

Effect of environmental elements on buildings – effect of chemical agents on buildings and building materials – damage by biological agents like plants, trees, algae, fungus, moss, insects etc. damp proofing of existing area – repair of water supply and sanitary system - type of repair materials, characteristics – common technique of building repair – surface preparation – specification of maintenance work – termite control – type of fire – fire protection and its effect on building.

• **PREVENTIVE MEASURES FOR DURABILITY OF STRUCTURES** (08 Hours) Proper selection and specification of materials, construction quality, quality assurance, the use of modern techniques for construction, proper design, better workmanship.

(**09 Hours**) ent times -

(10 Hours)

(09Hours)

(09 Hours)

L T P C 3 1 0 4

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. P C Varghese, Maintenance, Repair and Rehabilitation and Minor works of Buildings, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2023
- 2. T Kay, Assessment and Renovation of Concrete Structures (Concrete Design and Construction Series), Longman Scientific & Technical, 1992.
- 3. K S Rakshit, Construction Maintenance and Repair of Highway Bridge, M/s. New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
- 4. R N Raiker, Learning from failures, Deficiencies in Design, Construction and Service, New Bombay, India: R and D Centre, Structural Designers and Consultants, 1987.
- 5. J Bhattacharjee, Concrete Structures Repair, Rehabilitation and Retrofitting, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2018.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	2	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	2	1
CO2	2	1	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	1
CO3	1	3	1	1	1	0	3	1	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	1	0	1	1	1	1	2	3	2
CO5	2	2	3	2	1	3	3	2	3	2	2	3

4. Mapping of COs and POs:

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs:

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3

Note: - 0: Not related, 1: Slightly, 2: Moderately, 3: Substantially

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At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the urbanization and urban poor
CO2	Reviewing the Policies and acts related to the development of poor
CO3	Predicting the growth of informal and formal sectors and its trends
CO4	Analyzing the role of migration and economic growth
CO5	Developing economies and housing opportunities for the informal sector

2. Syllabus

URBANIZATION AND URBAN POVERTY:

Formal and Informal economy challenges and opportunities, Economic linkages, interdependency and Economic flows of formal and informal sector, forward and backward linkages, Role of informal economy and informal sector in overall economic development, Socio-cultural and environment perspectives.

HOUSING FOR SLUMS: .

Housing policies for the urban poor, Housing demand and assessment, Role of migration, social housing projects and best practices, case studies and examples.

REVIEW OF POLICIES, ACTS AND PROGRAMMES:

Review national and international scenario, innovation in the informal sector, survey techniques for socio- economic analysis and spatial analysis, measurement and assessment with projection of informal sector, Plan formulation and integration with spatial plans.

PLANNING FOR URBAN VILLAGE:

Character of urban village, Problem and issue identification, Policies and guidelines for development and redevelopment, financial models and Governance structure

PLANNING OF POLICIES AND STATERGIES:

Preparation of policies and strategies for informal setting for development, redevelopment, renewal or rejuvenation

(Total Lectures: 45 Hours, Tutorial: 15 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- Nurul, A. (2010). The Informal Sector in Asia. VDM Verlag. 1.
- Wiliams, C. and schneidar F. (2016). Measuring the Global Shadow Economy: The 2. Prevalence of Informal Work and Labour. Edward Elgar Publisher
- 3. Mukhopadhyay I. (2022) Employment in the Informal Sector in India. Singapore: Springer

L	Т	Р	С	
3	1	0	4	

(08 Hours)

(12 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(11 Hours)

(08 Hours)

- 4. Barnes T. (2018). Informa Labour in India: Three Cities, Three Journeys. Routledge.
- 5. Mohsen. A (2021), 'Resilience of Imformal Areas in Megacities- Magnitude, Challenges and Policies: Strategic Environment' Springer Nature Switzerland

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
0 Notrelated 1 Low 2 Moderate 2 High												

4. Mapping of Cos and POs

0-Notrelated 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3
CO2	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2
CO5	3	2	3
0-Notrel	ated	1-Low	2-Moderate

3-High

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Assess morphological behaviour in alluvial rivers
CO2	Predict local scour in alluvial river.
CO3	Design river training works.
CO4	Apply Geo-Synthetics and other material in river training works
CO5	Compare flood control methods using soft computing techniques.

2. Syllabus

MORPHOLOGY AND HYDRAULICS OF ALLUVIAL RIVER (11 Hours)

Alluvial streams and their hydraulic geometry, bed level variation of alluvial streams, variation in plan form of alluvial streams, Analytical models of river morphology, Numerical models for morphological studies, flood plain analysis, morphology of some Indian rivers.

FLOOD CONTROL AND ITS ASSESSMENT

Types of Floods, Different methods of Flood control, Floods in major Indian river basins, Types and design of flood forecasting and protection systems, Comparison of levees with bypass channels and off stream storage, reservoir operation for flood control and management, flood damage estimation models.

RIVER TRAINING AND FLOOD PROTECTION WORK

Guide lines for planning and design of river embankments (levees), planning, design, construction and maintenance of guide banks and groynes for alluvial rivers, Application of Geo-synthetics and other materials in river training works, other structural and non-structural flood management strategies, DPR preparation for flood management.

[Total Hours: 45 hours, Tutorial: 15 hours]

(13 Hours)

(21 Hours)

<u>3. References</u>

1. Chow, V. T., Maidment, D. R., and Mays, L. W., "Applied Hydrology", McGraw Hill International editions, New Delhi, 2017.

2. Garde, R. J., and Ranga Raju, K.G., "Mechanics of sediment transportation and alluvial stream problems", New age International (P) Limited, Publishers", New Delhi, 2000.

3. Garde, R. J., "River Morphology", New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2006

4. Mays, L. W., "Hydraulic Design Handbook", Mc Graw Hill Companies, New Delhi, 1999.

5. BIS 10751(1994), 12094 (2000), 12926 (1995), 8408 (1994)

5. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-10	PO-11	PO-12
CO-1	2	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	3	1	3
CO-2	2	1	1	1	2	2	3	1	1	2	1	2
CO-3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO-4	2	2	2	1	3	2	1	3	1	1	2	3
CO-5	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	2	3

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3
CO-1	1	2	3
CO-2	2	2	2
CO-3	1	1	2
CO-4	2	3	1
CO-5	3	1	1
4 7	0.16.1		

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Τ	Р	С
3	1	0	4

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyse needs of metro construction project.
CO2	Prepare construction schedules and manage metro construction projects.
CO3	Illustrate underground construction and tunnel boring technology.
CO4	Design precast concrete and understand fundamentals of metro rail.
CO5	Demonstrate railway technology for metro projects.

2. Syllabus

• METRO PROJECT FUNDAMENTALS

Concept of rapid transit systems, requirements of rapid transit systems. types of rapid transit systems, concept of metro rail transit system, terminology of metro construction, advantages and disadvantages of metro, metro construction projects in India.

• UNDERGROUND CONSTRUCTION

Need for underground construction, fundamentals of underground constructions, planning for underground construction, site preparations, characteristics of soil and basics of geotechnical engineering, methods of underground construction, top-down constriction method, bottom-up construction method, safety during underground construction, workers health and safety provisions, regulations of underground construction.

• TUNNEL CONSTRUCTION

Fundamental and theories of tunnel construction, types of tunnels, different cross-sections of underground tunnels, methods of tunnel boring, tunnel boring machine (TBM), parts of TBM, working procedure of TBM, procedure of tunnel construction using TBM, stations construction during tunnels, removal and dumping of excavated materials.

• PRECAST CONCTERE TECHNOLOGY

Fundamentals of pre-cast concrete technology, Requirements of precast concrete elements in metro construction, Theories of formwork for precast concrete, curing of precast concrete, Admixtures and ingredients of precast concrete, Transportation off precast segments, Precast segments of tunnel, Precast bridge segments, Fundamentals of precast concrete bridge construction.

(12 Hours)

(12 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(09 Hours)

• METRO RAIL

Fundamentals of railway construction, terminology of railway and its components, Railway systems, Railway track construction, Components of railway track, Rail signaling, Introduction to electric supply for metro rail.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. M Ramachandran, Metro Rail Projects in India: A Study in Project Planning, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2011.
- 2. R K Goel, B Singh and J Zhao, Underground Infrastructures: Planning, Design and Construction, Butterworth-Heinemann, Oxford, 2012.
- 3. S Chandra, Railway Engineering, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008.
- 4. K S Elliott, Precast Concrete Structures, CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2016.
- 5. K N Jha, Construction Project Management: Theory and Practice, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2015.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	2	3
CO2	3	1	2	2	3	1	1	2	3	1	3	2
CO3	3	1	2	2	3	1	2	1	2	2	1	2
CO4	3	1	3	1	3	1	2	1	2	1	1	1
CO5	1	2	1	1	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	2
CO2	3	3	2
CO3	2	2	3
CO4	2	3	3
CO5	3	2	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Τ	Р	С
3	1	0	4

At the end of the course the students will be able to

CO1	Interpret laboratory and field-testing results for foundation design.
CO2	Comprehend soil investigation reports and suggest the suitable type of foundation.
CO3	Design the suitable shallow and deep foundation for structures.
CO4	Evaluate bearing capacity and settlement of shallow and deep foundations using various approaches.
CO5	Apply the acquired knowledge for the design of special foundation.

2. Syllabus

s)

• SOILPROPERTIES&INTERPRETATIONS

(06Hour

Soilproperties and its applications, Interpretation of the soil investigation report foundation design,

• SHALLOW FOUNDATIONS

)

Stress distribution of soil, Different types of shallow foundation, Modes of failure in soil beneath foundation, Flexible and rigid foundation, Bearing Capacity of Soil, Settlement of Foundations, Shallow foundations design criteria, Case studies.

• DEEP FOUNDATIONS

)

Types of pile foundation, factors affecting choice of types of piles, Load carrying capacity of single and group of piles, Group efficiency, Uplift and Lateral resistance of piles, settlement of single and group of piles, Negative skin friction, Geotechnical aspects for pile design, Secant pile, Contiguous pile, Pile load test (vertical, lateral and pull out), Deep Foundation: barrette pile, belled pile, rock socketed pile, well foundation, micro pile, batter/rake pile, fender pile, under-ream pile, large diameter pile, different materials of pile, Construction of pile foundation, Pile driving analysis, Non-destructive test on piles.

• FOUNDATIONSONWEAK DEPOSITS

)

Identification of weak soils, Problems associated with weak deposits, Foundations for expansive soil, Collapsible soils.

(13Hours

(04Hours

(11Hours

• SPECIAL FOUNDATIONS

s)

Foundation on layered soil, Foundations on slope, foundations on rocks, Compensated foundation, Raft foundation, Pile Raft foundation, Annular foundation for circular structures, Concept of offshore foundations, Techno legal consideration in geotechnical engineering.

(TotalLectures:45hours)

(11Hour

3. Books Recommended

- 1. BowlesJE(2012)FoundationAnalysis&Design.McGrawHillsInc.NewYork,5th edition.
- 2. Nayak NV(2016)Foundation Design Manual.Dhanpatrai&Sons,NewDelhi.
- 3. DasBM'PrinciplesofFoundationEngineering'PWSPublishingCo.,Boston,2011.
- 4. SrinivasuluP, VaidyanathanC. V(2002) Handbook of Machine Foundation. McGraw Hills Inc.
- $5. \ Tom linson, M\&Woodward J (2007) Pile Design and Construction Practice. CRC press.$
- 6. IS1892(1979)Codeofpracticeforsubsurfaceinvestigationsforfoundations.
- $7. \ IS 6403 (1981) Code of practice for determination of bearing capacity of shallow foundations.$
- 8. IS 1904 (1986) Code of practice for design and construction of foundations in soils: General requirements.
- 9. IS8009-1(1976)Codeofpracticeforcalculationofsettlementsoffoundations,Part1: Shallow foundations subjected to symmetrical static vertical loads.
- 10. IS 8009-2 (1980) Code of practice for calculation of settlement of foundations, Part 2: Deep foundations subjected to symmetrical static vertical loading.

4. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
CO2	2	1	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1
CO3	3	1	3	1	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	1	2
CO5	3	2	3	1	3	1	2	2	3	2	1	2
	1 1	4 7										

-Notrelated 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2
CO2	1	1	2
CO3	1	1	2
CO4	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	2

-Notrelated 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Т	P	С	
3	1	0	4	

CE465 Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Describe the principles of engineering seismology
CO2	Calculate the lateral load distribution on RCC Building
CO3	Categorize the irregularities in buildings as per the clauses given in Codal Provisions
CO4	Analyse and Design earthquake resistant reinforced concrete buildings and water tank as per the Codal provision.
CO5	Deduce the concept of base-isolation and dampers in building

2. Syllabus

SEISMIC HAZARD ASSESSMENT

Seismic Hazard Assessment: Engineering Seismology. Definitions, Introduction to Seismic hazard. Earthquake phenomenon, Seismo tectonics and seismic zoning of India-Earthquake monitoring and seismic instrumentation, Characteristics of strong Earthquake motion, Estimation of earthquake parameter, Micro zonation.

• LATERAL LOAD ON BUILDINGS

Lateral load on Buildings: Rigid diaphragm effect, Centre of mass and centre of stiffness, Torsional coupled and uncoupled systems, Distribution of lateral force for One storey and Multiple stories building

• STRUCTURAL CONFIGURATION OF BUILDINGS (11 Hours)

Structural Configuration for earthquake resistant design, Concept of plan irregularities, soft storey, Torsion in buildings.Design provisions for these in IS-1893. The effect of infill masonry walls on frames. Modelling concepts of infill masonry walls. Behaviour of masonry building during earthquake, failure patterns.

• CONCEPT OF EARTHQUAKE RESISTANCE DESIGN(12 Hours)

Concept of earthquake resistance design: Review of latest Indian seismic code IS 1893 (Part-1 & 2) and IS 4326 Provisions for buildings, Earthquake design philosophy. Analysis by seismic

(11 Hours)

(11 Hours)

coefficient and response spectrum methods, IS 13920 Provisions for ductile detailing of RC building beams, columns and joints. Earthquake analysis of elevated water tank, Model provisions for ground supported and elevated water tanks, impulsive and convective mass of water, Calculation of time period, Base shear, Base moments, Hydrodynamic pressure and sloshing wave height.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours, Tutorial :15 hours)

3. <u>References:</u>

- 1. Agrawal Pankaj & Shrinkhande Manish, Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures,1st Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2004
- 2. Pauley & Priestly, Seismic design of reinforced concrete and masonry buildings, John Wiley & Sons, 1992
- 3. Park Rand Paulay Y., Reinforced Concrete Structures, John Wiley & Sons, 1975.
- 4. Ghose S.K., Earthquake Resistance Design of Concrete Structures, SDCPI. R&DCenter, New Mumbai 73.
- 5. David J. Dowrick, Earthquake Resistant Design and Risk Reduction, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 200

Tutorial:The theoretical questions and numerical will be given as assignment to the students based on theory topics

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	1	1	2	3	2	1	1	1	1
CO2	3	2	2	1	1	2	2	3	1	1	1	1
CO3	2	3	3	1	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
CO4	1	3	3	1	3	1	3	1	3	1	2	1
CO5	2	2	3	1	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	2

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2	2
CO2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	2
CO5	1	3	2

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	0	4

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Evaluate the elastic behaviour of moment-resisting frame buildings using classical
	structural analysis
CO2	Detect the sources of geometric nonlinearity in frame buildings
CO3	Identify the sources of material nonlinearity in frame buildings
CO4	Predict the inelastic behaviour of moment-resisting frame buildings using nonlinear
	static analysis
CO5	Assess the performance of moment-resisting frame buildings using nonlinear static
	analysis

2. Syllabus

- **Introduction to Frame Buildings and Nonlinear Actions** (03 Hours) • Structural Systems and Moment-Resisting Frames - Structural Actions - Sources of Nonlinearities in Frame Buildings.
- **Classical Structural Analysis**

Basis of Structural Analysis - Modelling, Loading, and Response - Principles of Structural Mechanics - Static and Kinematic Indeterminacy - Coordinate Frames - Slope Deflection Method - General Procedure for Linear Elastic Static Analysis - Special issues (Real Hinges, Specified Deformation at Supports, Flexible Restraints at Supports).

Geometric Nonlinear Static Analysis

Effect of Axial Deformation on Bending - Effect of Bending on Axial Stiffness - Stability and Buckling - Solving Nonlinear Systems - General Procedure for Nonlinear Elastic Static Analysis -Special Issues (Small Strain and Large Deformation; Effective Length of Frame Members).

- **Material Nonlinear Static Analysis** (13 Hours) Stress-Strain Relations - Plastic Actions (Lumped Plasticity, Distributed Plasticity) - Inelasticity in Frames: Lumped Plasticity Approach - General Procedure for Nonlinear Inelastic Static Analysis.
- **Combined Geometric-Material Nonlinear Static Analysis** General Procedure for Nonlinear Static Analysis including Geometric and Material Nonlinearity -Performance assessment of Frame Buildings using Nonlinear Static Analysis (using ATC 40, FEMA 356 and FEMA 440) - Nonlinear Static Analysis of Frame Buildings using commercial software like SAP 2000 or Perform 3D.

(05 Hours)

(13 Hours)

(11 Hours)

3. Tutorials

The students will be required to solve at least five examples and related theories from each topic as part of their assignment or tutorial. It helps to gain experience in conducting nonlinear analysis on various real-life problems applied in the field of structural engineering.

(Total Tutorials: 15 hours)

4. Books Recommended

- 1. Satyamoorthy, M., Nonlinear Analysis of Structures, CRC Press, Boca Raton, USA, 2017.
- 2. Levy,R., and Spillers,W.R., Analysis of Geometrically Nonlinear Structures, Chapman & Hall, New York, USA, 2010.
- 3. Kassimali, A., Matrix Analysis of Structures, Brooks/Cole Publishing Company, USA, 2011.
- Ghali, A., and Neville, A.M., Structural Analysis A unified Classical and Matrix Approach, E&FN Spon, London, UK, 2017.
- 5. Weaver, W., and Gere, J.M., Matrix Analysis of Framed Structures, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2018.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	3	2	2	1	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
CO5	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	3
CO2	3	1	3
CO3	3	1	3
CO4	3	1	3
CO5	3	1	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

1. <u>Course Outcomes(COs)</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

CO1	Understand Urban Infrastructure fundamentals with practical application.
CO2	Review different norms and guidelines of municipal infrastructure.
CO3	Adopt the most suitable management techniques for the better maintenance of infrastructure in future growth.
CO4	Identify different shortcomings and challenges in the current practices.
CO5	Explore modern techniques and technology in place of conventional methods.

2. Syllabus

URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING

Data required for provision & planning of Urban Infrastructure, Types, Significance, impact on urban form, norms and financial aspects, public, private, SPV and PPP models in infrastructure provisions, infrastructure policy.

NETWORKS AND SERVICES SYSTEMS

Urban services overview, classification and significance, concepts and theories for design and operation, components, interrelationship, requirements of appropriate technology, cost recovery, gap analysis.

WATER SUPPLY NETWORK

City & Household Network Scenario, Norms, National Water Policy, Water Rights: excess and underutilization of water, role of community in water provision, water harvesting, privatization of water supply and its implications.

SEWERAGE NETWORK

City & Household Network Scenario, Norms, Sewerage drainage, refuse collection, storage, recycling and disposal, minimum basic needs, formulation of objectives, norms and standards both for space allocation and quality control, Storm water Network.

SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

Types, Generation, collection system, transfer station location, Segregation, transportation, disposal, site selection, Effect of population density, Impact of Urban land use, Bio-medical waste and disposal, Policies and programs in the provision of sanitation at various level, Low-Cost Sanitation, city sanitationplan and state sanitation strategies, cost recovery in solid waste.

ELECTRICITY & COMMUNICATION NETWORK

Planning for electrification, Current scenario, services and space standards of Transformers space standards for electricity networks, Space station Location, Street lighting requirements,

Т С L Р 3 0 4 1

(05)Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06

Hours)

(06 Hours)

Communication network requirement.

• SOCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE

(10 Hours)

Health and Education hierarchy, norms and location. Energy distribution, fire protection: requirements, norms and standards, planning provision, milk distribution system, Recreation & Open Space Planning inSocial Infrastructure.

(Total Lectures:45Hours, Tutorial: 15 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. National Institute of Urban Affairs (2005). Status of water supply, sanitation, and solid wastemanagement in the urban area.
- 2. Yigitcanlar, T. (2010). Sustainable urban and regional infrastructure development: technologies, application, and management. IGI Global publishing company.
- 3. CPHEEO (2013). CPHEEO Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems.
- 4. CPHEEO (2016).CPHEEO Manual on Municipal Solid Waste Management.
- 5. CPHEEO (2019).CPHEEO Manual on Storm Water Drainage System

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3
CO2	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2
CO5	3	2	3

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate

3-High

CE 471 GPS an	d Applications
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L	Т	Р	Credit
3	1	0	04

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Describe GPS and geodesy
CO2	Explain different positioning modes
CO3	Analyze different errors
CO4	Integrate GPS with other technologies
CO5	Solve complex civil engineering applications using GPS

2. Syllabus

Global Positioning System	(07 Hours)
History - Segments of GPS system - GPS receivers and its components - GPS signals	(
Datum, Coordinate Systems and Map Projections	(07 Hours)
Geodesy - Earth surface - Datum - Co-ordinate systems - Projection systems	(07 110 115)
Positioning Modes	(07 Hours)
Absolute positioning - Relative positioning - Differential GPS –Real Time Kinematic GPS	(0. 110015)
Errors and Corrections	(06 Hours)
Types of errors - Accuracy and precision - Basic statistical concept – Satellite Geometry	(,
GPS and Information Technology	(09 Hours)
GPS-GIS integration-Other types of integrations - GPS and Remote Sensing - Web based	· · · · ·
development - GPS software	
Applications of GPS	(09 Hours)
General applications - Engineering applications - Special applications - Innovative	(0) 110415)
applications - 3D modelling- Case studies	
(Total Lecture	Hours: 45)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. NK Agrawal, Essentials of GPS, Spatial Network, Hydrabad, 2006.
- 2. A Leick, LRapoport and DTatarnikov, GPS Satellite Surveying, John Wiley and Sons, 2015.
- 3. MNKulkarni, Proceedings of CEP Training Course on The Global Positioning System and its Applications, IIT Bombay, Mumbai, 2003.
- 4. A E Rabbany, Introduction to GPS, Artech House, Boston, 2002.
- 5. G S Rao, Global Navigation satellite Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2010.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	1
CO2	1	2	2	-	-	-	3	3	2	2	3	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	-	-	1	1	1
CO4	3	1	1	1	2	2	-	-	2	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	2	3	3	-	1

0-Notrelated 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	1
CO2	1	2	2
CO3	2	1	2
CO4	3	3	1
CO5	1	3	2

0-Notrelated 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Τ	Р	C	
3	1	0	4	

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the negligence in safety management in the construction industry.
CO2	Establish safety management in your organization, and incorporate safety audit reviews in your workplace.
CO3	Assess safety risks and hazards associated with construction.
CO4	Apply safety culture, and behaviour to improve safety performance.
CO5	Communicate safe work practices, and responsibilities with all concerned stakeholders.

2. Syllabus

• EVOLUTION OF SAFETY MANAGEMENT

Overview of construction site safety status, construction fatalities across the globe, terminologies related to safety management, safety management systems, fatalities and injuries in construction industry, estimate of fatalities in Indian construction industry.

• PREVENTION OF ACCIDENTS

Accident costs, components, computation of direct cost elements, ratio of direct to indirect cost studies, accident causation theories, Heinrich's Domino theory, chain of events theory, distractions theory, accident prevention program, prevention through design, toolbox talks, hazard recognition, safe operating procedure, work permits, preventive maintenance programs, personal protective equipment.

• HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND RISK ASSESSMENT

Identification of hazards, risk identification, risk evaluation and risk ranking, risk transfer, safety control measures, risk estimate: quantitative and qualitative, ergonomic assessment methods, cognitive assessment methods, construction job safety analysis, *A Priori* risk estimates, assessment of ergonomics work system, Task Demand Assessment method, job hazard analysis.

• SAFETY INVESTIGATION AND MITIGATION

Safety audit system, principles of auditing, types of audits, accident investigation and analysis methods, ARCTM model for accident investigation, fault tree analysis failure, modes and effect analysis, hazard and operability study, CPR basics –theory & demonstration, demonstration of portable fire extinguishers, Safety Legislation: Acts and Codes.

(10 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(09 Hours)

(**06 Hours**)

• SAFETY AND HEALTH MANAGEMENT

Safety principles and system, safety practice tools, behaviour-based safety management, safety culture and performance measurement, reactive indicators, proactive indicators, contractor's safety performance evaluation framework, responsibilities of stakeholders, organization-specific responsibility of owner/employer/client, project manager, safety head, safety supervisor, site engineer, employees/workers, policies for an effective safety and health management program, safety inspection, safety manual, accident investigation reporting, safety budget and incentives, safety in demolition operations, traffic work zone safety,

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. K N Jha, D A Patel and A Singh, Construction Safety Management, Pearson, Noida, 2022.
- 2. S Rowlinson, Construction Safety Management Systems, Routledge, London, 2004.
- 3. H Lingard and S M Rowlinson, Occupational Health and Safety in Construction Project Management, Routledge, Oxford, 2004.
- 4. C D Reese and J V Eidson, Handbook of OSHA Construction Safety and Health, CRC Press, New York, 2006.
- 5. A Griffith and T Howarth, Construction Health and Safety Management, Routledge, London, 2014.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	3	3	1	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	2
CO2	1	2	3	1	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO4	2	2	3	2	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	2
CO5	1	2	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	2
CO3	2	3	2
CO4	2	3	2
CO5	2	3	2

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

(10 Hours)

L	Т	Р	С	
3	0	0	3	

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyse local and global environmental impact issues.
CO2	Explain the significance of environmental ethics in today scenario.
CO3	Analyse different national environmental policy and guidelines.
CO4	Explain the concepts of environmental auditing, monitoring and reporting.
CO5	Evaluate important Indian and global environmental protection acts and protocols.

2. Syllabus

• CURRENT PERSPECTIVES OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (06 Hours) Present perspectives on practical environmental issues; Current practices of environmental solutions through engineering, technology, legislation etc; Need for environmental ethics in today's scenario; Introduction to Environmental Ethics; Pollution - the scientific vs. philosophical view

• ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Moral Psychology, the environment and ethics; Religious and cultural views; ethics and law; Important Indian environmental legislation and acts such as Water Act-1974, Air Act-1981; Important rules under Environment Protection Act (EPA) – 1986 such as Biomedical Waste Rules-1998, EIA Rules-1994, Coastal Regulation Zone-1999, Municipal Solid waste rules, Hazardous Waste Rules-2008 etc.

• ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

Sustainability and sustainable development; Environmental management plan; Disaster management; Environmental Audit; Life cycle assessment; National environmental policy; Beyond environmentalism and sustainability issues.

• INTERNATIONAL ISSUES AND ETHICS AND LAWS (10 Hours)

Solution of international global and local issues through environmental ethics; Ethics & Social Responsibility; Global Ecology and the Shadow of Development; The Global Ecological Crisis; Holistic Environmental Ethics; Towards Global Justice and Planetary Health International environmental laws and protocols such as Stockholm Conference, Montreal Protocol, Rio Earth Summit, Kyoto Summit; Role of UN authorities in protection of global environment; Global environmental issues and environmental laws to control global warming, ozone depletion, acid rain, hazardous waste.

• ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

National Environmental policy; environmental guidelines and regulations; environmental

(09 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(05Hours)

auditing, monitoring and reporting, environmental labeling studies by Central / State bodies; theory of corporate strategies; beyond environmentalism and sustainability issues.

(Total Lectures: 452 hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. G Singh, Environmental law in India, Macmillan India, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. K Thakur, Environmental protection law and policy in India, Deep and Deep publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 3. Relevant MoEF Notifications and CPCB / GPCB Acts & Rules.
- 4. H Rolston, A New Environmental Ethics: The Next Millennium for Life on Earth, Routledge, London, 2011.
- 5. P Pojman and L P Pojman, Environmental Ethics, Cengage Learning, New York, 2011.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	0	3
CO2	1	0	3
CO3	2	1	2
CO4	2	1	3
CO5	3	2	3

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

L	Τ	Р	С
3	1	0	4

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Comprehend material-strengths, structural-response and design procedures to design
	various structural forms.
CO2	Design and detail combined footings in accordance to relevant code provisions.
CO3	Apply advanced tools and techniques in design procedures of water tanks.
CO4	Analyze the design and detailing procedures of retaining wall.
CO5	Evaluate types, behavior and design procedure of shear wall.

2. Syllabus

- **DESIGN OF COMBINED FOOTING** (12 Hours) • Introduction - Types of combined footings - Rectangular pad footing - Rectangular strap footing - Strip footing -Trapezoidal Footing
- LIMIT STATE DESIGN OF WATER TANK (13 Hours) Classification of water tank - Codal provisions - Design of circular and rectangular ground supported water tanks - Design of circular and rectangular underground water tanks
- **DESIGN OF RETAINING WALL** (12 Hours) Introduction - Types of Retaining wall - behavior and application of retaining wall - Loads on retaining wall - stability criteria - design of cantilever retaining wall - design of counter fort retaining wall.
- **DESIGN OF RC SHEAR WALL**

Introduction - Types of shear wall - Behavior of shear wall - Design procedure of shear wall Detailing of shear wall.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours, Tutorials: 15 hours)

3. Tutorial

The theoretical questions and numerical will be given as assignment to the students based on theory topics

4. Books Recommended

- 1. S U Pillai and D Menon, Reinforced Concrete Design, 3rd edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publication Ltd, New Delhi. 2009.
- 2. H J Shah, Reinforced Concrete, Vol. I and II, Charotar Publishing House, Anand, 2007.

(07 Hours)

- 3. A V Varghese, Advanced Reinforced Concrete, Varghese, Prentice Hall of India. New Delhi, 2005.
- 4. M L Gambhir, Fundamentals of Reinforced Concrete Design, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2006.
- 5. N Subramanian, Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2013.

5. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	2	3	3	2	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	2	1	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	3
CO2	3	1	3
CO3	2	1	3
CO4	3	1	3
CO5	3	1	3

-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CE479 COMPUTATIONAL HYDRAULICS

L	Т	Р	Credit
3	1	0	4

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Recall concepts of fluid motion
CO2	Derive and apply appropriate flood wave routing models
CO3	Solve partial differential equations using numerical methods
CO4	Apply numerical methods for flood waves, flow through saturated porous media and closed conduit flows
CO5	Solve the real-world problems related to water flow

2. Syllabus

BASIC CONCEPTS OF FLUID MOTION

Basic Concepts – Lagrangian and Eulerian methods of describing fluid motion, acceleration and deformation of fluid elements, Laws governing fluid motion, continuity, Euler's equation, Energy equation, Saint Venant equation, classification of partial differential equations.

NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES FOR SOLUTION OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

Review of linear algebra, solution of simultaneous linear algebraic equations-matrix inversion, solvers-direct methods, elimination methods, ill conditioned systems, Gauss-Seidel method, successive over relaxation method, Finite difference method, Finite element method, Finite volume method.

ENGINEERING APPLICATIONS

Application to water resources problems in open channel flows, Pressure Flow, ground water flows, and unsaturated flows through porous media.

[Total Hours: 45 Hours, Tutorial: 15 hours]

3. <u>References</u>

- 1. Gerald, C.F., and Wheatley, P.O., "Applied Numerical Analysis", Pearson Education India, 2007 (Seventh Edition)
- 2. Choudhary, M. H., "Open Channel Flows", Springer, 2007 (Second Edition).
- 3. Abbott, M. B., "Computational Hydraulics", Pitman Publishing House, 1979.
- 4. Cunge, J. A., Holly, F. M., Verway, A., "Practical Aspects of Computational River Hydraulics", Pitman Publishing House, 1980.

(11 Hours)

(18 Hours)

(16 Hours)

- 5. Pinder, G., and Gray, W. G., "Finite Element Simulation in Surface and Subsurface Hydrology", Academic Press, New York, 1997.
- 6. Hoffman, D. H., "Numerical Methods for Engineers and Scientists", CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2001 (Second Edition)

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	2
CO3	2	1	2	2	3	1	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	1	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	1	3	3

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3				
CO1	1	1	2				
CO2	2	2	1				
CO3	2	2	1				
CO4	3	3	3				
CO5	3	3	3				
1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High							

1. <u>Course Outcomes(COs)</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Classify Indian System of urban governance, organization structure and planning legislation.
CO2	Understand finance systems of ULB's and role of state and central government.
CO3	Review of constitutional amendments and their relevance to planning and plan implementation.
CO4	Identify ULB's role, functions for citizens including public administration.
CO5	Formulate and design scenarios for ULB's in context of governance, finance and administration.

2. <u>Syllabus</u>

• OVERVIEW OF URBAN GOVERNANCE

Hours) Definition, concepts, components, government and governance, hierarchy and structure, forms of governance, Indian Constitution, Planning Legislation-Acts and Amendments.

• INDIAN SYSTEM OF URBAN GOVERNMENT

Hours)Salient Features of Local Government System in India-historical overview; Commissions & Committees; Council of State ministers; All India Council of Mayors; Centre-State-Local Relationships, 73th & 74th Constitution Amendment Act, E-governance and M-governance.

• URBAN LOCAL GOVERNANCE AND PARTICIPATORY PROCESSES

Hours) Role of Municipal bodies, City/Urban development authority in urban development, its background, functions, powers, organizational structure, achievement and limitation, case studies, ULB interface with NGO's, other agencies. stakeholders' participation, roles and responsibilities, access to government by various stakeholders.

• URBAN FINANCE Hours)

Central and State; Taxation, Property Tax Administration – Valuation Assessment, Collection, Budget, Municipal Accounting, Municipal Audit – Concepts, Settlement of Audit Objectives. Urban fiscal reforms, municipal finance and urban inclusion, Sources of revenues and application of money; Equities;Loans; Debt financing; Municipal Bonds, land and non-land-based sources.

(Total Lectures: 45Hours, Tutorial:15 Hours)

3. Books Recommended

- 1. Mathur,O.P. and George,P.(2006).State Finance Commissions and Urban Fiscal Decentralization in India .NIPFP.
- 2. Ministry of Finance.(2011).Report of 13th Finance Commission Government of India. NewDelhi.
- 3. Jayal,N.G.PrakashA.and SharmaP.K.(2006).Local Governance in India: Decentralization and Beyond .Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 4. Baud,I.S.A.,and Wit,J.de.(2008).New Forms of Urban Governance in India :Shifts ,Models,

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	0	4

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Networks and Contestations Sage, New Delhi.

5. Sharma A.K.(2004). Bureaucracy and Decentralization, Mittal, New Delhi.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1

0-Notrelated 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of Cos and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3			
CO1	3	2	3			
CO2	3	2	3			
CO3	3	3	3			
CO4	3	2	2			
CO5	3	2	3			
0-Notrelated 1-Low 2-Moderat						

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-Hig

L	Т	Р	С
0	0	8	4

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Demonstrate sound technical knowledge of selected problem as a project work					
	pertaining to ervir engineering domain					
CO2	Assimilate the art of literature review and appropriate usage of modern tools and					
	techniques relevant to selected problem.					
CO3	Develop the methodological framework and carryout design of experiments related to					
	Field/Laboratory/Computational investigations leading to valid conclusion.					
CO4	Acquire the skill of writing and presenting comprehensive technical report/document.					
CO5	Exhibit tendency of lifelong learning, professional ethics and function as a member or					
	leader in a team.					

2. <u>Description</u>

It will be taken up by the student at the end of the seventh semester and the duration would be of six months. This is aimed at training the students to analyse independently any problem paused to them. The work may be analytical, experimental, numerical, design or combination of these. The project report is expected to exhibit clarity of thought and expression, critical appreciation of the existing literature and analytical and /or experimental or design skill

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
CO4	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO5	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	3	3	2	3	3

3. <u>Mapping of COs and POs</u>

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

4. <u>Mapping of COs and PSOs</u>

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3
CO2	2	2	1
CO3	3	3	2
CO4	0	0	2
CO5	1	3	3

0-Not related 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High